WEATHER DATA APPEAR ON PAGE 18

ESTABLISHED 1887

U.K. Dockworkers Start 2d Walkout in a Month

LONDON - British dockworkis called their second strike in a tile more than a month Friday. osing a further threat to an econoby that has been slowed by the ive-month stoppage by coal min-

Officials of the Transport and Jeneral Workers' Union, which epresents Britain's 36,000 regis-ered longshoremen, said the strike would start immediately.

Dockworkers in Liverpool, west-in England, and Hull, in the east, valked out shortly after the strike all was issued. Dockers in London aid they would strike beginning on before the vote on Friday. The riday night. Those at other ports strike began after British Steel

King, urged longshoremen not to obey the strike call, because a strike would put their jobs at risk.

leader, John Connolly, said delegates had voted 78-11 in favor of the walkout at a meeting in Lon-don. The vote, he said, came in response to the use of nonunion labor Thursday to unload coal at a

Mr. Connolly was referring to a

Loaded Tanker Set Afire After Attack by Iragis

BAHRAIN — Iraqi planes reportedly hit a Cypriot tanker load-of with oil south of Iran's Kharg sland oil terminal Friday, setting he vessel on fire and forcing the new to abandon ship.

In Baghdad, a military spokesnan said Iraqi fighters "successful-y raided and effectively hit a big aval target" south of Kharg Isand, Iran's main oil terminal.

The attack was confirmed by loyd's of London, which said the aptain of the 31,280-ton tanker Amethyst radioed for help a halfyour after the attack. He said the thip was burning and needed assis-ance. The tanker had picked up oil n Kharg six hours earlier.

Lloyd's said it understood the . Amethyst had been struck by a missile and that its engine room vas on fire. It said the Amethyst's rew was believed to have been vacuated by Iranian helicopters and that several tugs were fighting

hat the ship had 32 crewmembers, coording to a Greek government 121 cpokesman. He said the vessel was eading from Kharg Island to

[The spokesman said the captain, ngineers were Greek and that the (Continued on Page 2, Col. 6) sons.

The employment secretary, Tom

After the vote, a dockworkers' dock in Scotland.

strike that began Thursday and that spread to most Scottish ports

could not confirm that they were all safe and had no details of the attack itself. Lloyd's said the ship was man-aged by the Troodos Shipping and Trading Ltd. of London.

Iraq, trying to enforce an eco-nomic blockade to weaken the Iranian war effort, has warned that merchant vessels sailing to or from lran would risk attack by Iraqi

The blockade, which started in February, is aimed at forcing Iran to start talks on settling its war with which began in September About 40 ships have been hit in

the Gulf region since February and Iraq has claimed responsibility for most of the attacks. Iran has denied the widespread contention that it has carried out some of the attacks

On Thursday, Iraq said its war-planes attacked another "large naval target" south of Kharg, Salvage tugs from Bahrain discovered the iets had struck a small Iranian supply boat, which was quickly towed

The Amethyst-was the fourth foreign vessel to be attacked in the Gulf in less than three weeks. Two previous attacks were blamed on

said they would vote over the next few days.

Corp. used its workers to unload foreign coal at the Hunterston dock on the River Clyde, near Glasgow. Scottish dockers had refused to handle the coal in a gesture of sympathy with the miners, who have

> The coal, from the Panamanianregistered ship Ostia, had been in-tended for the government-owned steel industry's works at Raven-scraig. British Steel has said that without the coal from the Ostia, Ravenscraig would have been forced to halve production within

been striking since March 12.

On Friday, British Steel denied that it had breached any agreement at the Hunterston dock.

It challenged the dockworkers' contention that the steelworkers had unloaded the coal alone, saying crane drivers who belonged to the steel union had unloaded coal with help from some dockers. "No docker's work is being done by anyone else," a spokesman for the government-owned company said.

The last dock strike began on July 10, when British Steel used nonumion labor to load iron ore on trucks, bypassing railroad workers who had been supporting the miners. That strike ended on July 20.

The latest strike call involves the loading and unloading of freight. It will probably not affect passenger services at British ferry ports.

A second longshoremen's strike, officials warned before it began. could have dire consequences for Britain's economy. Sir James Cleminson, head of the Confederation of British Industry, the employers' organization, predicted Thursday that another-strike could threaten 75 percent of companies within a

warned that the strike could result in the loss of thousands of jobs. in another development Friday.

striking miners smashed windows. stoned police and overturned cars at the Easington mine in northern to surrender their weapons. England, after one man went to

Miners, who are striking over plans to close 20 unprofitable pits and to lay off 20,000 workers, also scuffled with police outside the uled to sign the pact. Wearmouth mine in northeastern



President Ronald Reagan giving the thumbs-up sign during his acceptance speech Thursday night at the convention.

Colombian Rebels Sign Truce After a Shootout

BOGOTA, Colombia - Leftist guerrillas of the April 19 Movement signed a one-year cease-lire Friday with the government of President Belisario Betancur, despite a shootout in which police wounded five persons in a rebel convoy headed for the signing.

Police at a checkpoint in the town of Florida fired on a convoy of vehicles bringing guerrillas and journalists to Corinto, 30 miles The government, meanwhile, has away, for the signing, according to one of the reporters, Ligia Riveros of the news magazine Cromos.

> She said police stopped the convoy and when they saw the guernillas were armed they ordered them

They refused and the police wounded five rebels, including Carlos Pizzaro, a member of the high command who had been among the guer illa leaders school

The wounded guerrillas and six

call was arranged to Mr. Betancur in Bogota and the guerrillas were allowed to continue to Corinto

Mr. Betancur had ordered army units out of the area to avoid any confrontation with the rebels, but some police remained. The M-19 commander-in-chief,

Nivan Ospina, said that the incident would not affect the cease-The April 19 Movement, known as M-19, was the fourth guerrilla

organization to sign the cease-fire. Two groups have refused to accept Earlier Friday, leaders of an M-19 contingent in the southern state

of Huila signed the one-year truce. and on Thursday, the Maoist People's Liberation Army and the Workers' Self-Defense accepted it. The pro-Soviet Colombian Rev-

olutionary Armed Forces with an estimated 15,000 members, signed the truce May 28.

Florida mayor's office. A telephone M-19 has about 8,000 members. 10 patriotism.

Reagan Calls for Support Of 'Unfinished Agenda'

By Howell Raines
New York Times Service
DALLAS — President Ronald Reagan, accepting the Republican Party's nomination for a second term, appealed for the party's help in completing the 'unfinished agenda" of a conservative reforma-

tion of government.

Mr. Reagan told the delegates to
the Republican National Convention on Thursday night that the contest between himself and Walter F. Mondale, the Democratic nominee, presented the nation's voters "with the clearest political choice of half a century."

Mr. Reagan's running mate. Vice President George Bush, described the 1984 election as a historic dividing line in American politics. By winning election to a second term. the vice president said in his acceptance speech, he and Mr. Reagan would establish the Republicans as the party of the future."

Mr. Reagan's speech was the crowning moment of a convention that had been low key and some-times outright dull. With no sus-pense to be found in their ordained task of renominating the Reagan-Bush ticket, the delegates had seemed to await Mr. Reagan's ar-rival in the hall to give them a chance for unrestrained celebration after three nights of plodding political theater.

The president responded with a sweeping invocation of the political philosophy that took him to the White House and established a period of conservative dominance in the party. He built his acceptance speech around a tight package of hemes — opportunity, leadership and optimism — that he said would produce "a springtime of hope for

But that future, he said, depended on the voters' making a correct choice. "The choices this year." he said, "are not just between two different personalities or between two political parties. They are between two different visions of the future. two fundamentally different ways of governing: their government of pessimism, fear and limits, or ours of hope, confidence and growth."

Mr. Reagan's entry was preceded by an 18-minute political film that took the place of the customary introductory speech. It coupled tration's record with blunt appeals

the music of the presidential anthem, "Hail to the Chief."

The crowd responded with a 10minute demonstration. Thousands

Mondale aides charge that Republican tax cuts would greatly increase the delicit. Page 3.

of red-and-white and blue-and-white "Reagan-Bush" banners had been distributed to provide a visual display to rival the waving of thousands of small American flags by the Democratic delegates in San

Mr. Reagan strode to the lectern to cheers of the convention. They the music of the presidential an-chanted "Four more years," and Mr. Reagan accepted the accolade with his characteristic grin and nodding of the head.

In the first 40 minutes of Mr. Reagan's address, the strongest responses were negative ones, to the Democrats. Hisses, boos, and hoarse shouts of "No" greeted Mr. Reagan when he asked the audi-ence if they had any doubts about the consequences of a resumption of Democratic rule.

"Is there any doubt that they will raise our taxes?" he asked. "That they will send inflation into orbit again? Make unilateral and unwise (Continued on Page 2, Col. 7)

Waving these, the Republicans

Feisty President Offers Few Surprises in Speech

By David S. Broder Sashington Post Service

DALLAS - President Reagan used his last acceptance speech Thursday night to take "a little stroll down memory lane." He walked his audience past "the misery" of the last Democratic administration and the "record of accomplishment" of his own first term. But he never quite reached the vantage point that would give the

andscape of a second term. Mr. Reagan mostly spoke as a battle-scarred politician, eager to defend himself and cut up the Democratic opponents who had fought him in Congress. By dwelling on the contrast between the last Democratic administration and his own, the 73-year-old president provided dozens of applause lines for the highly conservative partisans in

But in doing so, he muted what some of his strategists had hoped would be an appeal to the likely swing groups in the campaign against Walter F. Mondale. And he relegated to footnote status the a recitation of the Reagan adminis- program for the future that his supporters in Congress think could be

further national party growth.

Mr. Mondale, trailing in the polls, had focused his own acceptance speech on the future. With the president ahead in Republican surveys in all but three states, some of Mr. Reagan's aides hoped for a speech Thursday night that would

But Mr. Reagan had other ideas. Aides said the speech was strongly shaped by the president's desire to respond to the Democrats NEWS ANALYSIS

for denouncing his performance and his principles during their convention in San Francisco last month.

forward-looking and positive.

"He watched it, and he didn't like it," said an adviser, "and he wanted to get his say.

After much rewriting, what emerged was a speech less unified and focused in content than the acceptance address Mr. Reagan delivered in Detroit four years ago. And it was far different in tone. Then, Mr. Reagan had his hand out, ready to shake. Thursday night, he had his fists up, looking for a fight

Four years ago, Mr. Reagan presented the Republicans as a party committed to "solving the nation's problems" and "ready to build a new consensus. . . with every American, regardless of party affiliation. a mandate for a major policy shift who is a member of this community of shared values.

Thursday night, by contrast, he said the United States is "presented with the clearest political choice of half a century."

"The distinctions between our two parties and the different philosophy of our political oppo-nents," he said, "are at the heart of

this campaign."
A campaign aide said Mr. Reagan was not "exaggerating his dif-NEW DELHI - Prime Minister capital, Mr. Ram Lal said, "I have ferences with Walter Mondale. He's just putting a sharp light on the differences everyone recognizes

But the result was a much more partisan speech than he had deliv-

The president did not neglect the broad themes of national pride and national unity. He invoked them in

springtime of hope" for freedom. But before he reached that point, he made repeated attacks on the have backed down before unrest Democrats, contrasting what he called "their government of pessi-

> Mr. Reagan blamed the Demotrouble abroad" during the years Jimmy Carter was president.

Mr. Bokassa, 63, arrived in

France last December with 15 of

his children. At that time, the French External Relations Min-

Saudi Consulate Raided By Armed Men in Beirut

BEIRUT - Armed men chantng pro-Khomeini slogans attacked nd set fire to the Saudi Arabian consulate here Friday. The buildng was extensively damaged, but here were no casualties.

Security sources said that about . 50 men attacked the consulate uring a march to demand free ccess for the annual pilgrimage to he holy city of Mecca. The men ushed aside guards and broke into he embassy compound, which was noccupied. The sources said the building

ustained heavy damage during the

0-minute assault. The front win-: ows were smashed, and the interiwas littered with wreckage and lackened by fires.
The men had joined about 400 archers, some of them members sarchers, some of them members I the militant Shiite Moslem roup Hezballah, or Party of God. the paraded through West Beirut

bouting anti-Saudi slogans. The consulate has been closed ince February. Lebanese Moslems tho want to make the pilgrimage

INSIDE

■ Basque guerrillas refused Madrid's offer of talks to end the armed conflict. Page 2. ■ Questions have been raised within the U.S. media on whether the press has been fair to Geraldine Ferraro. Page 3. # Frozen brain cells help in the fight against Alzheimer's dis- case. Page 3.
 III The inhabitants of Easter Island have discovered they have

BUSINESS/FINANCE ■ The United States delays for seven weeks a rule restricting textile imports. # Financial Corp. of America has up to \$13 billion in collateral to pledge against a federal

an identity problem. Page 4.

E East German swimmers broke two world records in one Page 19. race in Moscow.

A West German program to re-

this year have had to travel to Da-mascus to get their Saudi visas. Beirut newspapers said Friday that hundreds of pilgrims had been waiting there for three days, but the visas had not yet been issued. Many Lebanese Shiite activists

look for inspiration to Iran and its spiritual leader. Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini, and dismiss the conservative Sunnis who rule Saudi Arabia as corrupt and hypocritical. [In another development Friday, ssailants fired two rocket-propelled grenades at the British Embassy in West Beirut, The Associat-

damaged the consular and visa section but caused no casualties. [A man speaking Arabic claimed the attack on behalf of a littleknown group called the Lebanese National Resistance Front, in a telephone call to the Beirut office of Agence France-Presse, the

French news agency.]
Also on Friday, Prime Minister Rashid Karami asked diplomats from the five permanent members of the United Nations Security Council, the United States, the Soviet Union, Britain, France and China, to support a complaint about Israeli actions in southern Lebanon.

Beirut radio said that Mr. Karami, who is also foreign minister, then sent a cable telling the UN ambassador, Rashid Fakhouri, to lodge the complaint.

■ Israelis Remove Fence Israeli forces have removed a fence they had been building inside Lebanon Reuters reported from Maysat, Lebanon. Lebanese offi-

cials had said the fence was part of a plan to divert water into Israel. The fence started at the border and ran parallel to and about a mile (1.6 kilometers) west of the Hasbani River, a mibutary of the Jor-

down the half-mile line of posts on Tuesday. An officer in the Israeli-backed militia known as the South Lebanon Army said the fence had been dismantled at the request of the militia's commander, General Antoine Lahd, who believed it violat-

ed Lebanese sovereignty. An Israeli spokesman in Tel Aviv said the fence was part of a road repair project. A line of holes indicated that the Israelis had intended to extend the

fence at least two kilometers fur-

ther northward, toward springs



Berlin Orchestra to End Its Boycott of Karajan

Farmers in the southeastern hamlet of Maysat said workers cut The agreement appeared to presage an end to a 20-month power struggle that began over the hiring of orchestra members.

24 that it would not appear at the Salzburg Festival with Mr. Karajan, who had been its principal conductor, after he had backed out of 2 concert. It also canceled subsequent dates and announced it was withdrawing from recording and television contracts with Mr. Kara-

In a letter made available by his office, Mr. Karajan asked his musicians to perform with him next chestra manager who hired her month at a Berlin music festival worsened tensions.

The orchestra issued a statement shortly afterward, saying it would play the event under its conductor. Mr. Karajan's letter described the dispute as a result of "unfortunate circumstances, human errors

in Berlin, said: "The Philharmonic Orchestra does not intend to reject the Christian and humane intent of Herr von Karajan." 76, and the orchestra began wors-

She was hired at Mr. Karajan's request without the approval of the orchestra, which has a traditional vote on new members. Her resignation and the dismissal of the or-

ISLAMABAD, Pakistan --- An Indian Airlines flight hijacked by Sikh militants took off early Saturday from Karachi International Airport after negotiations to secure the release of passengers apparent-

tination, but a government spokesman said the plane was refueled at the insistence of the hijackers, who demanded weather reports and flight plans for destinations in the

mu and Kashmir state, and ordered it to Lahore, southern Pakistan. Radio Pakistan said there were six hijackers, who reportedly carried knives known as kirpans. Officials said the hijackers had

an explosive device. India's civil aviation minister, Khursheed Alan Khan, told Parliament that the hijackers were demanding freedom for imprisoned supporters of the Sikh extremist leader, Jarnail Singh Bhindran wale, who was killed when the Indian Army attacked and took over

Government spokesmen said that two sick Norwegian women and a handicapped man and his wife and child were released in Lahore. One of the two women had had a heart attack and was in a stable condition at a Lahore hospi-

The pilot was ordered to fly to Karachi, where two more ailing women were released, a govern-

included 67 men, 14 women and six Bokassa. children, two pilots, a chief purser and three flight attendants. The hijacking was the fifth of an Indian Airlines plane by Sikh separatists in two years.

fought three wars and have a history of suspicion and hostility, have long waged legal battles over the extradition of Sikh hijackers detained in Lahore.

Sikh Hijackers Indian State Governor Order Takeoff Named by Gandhi Quits By William Claiborne

Indira Gandhi's appointed governor in Andhra Pradesh, Ram Lal. resigned unexpectedly Friday in what appeared to be the first step toward attempting to defuse a political crisis in the south Indian

The governor created a nationwide furor last week by dismissing the popularly elected state government of the chief minister, N.T. While there was no mention Friday of reinstating Mr. Rama Rao, a

resignation appeared to clear the way for the calling of a vote of confidence in the state assembly. Mr. Ram Lal had dismissed Mr. Rama Rao, leader of the Telegu Desam party, after declaring that the chief minister had lost his assembly majority. He appointed as his replacement Bhaskara Rao. whose government supports Mrs. Gandhi's governing Congress (1)

Hyderabad, the Andhra Pradesh been pained by the controversy, and some of it in unreasonable lan-

the dignity of this high office. Opposition leaders hailed the resignation and called for an imme-

Gandhi should now assure that a popular film star, Mr. Ram Lal's vote of confidence be held. He said the governor should generated by the controversy resulted in at least 27 deaths, more

> property damage. Mrs. Gandhi made no comment on Mr. Ram Lal's resignation.

In a brief statement issued in

guage, lowering the prestige of this are there." dignified office of governor.
"In these circumstances, I have decided to resign in order to uphold ered in 1980.

diate reconvening of the state legis-lature for a vote of confidence. In Hyderabad, Mr. Rama Rao said that Mr. Ram Lal had no altererty, that he turned into a passionnative but to resign, and that Mrs. ate, patriotic evocation of "this

mism, fear and limits" to "ours of than 100 injuries and widespread hope, confidence and growth." Mr. Rama Rao said the resigna- crats in general and Mr. Mondale tion would not effect an all-India in particular for producing "ecoprotest day scheduled for Saturday. nomic crisis" at home and "serious

Clerk Foils False Papers for Bokassa Go-Between in France Applied for Deposed Ruler

By E.J. Dionne Jr.
New York Times Service

PARIS - A friend of Jean Bedel Bokassa, the former leader of the Central African Republic, tried to obtain false French identity papers for the deposed ruler this month but was foiled when a secretary recognized photographs of Mr. Bokassa, a French

municipal official said. Another official said the public prosecutor was deciding whether to press charges against Mr. Bokassa's friend, but no charges were likely against Mr.

An official in Menucourt, a town of 5,000 people about 20 miles (32 kilometers) west of Paris, said Thursday a butcher named Jean-Pierre Peteaux tried to obtain the papers earlier this month for a man listed as Abdel Kader Mohammed Aloul.

A secretary realized the photographs with the application were of Mr. Bokassa, who lives in a chateau at Hardricourt. Mr. Peteaux explained that he ca



was helping Mr. Bokassa because the woman with whom he is in love was Mr. Bokassa's illegitimate daughter. Mr. Petcaux said the lalse identity papers were designed to permit Mr. Bokassa to "meet his people again." presumably by returning to Afri-

istry made it known that he was not welcome, but allowed him to In 1981, a French court ruled that when the Central African Republic became independent in 1960, Mr. Bokassa lost the French citizenship he had gained through 23 years of French Army service. In an interview published in the latest issue of the magazine Jeune Afrique, Mr. Bokassa said he felt like a prisoner in France

tenced to death in absentia on 13

charges, including the massacre of 100 schoolchildren and canni-He became the Central African leader in 1966, named himpresident for life in 1972 and in 1976 he proclaimed his

and wanted to return to Central

In 1980, Mr. Bokassa was sen-

Africa to defend himself.

country an empire and himself the emperor.

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Page 13. loan, an analyst said. Page 13.

MONDAY

a patriate immigrant workers · empties whole neighborhoods



A woman exborts officials Friday in Tripoli, northern Lebanon, to take steps against violence. About 100 people have died in clashes between pro- and anti-Syrian militias.

SALZBURG - The Berlin Philharmonic Orchestra agreed Friday to end a two-month boycott of the conductor Herbert von Karajan after he asked for a reconciliation.

The orchestra announced June

and recent mistakes." The orchestra statement, issued

Relations between Mr. Karajan, ening after the engagement of the clarinetist Sabine Meyer, the Philharmonic's first woman performer.

From Karachi

The Associated Press

There was no indication of a des-

The hijackers commandeered the plane early Friday after it took off from New Delhi on its way to Srinagar, the summer capital of Jam-

threatened to kill the passengers and blow up the plane. There was no confirmation that they carried

the Sikhs' sacred Golden Temple in Antritsar in June.

ment spokesman said. The United News of India said the passenger list from New Delhi

All have landed in Lahore, leading to acrimonious extradition disputes that have worsened relations hetween India and Pakistan. India and Pakistan, which have

Pakistanis And Afghans Holding New **Indirect Talks**

GENEVA - Indirect, United Nations-sponsored talks began Friday between Pakistan and Afghanis an after Pakistan warned that it might respond in an "appropriate manner if Afghanistan continued border attacks.

Pakistan issued the warning Thursday in a protest with the Afghan charge d'affaires in Islamabad. It said that a border air raid Thursday had killed three persons and injured two.

Pakistan has filed several protests about what it says have been Afghan border shelling and air attacks since Aug. 13. According to Pakistani figures, 55 people have died in the attacks.

Before opening the talks Friday in Geneva, the United Nations undersecretary general for special political affairs, Diego Cordovez, sought to play down the effects of the border incidents.

"It would be unfortunate if I were to allow specific situations on the ground to interfere with an already complicated process," Mr. Cordovez said before he met with the Pakistani foreign minister, Sa-habzada Yaqub Kahn. Mr. Yaqub Khan and the Af-

gnan foreign minister, Shah Mo-hammed Dost, occupy separate offer by the Spanish interior minis-meeting rooms. Because Pakistan ter, José Barrionnevo Peña, to nedoes not recognize the Afghan re- gotiate an end to separatist viogime, Mr. Cordovez will relay the lence. ministers' positions. The talks are the latest in a series

that began under UN auspices in 1982. The sessions on Friday were described as preliminary; formal meetings are scheduled to begin Monday.

■ Increased Soviet Coverage Earlier, William J. Eaton of the Los Angeles Times reported from

The Soviet press is increasing the frequency of its reports on Soviet combat losses in Afghanistan

Newspapers still do not provide overail casualty figures for the conflict, which began four and a half years ago. However, recent accounts of individual heroism by Soviet soldiers and airmen in Afghanistan indicate that insurgents there offered tough resistance during a Soviet and Afghan Army offensive last spring.

In a departure from past practice, the Russians have also acknowledged that a significant num-

Krasnaya Zvezda, or Red Star, to Pentagon officials. transport plane were killed or stopped shipments of radar for the for the army. wounded by guerrillas. F-14, F-15 and F-18 after the navy All three

I H H H HILL

CERAN



Basque Rebels Refuse Offer of Talks

MADRID - The Basque guer-

In a statement published by Spanish news organizations, a

spokesman for ETA, a group whose initials in the Basque language stand for Basque Homeland and Liberty, said the group would not talk on the basis of Mr. Barrionnevo's offer of direct talks to help guerrillas return to normal life.

"Nothing has changed with this offer, which is purely a laughable maneuver, because one thing is the Basque problem and another one is rule for the autonomous region as a en no indication that it is prepared this childish game invented by the way of undermining ETA's politi- to send the Basques back to Spain.

pokesman was quoted as saying. ETA is always ready to negotiate on the basis of its longstanding neprint for a truce, he added.

This involves conditions such as self-determination for the Basque country and the withdrawal of Spanish security forces; these have already been rejected by Madrid. Mr. Barrionnevo said Thursday

night on television that the offer did not mean political negotiations over ETA's demands.

peace alternative for those who put

down arms." The nationalist Basque govern-

Socialists," the French-based cal support, reacted coolly to the proposal and expressed surprise at not having been consulted.

■ France to Extradite 4

A French court in Pau ruled Friday that four Spanish Basque exiles should be extradited on murder charges, raising the prospect of further violent reprisals against French interests in the Spanish Basque country, Reuters reported.

A similar decision by the court in Pau in four other cases earlier this "It is a functional negotiation, month caused bomb attacks and not a political one," he said. "It is a car-burnings in Spain and heightened tension on both sides of the

The final decision rests with the ment, which advocates more self- French government, which has giv-

New Rules Set For Press WORLD BRIEFS To Provide Coverage Of U.S. Military Actions

But Mr. Weinberger and Mr. Burch made clear that civilian offi-

cials and military officers would

have the final word on access for

require that public affairs officers

in combat commands provide guid-

ance on news coverage to com-

warning order has been received.

over ways to carry out the recom-

some officers had vociferously op-

mission security and the safety of

ciple should be adopted both in substance and in spirit," the state-ment said. "This will make it possi-

hie better to meet the needs of both

the military and the media during

future military operations."

Oil Tanker

Hit by Iraqis

(Continued from Page 1)

Iran. Iraq said it was responsible

for the assault that damaged the

Greek ship Friendship L on Aug. 7. That attack ended a month-long hull in the so-called "tanker war."

The attack on the Cypriot tanker

"Application of the panel's prin-

sented their views.

U.S. forces."

By Richard Halloran New York Times Service

WASHINGTON -- Secretary of Defense Caspar W. Weinberger has made public a panel's recommendations to provide access to military operations for news organizations, and he gave orders to put the recommendations into effect.

But Mr. Weinberger made it clear that military security would remain the top consideration in guidelines for news coverage.

Mr. Weinberger's chief spokesman, Michael L Burch, said planning had begun for a national pool of reporters who could be called upon at short notice to cover the early stages of an operation. But the Pentagon, he said, would determine how many would be in the pool and who would be included.

The panel, composed of officers and journalists, was headed by Mamendations. The officials said jor General Winant Sidle, a retired chief of information for the army. It was convened after the U.S. inva sion of Grenada in October 1983. Reporters were initially excluded from covering that invasion. Limit-

ed access and coverage were permitted later in the operation. The restrictions produced a flood of protests from newspapers and broadcasters.

In its recommendations, the panel urged the Defense Department to begin planning for news coverage of military operations while the operations themselves were being planned. This includes planning of communications and transporta-

tion for reporters. At the same time, the panel urged news organizations to agree to voluntary guidelines to maintain the security of operations. The panel said there should be as few rules

Mr. Berch acknowledged that there might be instances when the press would be barred from covering a military operation, such as the attempt in April 1980 to rescue the Americans being held hostage in Defense Against Attacks

Few journalists questioned that came shortly after an Iranian offisort of exclusion because of the cial said his country had developed importance of total secrecy. But a system to foil attacks on commer-many criticized being barred from cial ships by Iraq's French-made conventional operations such as Exocet missiles, The Associated the landing of troops on Grenada.

First reactions from the U.S. It was unclear if an Exocet was public generally supported the de-cision by General John W. Vessey used in the latest attack. In an interview, an Iranian offi-Jr. and Mr. Weinberger to restrict cial said his country had developed an anti-missile technology. reporters' access to Grenada during the landing and fighting. With the help of God and tech-

Mr. Weinberger said he agreed nical ability, we have been able to neutralize the Exocets," he said. with the panel's recommendation From 10 or 12 Exocets launched that military training schools teach not even two have hit the target." officers how to deal with reporters. Western military analysts theo-rize that Iran has devised a system He also said he would appoint an advisory council of journalists to suggest ways to meet the objectives of small unmanned vessels to decoy the air-to-surface Exocet missiles. of the report. The decoy boats may carry reflec-

Bonn Says Honecker Visit Is Still On

BONN (UPI) — The West German government sought Friday to discount speculation that the East German leader, Erich Honecker, might cancel a visit to West Germany next month because of Soviet opposition. Speculation arose from East German reaction to a statement by Alfred Dregger, parliamentary leader of Chancellor Helmut Kohl's Christian Democrats, that, "Our future does not depend on Herr Honetker honoring us with a visit." The official East German press agency ADN said: "Nobody should be led to believe" that Mr. Honecker "is pushing to

But a West German government spokesman, Jürgen Sudhoff, said Friday: "The visit will take place." The trip would be the first by an East visit" West Germany. Mr. Burch said that the planning manual for the staff of the Joint German head of state. Chiefs of Staff had been changed to

Britons Deny Falklands Nuclear Plan LONDON (AP) - Britain's two top admirals during the 1982 Falk-

lands War have vehemently denied that Britain contemplated using nuclear weapons against Argentina, The Times of London reported manders when an operational In February the Sidle panel held The leftist New Statesman magazine reported Thursday that it had obtained documents showing that Britain had contingency plans for such three days of hearings at which

military officers and news execuan attack and that a submarine armed with Polaris nuclear missiles was tives from 19 organizations present as far south as Ascension Island to be ready for action. Retired Admiral Lord Lewin, chief of the defense staff and a member Defense Department officials of Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher's war cabinet, told The Times that said that there had been much debate among civilian officials and military officers at the Pentagon no Polaris submarine was sent to the south Atlantic because of the 74-day conflict. Adminral Lewin's denial was echoed by retired Admiral Sir Henry Leach, who was chief of paval staff and First Sea Lord during the

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Peres, Shamir Fail to Solve Crisis

posed many of the proposals.

In a statement of principle, the JERUSALEM (AP) - Prime Minister-designate Shimon Peres and panel said. "It is essential that the Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir failed Friday to agree on how to end U.S. news media cover U.S. mili-Israel's political crisis, but they said they made progress and would try tary operations to the maximum again to form a bipartisan government. degree possible consistent with

Mr. Peres, emerging from the two-hour meeting, said he would ask President Chaim Herzog for more time to build a governing coalition, either with or without Mr. Shamir's Likud bloc. Mr. Peres' first three-week mandate to form a Labor-led government expires at midnight Saturday. Under the law, Mr. Herzog can give him another 21 days at

Mr. Shamir and Mr. Peres said they discussed proposals to break the deadlock on a common policy blueprint during their session. Both men declined to say whether they had gained ground on the key dividing issue of who would head a bipartisan government.

France Called Party to Iran Bombing

LONDON (Renters) - A leading Iranian politician Friday blamed "terrorist leaders living under French support" for a bomb explosion that killed 18 people in Tehran on Thursday and said France was "a party in this crime." He also said "rebels from the northwest," a reference to Kurdish insurgents, might have been to blame.

The Islamic Republic News Agency quoted Ali Akbar Hashemi Rafsanjani, speaker of the Iranian parliament, as telling a mass prayer meeting in Tehran on Friday, "We consider the French government a party in this crime because of its treatment of criminal leaders as political refugees and for providing them with all the facilities." The agency said hundreds of thousands of worshipers responded with cries of "Death to

Labor Leader Held Briefly in Poland

WARSAW (Renters) - Jacek Kuron, the dissident leader who was cleased two weeks ago under a government amnesty, said he was detained Wednesday by police who warned him about his activities since he left prison. He was also prevented from meeting with Lech Walesa, the leader of the banned Solidarity union.

Mr. Kuron, 50, is the leader of the Workers' Committee for Self-Defense, or KOR, a disbanded workers' rights group. He said he was held for 90 minutes, until after the departure of a plane on which he had been due to fly to the port of Gdansk for talks with Mr. Walesa. He said an Interior Ministry official told him his conduct was "inap-

propriate," and mentioned a press conference he gave after his release, an address he made in a church near Warsaw and his plan to meet Mr. Walesa. The authorities have also warned two other Solidarity figures, Władysław Frasyniuk and Jan Rulewski, who also spoke in churches.

Liberia Denies Troops Fired at Crowd ABIDIAN, Ivory Coast (Reuters) - A Liberian Defense Ministry

official has denied a radio report that troops fired into a crowd of students at the University of Liberia on Wednesday, Liberian radio said

The radio, monitored in Abidian, quoted an unnamed ministry official as saying that if the troops had fired into the crowd during the protest over the arrest of Amos Sawyer, a professor, there would have been deaths and not wounds by stray bullets. The Liberian head of state, General Samuel K. Doe has accused Sawyer and three others of plotting his overthrow.

For the Record

Two more men have been charged in California with stealing classified U.S. Navy codes and trying to sell them to the Soviet Union, bringing to four the number accused in an alleged plot, FBI officials said Friday. The documents were taken from a tank landing ship based in San Diego.(AP) A Wings West commeter plane and a private plane collided in flight Friday at San Luis Obisdpo, California, killing at least 16 persons, police

Of His 'Unfinished Agenda'

concessions to the Soviet Union? mitted to increasing your tax burAnd all in the name of compasden," the president said. "We are

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Tribune indicated that the comedian Joan Rivers spoke at a Republican luncheon attended by President Ronald Reagan and Vice President George Bosh. Miss Rivers made her remarks at a luncheon of the National Federation of Republican Women.

Reagan Calls for Backing

vision and affirmation. He spoke

tone, "some lights seem eternal. tone, "some lights seem eternal. In the often nostalgic speech, ... America's is. Thank you, God bless Mr. Reagan included a detailed, you and God bless America."

Mr. Mondale as a weak-willed description of Carter administration "Four years ago we raised a ban-

an issue that unsettled his cam- a dream of an America that would paign last month, Mr. Reagan denied the Democratic charge that he
was harboring a "secret" plan to
campaign as a "national crusade to raise taxes after the election. Then, make America great again," Mr. he used the issue to define the fun-

ment and lower taxes that brought him to unquestioned control of the Republican Party. The 2,235 delegates here paid tribute to Mr. Reagan asserted. "With our statement and lower taxes that brought conjunction with a more muscular foreign policy.

"Now it's all coming together," Mr. Reagan asserted. "With our statement and lower taxes that the statement and lower taxes that brought the statement and lower taxes the state

Then, about 10 minutes before the end of the one-hour address, the president shifted to a tone of ism' is just the 'old liberalism'." Mr. Reagan struck a tone of no-

our negotiations, to join us in re-"In this spring of hope," Mr. ducing and, yes, ridding the Earth of this awful threat."

almost valedictory recitation of the In both speeches, Mr. Reagan trademark political phrases he used and Mr. Bush hammered at the in his unsuccessful campaigns in issue of leadership, characterizing 1968 and 1976 and, finally, in his

Moving to take the offensive on Mr. Reagan said. "We proclaimed

political agenda of reshaping na-In so doing, Mr. Reagan restated tional economic policies and mitithe core principles of less governating a huge military buildup in

gan, whose election on those principles has given their minority party the midst of a springtime of hope a chance to build an era of political for America. Greatness lies ahead of us."

Hughes Halts Delivery on Jet Radars

By Fred Hiatt

Aircraft Co., which has been suspended from selling three major missiles to the U.S. military, has also stopped delivering radar sys-such as metal filings, they said. ber of helicopters have been shot tems for the most advanced navy and air force jet fighters, according

the armed forces newspaper, de-scribed an ancounter in which five the Defense Department's list of navy, Maverick missiles for the air of eight crew members of a Soviet major contractors, voluntarily

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discovered serious workmanship Wednesday to suspend payments problems in an F-14 radar, navy to Hughes for the missile work, Washington Post Service problems in an F-14 radar, navy
WASHINGTON — Hughes and air force officials said Thurs-

The problems included poor sol-

dering, loose screws and "debris" The navy examination, in turn, was prompted by quality control problems discovered in the manu-

force and TOW anti-tank missiles

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amounting to \$38 million for last month.

out the knowledge of Defense Secretary Caspar W. Weinberger, a spokesman said.

tems group said that Hughes was working to improve quality control at its Tucson manufacturing plant, where all three missiles are made. but objects to the suspension of a.l. All three services agreed payments for the missile work.

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A spokesman for the missile sys-

The suspension was made with-

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MOVE MONTEVIDEO — Uruguay's National Party has named Alberto Zumaran as its presidential candidate in the November elections that

are to end 11 years of military rule. Mr. Zumaran, a lawyer, was cho-sen Thursday as a replacement for

tors that project large images that confuse the Exocet radar system,

Uruguayan Party Picks

Presidential Candidate

the specialists say.

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the party leader, Wilson Ferreira Aldunate, who was imprisoned in and rescue officials reported. (AP) Aldunate, who was imprisoned in

The Institutional Revolutionary Party, Mexico's ruling party, opened its

June when he returned from 11

three-day annual convention Thursday promising democratic reforms

years in exile. He resigned as the

designed to counteract charges it has grown arrogant with 55 years of party's candidate last week so that political dominance. (AP) the party could contest the elec-Correction An article in some Thursday editions of the International Herald CHURCH SERVICES

"Our opponents are openly com-

(Continued from Page 1)

reverently of the carrying of the Olympic torch from coast to coast, and the delegates responded with of our children and the safety of the rhythmic chant, "U.S.A., this Earth," he said, "we ask the Soviets, who have walked out of the Olympic athless.

policies that were rejected in 1980. ner of bold colors, no pale passels,"

damental difference between him what had once seemed a longshot and his opponents.

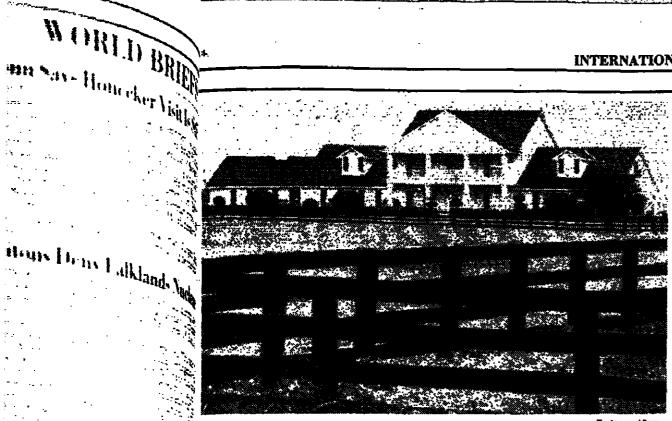
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SOUTHFORK SOLD - J.R. Duncan, owner of the ranch featured on the television rea, whomer hall to solve series "Dallas," has sold the ranch to a Dallas real estate developer, Terry Trippett, for more than \$1 million. The developer plans to remodel the home into a "very exclusive" three-bedroom hotel opening to guests this fall, with rates starting at \$2,500 a night.

AMERICAN TOPICS

Another Close Look At Southern Ways

There is to be a long section on Southern prisons and a short one on Rebel Yell bourbon. Someone will write about pos-sums, and someone else will write about the blues.

These and myriad other topics will be dealt with in a volume called the Encyclopedia of Southern Culture. When scholars at the University of Mississippi complete their work, they hope the volume will stand as the most complete single reference work on the mind and manners and mythology of the American South

street Catte of Parts to Irang

With the same that

The South historically has been our most isolated, our most intense regional experi-ence," said William C. Ferris, director of the university's Center for the Study of Southern Culture, which is producing the

region to get such scrutiny as scholars attempt to reach a deeper understanding of the United States. New England culture is under study at the University of Massachusetts at Amherst, where a similar encyclopedia is planned: the University of Nebraska has a Great Plains Center, and there is an Appalachian Study Center at the University of Kentucky.

The reason for all the attention, said Mr. Ferris: "We are a much more complicated people

Grateful Drug Agents Celebrate a Trend

- -: ' The Quaalude - the trade name of the most popular brand of methaqualone tablets
that were more likely to be called ludes, pillows or vitamin Q by those who took them to feel cuphoric and "tingly" — is

Prosecutors and drug agents say that arrests, legislation and international agreements have removed the drug from both

pharmacy shelves and street-

corners. The success is worldwide, they say.

introduced in 1965, soon developed as a favorite for abuse. Some coroners said the drug caused more driving deaths

While experts are pleased at this success, they have kept it in perspective. "Taking a drug off the market doesn't reduce the number of addicts," said Jonathan Huttner an official at a Miami drug abuse program. They just switch to a different drug."

2-Tier Wage Scales Unsettle Employees

The latest cost-cutting device to win the favor of employers and provoke bitterness among workers is the two-tier wage scale, which permits businesses to pay new employees less — sometimes a lot less than those who have been with the company longer.

Managers embrace it as a way of reducing payrolls, and unions accept it as a way of pushing economies off onto the next generation.

The concept of lower pay for new workers is a perennial in economic lean times. But union and industry experts say they cannot recall such widespread acceptance. Unions blame the trend on a concessionary atmosphere ushered in by the latest recession and encouraged by the Reagan administration's attitude toward labor relations.

What distinguishes the latest trend is that many of the cuts are permanent. Instead of starting low and working up to parity with their colleagues, new employees will always be a jump behind.

Short Takes

Add to the list of unfulfilled promises of the Computer Age that of a paperless society. Wil-liam G. Moore, president of Recognition Equipment Inc., of

Dallas, notes that since 1981, the amount of paper processed by businesses rose to 1.4 trillion pieces from 850 billion, despite the increased use of computers.

The U.S. lodging industry has been far from fully booked this summer. Hotel and motel occupancy rose 2.8 percent, to only 70.6 percent of capacity, in the first six months, compared to the first half of 1983. The outlook for the second half is for only a modest rise. Still, the average room cost rose 6.7 percent, to \$56.44 a night. There is no measure of the level of haughtiness among hotel desk clerks, but The New York Times reports that it's at least holding steady.

Starting this fall, students at the Southern College of Seventh-day Adventists in Collegedale, Tennessee, will reap tangible benefits for earning good grades. The students will get credit toward fickets to Europe, with C-level credit worth \$5 per course hour and A credit worth \$8. Attracting and keeping stu-dents is the goal of the liberal arts college, which has seen en-rollment slip to 1,625 last fall from a high of 2,091 in 1980.

· 🗆: With the presidential election campaign heating up, the State Department has taken on a new assignment. The department is preparing transition papers that would be used to brief a new president, if one is elected in

Even more cautious as a po-Blackwell Corp. of Reston, Virginia. Announcing that Geral-dine A. Ferraro, the Democratic vice-presidential nominee. had been invited to participate in a televised foreign policy de-bate this fall, the company pledged solemnly: "An invita-tion will be issued to the Republican vice-presidential candidate as soon as he or she is officially nominated," Presumably by now the invitation is on the desk of Vice President

Tax Proposal By Fay S. Joyce New York Times Service MINNEAPOLIS - Aides to Walter F. Mondale charge that six of the tax changes proposed by the Republican Party in its platform would cost the government \$160 billion a year and would mainly

benefit the rich. Citing figures from the Congressional Research Service, an arm of the Library of Congress, the aides said Thursday that the six reductions would nearly double the projected federal budget deficit for 1985. The administration says the deficit will be \$172.4 billion.

Republican theorists argue that such tax cuts would more than pay for themselves by stimulating spending economic growth and government revenues. But Susan Estrich, a Mondale aide, contended that Republicans advanced that argument four years ago and wound up with the highest deficits in history rather than the balanced budget Ronald Reagan had promised as a

None of the tax cuts in the Republican platform have been em-braced by Mr. Reagan. Mondale aides called on the president to say which platform planks he agrees with and which ones he faults.

From the campaign stump, Mr. Mondale has been urging the presi-dent to spell out what his tax proposals are. Thursday's briefing represented an attempt to reintroduce the issues he had been raising successfully before the controversy over Representative Geraldine A. Ferraro's family finances and the Republican convention caught the public's attention.

The tax cuts proposed by the Republicans, and the amounts the Congressional Research Service said they would be expected to cost the government, included the elimination of taxes on dividends and interest, \$79 billion annually; doubling the personal income tax ex-emption, \$47 billion; repealing the windfall profits tax, \$8.3 billion; indexing of business inventories, \$12 billion; indexing of capital gains, \$12 billion and indexing for depreciation purposes, \$1.6 billion.

■ Mondale on Wealth Issue

Campaigning in Springfield, Illi-nois, Mr. Mondale said Friday the Republican National Convention demonstrated that President Reagan represented the party of the rich, The Associated Press reported. He pledged that he would "smoke Mr. Reagan out" on issues such as arms control and the feder-

Mr. Mondale told a crowd of about 3,000 that the average yearly income of the more than 2,000 Reican delegales was over \$60,000. At the convention, he said, "they played polo, found \$300 bottles of wine in their hotel rooms, they are caviar, are dinner with Bunker Hunt and took helicopter rides to hilltop estates."

Mr. Mondale told his cheering audience, "if Mr. Reagan wins, we will get the biggest tax hikes and the biggest deficits, and he will help only his rich friends." Meanwhile, the Democratic Na-

Charles T. Manan, said he deplored "rhetorical overkill." at the Republican convention, which he said "ranged from the mean and ngly speech" of Jeane J. Kirkpat-rick, the chief delegate to the Unit-rick and ribonucleic acid. DNA, and ribonucleic acid. soft on democracy.

at a hospital in Anderlecht, a Brus-

taurant outside France to be awarded three Michelin stars, the

top rating given by the French ho-

Mr. Kreusch, the sou of Belgian

restaurateurs, became maître d'ho-tel at the Palace restaurant in Brus-

sels at 22. He purchased La Villa Lorraine in 1953. His current part-

ners are Freddie van Decasserie, the chef, and Henri van Ranst, a

Mr. Kreusch's restaurant was

known for an atmosphere that

tel and restaurant guide.



ARM STOLEN - Rosa Visser, 33, of San Francisco was assaulted Thursday by thieves who stole her \$9,000 artificial right arm and more than \$600 in jeweby and cash. Miss Visser said she "cannot understand why anyone who has two perfectly good arms" would keep it.

Frozen Brain Cells Assist In Fighting Fatal Disease

By Lawrence K. Altman New York Times Service

NEW YORK - Scientists have found that large molecules remain intact in frozen human brains for years after death and, by studying such molecules, have discovered a basic biological abnormality in senile brains destroyed by Alz-

heimer's disease. They found that the defect is a biochemical abnormality that leads to a markedly diminished production of new protein in the brain cells damaged by Alzheimer's disease. The body constantly produces new protein in the brain and other organs as part of the so-called turnover and homeostatic processes.

A report in Friday's issue of the journal Science by the two principle researchers, Dr. Charles A. Marotta and Dr. Elizabeth M. Sajdel-Sulkowska of the Harvard Medical School and McLean Hospital in Belmont, Massachusetts, described laboratory conditions under which large molecules will make protein as if in a living brain. Dr. Marotta said Thursday that

the technique of analyzing cells from long-frozen brains and studying molecular mechanisms that have gone awry might open up important new areas of investigation for other diseases whose causes are not known.

Experts at the National Institute on Aging, which financed much of the research, said that the discovery of the biologic brain defect was an important step in the search for the cause, treatment, and prevention of Alzheimer's disease.

Millions of people throughout the world have Alzheimer's disease. It is related to more than 100,000 deaths each year in the United States, The disease, named for Dr. Alois Alzheimer, who described it 70 years ago, causes loss of memory tional Committee chairman, and confusion and may eventually prevent the victims from taking proper care of themselves.

Until now, Dr. Marotta said, scientists have assumed that large acid, DNA, and ribonucleic acid,

hours by the usual post-mortem digestion processes.

The DNA in the nuclei of cells

produces RNA, which controls the cell's metabolism and ability to make new protein. The reduction in new protein resumably interferes with brain

function in Alzheimer's disease. The question arises as to whether the frozen molecules are living of dead. They are in a sense suspended, dead in that they are no longer controlling the production of pro-

teins, but living in that, once thawed, they can be made to resume functioning under conditions of isolation in the laboratory. For centuries doctors have preserved brains in a chemical called formalin for study under the microscope at later dates. But because the formalin treatment destroys enzymes and other substances in the brain, the process limits the biochemical tests that researchers can

As doctors have developed newer molecular biological techniques over recent years, they have found new ways to preserve autop-sy specimens. Within hours of the death of patients with puzzling neurological disorders, doctors in several medical centers have taken sections of brains and frozen them in so-called brain banks.

do on the preserved organ.

Years later, when researchers be come interested in a particular disease or develop new techniques, they go to the brain banks, thaw the nens, and then do their stud-

Doctors have known for several years that the most serious symptoms of Alzheimer's disease correlate closely with the accumulation within cells of abnormal protein structures called neurofibrillary tangles. They also have known that the place of brain cells destroyed by Alzheimer's disease is often taken by structures called neuritic plaques, which are remnants of

But several factors have hindered the research efforts of scientists who have been puzzled as to

Ferraro's Finances: Has Intensive Media Coverage Been Fair?

By Alex S. Jones
New York Times Service
NEW YORK — For more than a

week, the financial affairs of Geraldine A. Ferraro, the Democratic candidate for vice president, and John A. Zaccaro, her husband, have been under intense scrutiny by the news media in the United States. The story has been treated as a blockbuster that warranted repeated front-page articles and generous air time on network news

But beneath the surface of the story is a difficult question that is being discussed by people in the news business: Has the nation's press been fair to Ms. Ferraro? Specifically, is the inquiry into the linances of the congresswoman and her husband an important news story that has been handled

properly, or has the coverage of the story, even if it is a legitimate one, been unduly aggressive and over-

For the press, coverage of the major parties' first female vicepresidential nominee, and her husband, has meant moving through uncharted waters. In one sense, the test of fairness lies in whether or not a male vice-presidential candidate and his wife would be examined with the same rigor given the same financial circumstances.
But such a sex-blind standard is

not possible because Ms. Ferraro is a pioneer in the pursuit of high ablic office by women at a time of shifting relations between the

There are, however, a number of arguments suggesting that the press may have unfairly ganged up on Ms. Ferraro.

Typically, the financial affairs of vice-presidential candidates have not been subjected to such scrutiny. While George Bush placed his holdings in a blind trust upon nomination, there has been no similar intensive inquiry by the press as to the details of his holdings or his financial affairs before he was nominated

No previous spouse of a vice-presidential candidate has been asked to provide an exhaustive financial history. The finances of Barbara Bush have attracted far less attention.

It is not unusual in today's twocareer marriages for one spouse to be ignorant of many aspects of the other's work, but the congresswom-an is apparently being held respon-sible for her husband's business ac-

In addition, it is not uncommon for one spouse to make the other an officer in a business for reasons of convenience, so there can be no automatic assumption that Ms. Ferraro would be knowledgeable of the activities of her husband's company even though she was an offi-

Finally, even though the finan-cial affairs of Ms. Ferraro and Mr. Zaccaro may have been a legiti-

NEWS ANALYSIS

mate story, it may have been given untoward coverage because the candidate is a woman, because of what some suspect is a bias in the press against Italians and perhaps even because August is usually a slow month for news and the press exaggerated the story for lack of a

While most in the press would probably agree that these questions are legitimate, there are considerable arguments that the inquiry has been appropriate.

As the first woman to be nominated by a major party for the vice-presidency. Ms. Ferraro has re-ceived the unusually heavy press coverage that comes with being a pioneer at anything, compounded by the importance of the office she is seeking. She is also new to the national scene, and unlike other candidates, has never before been subject to any serious degree of public examination. Certainly, a careful look at every

aspect of any candidate's life is to be expected, and by accepting the nomination, Ms. Ferraro tacitly agreed to step into the crucible and be tested by the press just as have public figures before her. Mr. Zaccaro, as the first male

spouse of a vice-presidential candidate, is the subject of exceptional Nancy Reagan, Joan Mondale and press interest because of that alone.

Zaccaro Put Off Hearing nated July 19 as Walter F. Mon-

NEW YORK - John A. Zac-

caro obtained postponement of a June hearing into his handling of an elderly woman's estate so the matter would not "interfere" with the Democratic National Convention, which subsequently chose his nce, a court referee has disclosed. The referee, Jonathan A. Wein-

stein, said after Thursday's rescheduled hearing that Mr. Zaccaro and his lawyer had "moved to postpone" the hearing from June 28 because "they didn't want to interfere with the convention." Mr. estate and I still do." Zaccaro's wife, Representative The judge in the case reserved Geraldine A. Ferraro, was nomi- decision.

dale's running mate. Mr. Weinstein said he had sug-gested that if the hearing were held

in June as scheduled, the matter would "blow over" but that he had consented to the postponement. He made the remarks after Mr. Zacwife as the vice-presidential nomi-

Mr. Zaccaro testified that in borrowing \$175,000 from the estate for his business, "I felt that I was doing the right thing at the time with the

Quiche May Be Politically Dangerous ed Nations, to Representative Jack RNA, the biochemical corner-tists who have been puzzled as to Kemp saying "the Democrats were stones of life, were so fragile that how these changes relate to normal experienced political experts in the convention, found that some things they would be destroyed within cell function. DALLAS — Does a real man, a field: a handful of Richard M. Nixdid not change. Chatting with a conservative activist, Phyllis - former professional quarterback on's former aides. and would-be future president, eat William Greene Schlafly, at a party, he asked how she kept her stender figure. She William Greener, communica-Marcel Kreusch, Restaurateur, Dies tions director of the Republican quiche? Apparently not. 'Representative Jack Kemp of New York took one bite of his

satisage-and-mushroom quiche at a breakfast Thursday and blanched. With a rapid-fire calculation of the political implications of his breaklast cuisine, he said, "This isn't a populist breakfast," and added: "And let it be said that Jack Kemp didn't eat his quiche." (Newsday) It was quiche, he was told.

noticed a clear plastic fork on the awn. He picked it up, brushed it off and put it in his pocket. "That's the way you save mon-ry," he said with a grin. (NYT)

The convention has gotten an extra boost from some of the most

Underground Fire Disrupts Boston

The Associated Press BOSTON — Restaurants closed, pars filled up and police moved in o prevent looting after an under-

ground fire forced Boston Edison Co. to cut power to a 20-block area don't expect." n the city center, part of which entained without electricity Fri-Power was cut just before rush nour Thursday afternoon after smoke swirled from manhole covers, aggravating traffic jams and

orcing one hospital to rely on

mergency generators. The police

eported no disturbances. The fire was started by a short rircuit, a Boston Edison spokesman said. It was nearly midnight before service was restored to the rity's main shopping district. Utili-ty officials said service to the Chination section would be restored Friday afternoon.

National Committee, said the for-

CONVENTION NOTEBOOK

mer Nixon aides "have been associated with some of the smoothestrunning political events in modern

The convention manager is Ron Walker, Mr. Nixon's former advance chief. Dwight L. Chapin, Mr. Nixon's former appointments sec-retary, helped to script the six convention sessions. Steve Bull, once Mr. Nixon's personal assistant, ran the control booth.

Mr. Greener, rejecting suggestions that their presence might prove embarrassing, called the group honest, decent, hard-working, superintelligent, superorgan-ized sorts of individuals." (UPI)

Among the meals served during convention festivities: a pink con-somme dotted with Beluga caviar for the presidential party, and, for diplomats, beef Wellingtons topped by American eagles in pastbas relief. Dessert was miniature White Houses in white chocolate. Said Joe Fisher, whose Fairmont Hotel catered to the diplomats: "1 myself do not push Tex-Mex at all. We try to show something they don't expect." (LAT)

Who says the Republican Party does not encourage diversity? During the 20-minute floor demonstration for Mr. Reagan, groups with signs in evidence included "Coneheads for Reagan," carried by an appropriately pointy-headed young man; "Soccer Players for Reagan;" and Mythical Wild Texas Women for Reagan." (LAT)

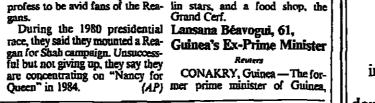
Waiter Cronkite, who was in the anchor booth 20 years ago when conservative delegates who nominated Senator Barry M. Goldwater for president boosed journalists at the Republican's Son Francisco replied: "I get my exercise getting out of my chair to turn off CBS News," according to the Dallas Times Herald's society columnist, Nancy Smith.

Cab drivers kept busy shuttling delegates and others who refused to walk even short distances in the stifling heat. "Every cab driver in Dallas should vote Republican out of appreciation for the convensaid a cabbie, William Pow-(LAT)

Ladies Against Women, a satirical group, cooked up a federal deficit bake sale Thursday featuring Hostess Twinkies at \$9 billion

"You have to sell a lot of Hostess Twinkies to raise \$200 billion," the chef, and said a member of the California- co-director. based group who called herself Mrs. Chester Cholesterol. Mrs. Cholesterol, who at one combined classic elegance with

point wore britions bearing slogans country charm, such as "Td Rather Be Ironing," In Brussels, Mr. Kreusch also and her colleagues, Mrs. T. Bill owned l'Ecailler du Palais Royal, a Banks and the Rev. Jerry Fallout, seafood restaurant with two Miche During the 1980 presidential Lansana Béavogui, 61,





Queen" in 1984.

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Lansana Béavogui, 61, under arrest where he had been held since the PARIS - Marcel Krensch, 70, a since a military coup in April, died director of La Villa Lorraine res- Aug. 18, officials confirmed.

taurant in Brussels, died Thursday La Villa Lorraine is considered

among the top restaurants in the world. In 1972, it was the first res-

he became ill and died in a prison from Paris.]

coup.
[The Paris-based Guinean

Before the coup, Mr. Beavogui League for Human Rights said Mr. was considered a likely successor to

Réavogui apparently died of natuPresident Ahmed Sékou Toure,
who died in March.

Béavogui apparently died of natural causes in Conakry after a diabetic condition worsened, United The officials said Thursday that Press International reported earlier



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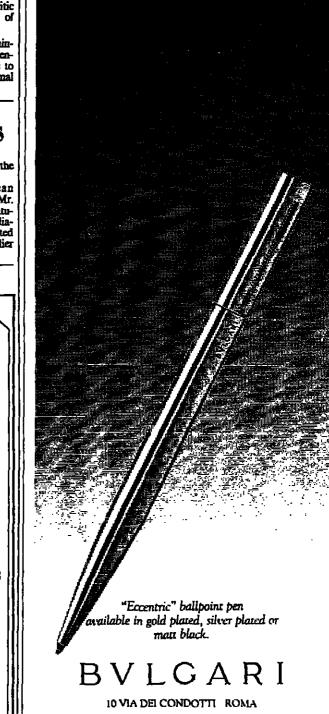
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- Easter Islanders Discover Discontent

Identity Problem Crops Up on a Lonely Speck in Pacific

By Edward Schumacher New York Times Service

HANGA ROA, Easter Island of The 1,900 people of this tiny dot in and the South Pacific are grumbling. Chile. 2,350 miles (3,800 kilometers) to the east, claimed the island

96 years ago. But today, after years of tranquillity, many of the islanders are jobless, poor and question-> ing whether they are Polynesian or Latin American.

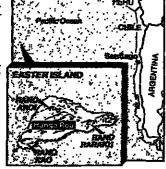
"We feel like birds on a lonely 🕠 island," said Margarita Pakarati, a 38-year-old housewife. "No one feeds them."

The protests against the rule of General Augusto Pinochet have not spread here. Nor has the repression. The islanders, buffered by distance, say they hardly expect to have any effect on mainland politics.

But the rumblings of discontent are common. Many demand a re-turn to democracy after 11 years of military rule. Others want to turn their back altogether on Chile and the "conties," as they call the people from the continent

"Let them fight between themselves," Julio Atan, 26, said. "I don't care if they die over there." In a rarity in this era of antiimperialism, many also say they want independence from Chile to join either France or the United States, though there is no organized

independence movement. Governor Sergio Rapu, 34, a U.S.-educated anthropologist who was appointed in January as the ster Islander to be governor.



said that, beyond political differences, the discontent was immediately spurred by the lack of jobs by transportation costs for goods from the mainland that often

make them unaffordable. The islanders grew food, fished and tended sheep in a mostly subsistence economy until the United States built a satellite tracking station here in the late 1960s.

Many got their first salaried jobs with the Americans and spinoff construction projects but lost them after Salvador Allende Gossens, a Marxist was elected president in 1970 and the Americans pulled out. Tourism and Chilean government construction belped fill the gap, but the three-year depression on the mainland has hurt that.

But more fundamentally, Governor Rapu and others said, the plight of many islanders is a natural phenomenon of a traditional society resisting modernity at a time that its integration into Chile

"I don't know if they feel Chilean," said Patricia Vargas, a University of Chile anthropoligist who is helping organize an international conference on eastern Polynesia here next month. "They feel Easter

archaeologists coming to the conference next month is Thor Heyerdahl the Norwegian whose ocean ings in a raft have led to theories that South American Indians helped settle Easter Island and Pol-

Shrouded in historical mystery and rich in sailing lore, Easter Island is referred to by residents as "the navel of the world."

This is the eastern limit of Polynesia, and sailors and scientists for centuries have been awestruck by hundreds of giant stone statues left by ancient Polynesian people. No one knows why the statues were built, or why, in the middle of chiseling, the sculpturing stopped.

Mrs. Vargas, who has lived here for eight years, said she had yet to find similarities between the statues, called "meais," some of which some mysterious spiritual revelation may have stopped the sculp-

gists to be farther from another human settlement than any other spot on earth, is almost midway between Tahiti and South America. The nearest inhabited place, almost 1,200 miles away, is Pitcairn Island, settled in 1790 by mutineers from

the HMS Bounty. Hanga Roa, a hilly collection of small, shaded houses looking out onto the ocean, is the only village. The rest of the island, 8 miles by 15 miles at its widest point, is mostly grassy and includes three dormant

Named by a Dutchman who landed on Easter Sunday in 1722, the island had been visited by seafarers from a variety of nations. A Chilean Naval vessel in 1888 was the first to claim it formally, although French priests had earlier converted the islanders to Catholi-

The ties to Tahiti, still a French sion, remain strong. Many Easter Islanders own land and work in Tahiti, and about 50 of them regularly travel back and forth on biweekly flights on the Chilean national airline.

"We like to live freely," said Ita Tepano, 20. "We like to get up when we want, and fish for our Among the anthropologists and food. The Chileans don't live that

> But the process of integration is evident. Many of the islanders have served in the Chilean armed forces, studied on the continent under gov ernment subsidies or worked there. Although they speak a Polynesian dialect among themselves, they are also fluent in Spanish. The island is a Chilean province, like Hawaii is an American state.

> "We have our feet in both worlds," said Pedro Pua. 68, a dark and wiry Polynesian sporting a baseball cap inscribed "Tahiti

Chilean development of Easter Island began in earnest in 1965, but took on added priority two years ago, after Argentina lost a war with Britain over the Falkland Islands in the Atlantic

The Pinochet government plans stand more than 30 feet (9.12 meters) high, and other artifacts. She speculated that war, pestilence or and military links. The airport is being enlarged, and direct satellite television transmission from the continent is being installed.

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Locals discussing the question of independence from Chile at the foot of one of Easter Island's ancient stone statues.

Pipeline Inspections by U.S. Are Lax, Agency Charges

illion kilometers) of pipelines, which carry carry natural gas and hazardous liquids such as petro-

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The Associated Press agency of Congress, reported that WASHINGTON — The Gener-24 percent of 666 federally regulatal Accounting Office has charged ed interstate facilities received a that the U.S. government is not comprehensive inspection in 1981 adequately inspecting natural gas and 17 percent in 1982. Some operators "had been inspected only About 1.75 million miles (2.8 once in a five-year period while

others had never been inspected." From 1973 to 1983, 372 people died as a result of pipeline accileum, petroleum products and an-dents, according to the Transportahydrons ammonia, are subject to tion Department. More than 3.585 federal safety standards. The re- people were injured, the great maport says the Transportation De-jority in gas pipeline failures during partment's goal is to perform a the same period. In addition, milcomprehensive inspection of each lions of barrels of hazardous liqpipeline operator once each year. uids have been spilled in pipeline The GAO, the investigating leaks.

Those Who Fail May End Up in Potter's Field in Yugoslavia By Brendan Murphy and immigration officer of the Ca-Insernational Herald Trib nadian Embassy in Belgrade, said NOVI SIP, Yugoslavia - Along

the edge of the tiny cemetery lost amid corn fields outside the small Serbian village of Novi Sip there is a sort of potter's field, a row of about a dozen nameless graves marked only by rude boards and

The local people who buried these unknown dead assume that they are Romanians, refugees from the country visible through the midsummer haze across the Danabe River. It is assumed they died while attempting to swim to freedom in Yugoslavia.

The Danube marks the border between the two socialist countries for about 150 miles (240 kilometers) and narrows in the cliff-bound stretch called the Iron Gate, north of here. There the distances to cross are shorter, but the waters are fast and treacherous. Guard towers stand along the Romanian shore.

Those who drown or are shot attempting the Iron Gate crossing are swept downstream into the floodgates of the Djerdap hydroelectric station. The bodies recovered there are buried in the cemetery at Novi Sip. The Romanian authorities are said to refuse to accept the bodies for burial.

But for every Romanian who has died, hundreds have successfully crossed the Damibe and the land borders further north to reach Yugoslavia. There they seek political asylum with the office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees in Belgrade.

Besides Romanians, each year about 3,000 East Europeans, including Czechoslovaks, Hungarians, Poles, Bulgarians, Albanians and even a few Soviet citizens, come to the UN refugee office in Beigrade. Neither the UN agency

nor the Yugoslav authorities are eager to publicize the activity.

"The UNHCR doesn't want to upset the Yugoslavians," said a Western diplomat stationed in Relgrade, "and the Yugoslavians don't want to upset their neighbors."

The case of the Romanians, who are fleeing the dictatorship of President Nicolae Ceaucescu or the severe economic conditions he has imposed on the country to repay its foreign debts, is probably the most

Robert Romano, first secretary this refugee flow was "an irritant rather than a major issue" between Yugoslavia and the other socialist

Romanian Refugees Battle Danube

states involved. "It's been going on for a long time," Mr. Romano added. The UN High Commissioner has had an office in Belgrade since 1976 and has been working with Yugoslavia on refugee matters since Hungary's uprising in 1956.

Many of the East bloc refugees now enter Yugoslavia legally, as tourists, then turn to the UN office. But a UN official said many are refused because they do not meet UN requirements.

Refugees must offer reasonable proof that they would face persecution if they returned to their own country. Also, the UN source said, a "green light" must be given by the (ugoslav anthonities in each case. The UN official declined to pro-

vide figures, but other sources suggested that Romanians accounted for at least one-third of the 3,000 small UN refugee office in Bel-

Beijing Bans Violence by Store Clerks

BEIJING — Clerks have been prohibited from hitting customers under new rules to improve service in Beijing's stores, the China Daily said Fri-

"Anyone who strikes a customer will be fired. Three persons have been dismissed this year," The English-language paper reported.

The move ends guaranteed

job security, which meant that employees occasionally attacked customers without fear of being fired.

An official survey of 319 Beijing stores in June found that of 3,322 assistants, 978 were polite to customers, 2,230 were indifferent and 114 were

About half these Romanians reach Yugoslavia by swimming the Danube. The others come on foot across the 200-mile (320-kilometer) land border. Among those who have successfully taken the water route is Alexandru Szuder, 34, a professional photographer from

Spice us C

Bucharest. When he first tried to swim the river in May 1981, he was fished out with a boat book by a Romanian border patrol and sent to prison for seven months. There he met another would-be escaper, who had been caught three times, and the two men resolved to try again.

"He knew the route well and I hoped to succeed with him," said Mr. Szuder, interviewed in Belgrade where he was awaiting an American visa

In April, the two men went by train from Bucharest to a village outside the border town of Orsova. They then hiked for three days to

reach a crossing spot.
At the last moment, Mr. Szuder's companion could not be persuaded to go on. Mr. Szuder resolved to swim the river alone despite having broken his left wrist in a fall.

The 400-yard (365-meter) crossing exhausted him, and a critical moment came as he tried to haul himself out of the water up a steep rock face, his broken wrist twisted out of shape by his exertions. Yet be managed to claw his way out of

the water. "There was no other choice."

Mr. Szuder said. He then walked for two hours, hitchhiking after he reached a road. The third car to come along brought him to the Yugoslav town of Kladovo, where he surrendered to the local police.

Mr. Szuder is one of the lucky ones. A Yugoslav source said residents of Tekija, upstream from the Djerdap dam, have seen flares over the river in the middle of the night and have heard shots fired.

Some of the unsuccessful refugees wind up in the potter's field of Novi Sip. The local authorities are sensitive about it. Two policemen demanded credentials and questioned this reporter at length after he had visited and photographed the gravesites. Romanians are buried in Ro-

mania," one said. "Only Yugoslavs are buried in Yugoslavia.

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WASHINGTON - The De-Germany, a pipe 273 feet (83.5 meiense Department has released deters) long and six inches (15.3 centithe pipelines would be filled with a tails of an anti-tank system of unmeters) in diameter, containing 3,500 pounds (1,587 kilograms) of derground pipelines filled with liquid explosives that has been testliquid explosive called nitromethane or a liquid mixture containing explosives, blew out a ditch 30 feet ed in West Germany and South to 40 feet wide and 10 feet to 14 feet

U.S. Describes Pipeline Defense Against Tanks

"It's a concept we want to explore with our allies," a Pentagon spokesman, Michael I. Burch, said Thursday.

By Wayne Biddle

New York Times Service

But a West German Defense Ministry spokesman in Bonn said Thursday that neither NATO nor the West German Army had plans to install a barrier system along the border. "There is no example in history that any strategic barrier has been successful," he said.

The spokesman said that although West Germany had taken part in experiments with liquid explosives, the purpose was to invesigate devices that could be used in imited tactical situations rather than as strategic barriers.

Burch said that in a recent experiment by the army at Vielseck, West Mr. Burch said such pipelines

passes through mountains or hills dreds of miles long, or astride what officers call choke "You could conce; points. In times of crisis, the pipe- series of these pipes and blow lines would be filled with liquid ditches faster than the other fellow explosive and detonated before en- can fill them up," Mr. Burch said, emy armor arrived. In the Vielseck experiment, he

said, U.S. M-60 tanks and West German Leopards were unable to cross the ditch created by the ex-

The Army Corps of Engineers
Waterways Experiment Station in Vicksburg, Mississippi, is studying the concept, according to an army spokesman. The military budget authorization bill for fiscal year

approved, would provide about \$1 An army spokesman said that

explosives known as BDA-105. believed to have decreased as
This new technology is referred awareness has grown of their deto as anti-armor ditching, the structiveness and problems of conspokesman said. It is not necessarwould be planted in strategic ily meant for border barriers hun-

> adding: "It would put his bulldozers in jeopardy, too."

Since the 1960s, the army and Marine Corps have maintained an inventory of hundreds of atomic demolition munitions in Europe and South Korea for purposes similar to the proposed underground

Ranging in explosive power from less than the equivalent of 1,000

signed to disrupt enemy armored divisions and force them to concentrate in small areas. Although research into atomic

demolitions has continued, the

number of such mines deployed is

trol in the chain of command. According to army testimony before Congress, Warsaw Pact tanks outnumber NATO tanks by 43,500 to 13,000. Not all of the Warsaw Pact tanks are believed ready for

battle or even intended for use outside Eastern Europe, however. The international Institute for Strategic Studies in London estimates the numbers at about 25,000

tanks for the Warsaw Pact and 21,000 for NATO. The army's testimony in recent years has supported expenditure of billions on anti-armor weapons, especially the development of socalled smart munitions guided by

Hong Kong Journalists Fear Curbs Under China

HONG KONG - Many Hong Kong journalists are looking with trepidation to 1997, the year China will repossess Hong Kong, because they believe a new pro-Communist government might curtail press

Apart from Japan, Hong Kong enjoys the freest press in Asia, with 67 newspapers and 436 periodicals serving a population of 5.5 million. Newspaper readership in this British colony is among the highest in the world. More than 300 copies are printed for every 1,000 people, or three times higher than the

world average. News organizations have traditionally played an important role in press freedom to Richard Evans Hong Kong because neither the law-making Legislative Council nor the policy-making Executive Council is elected.

ability to an electorate, the press is the only public watchdog on gov-

In the absence of a political opposition and government account-

ernment excesses. China has promised to keep Hong Kong's capitalist life-style intact for half a century after it resumes sovereignty in 1997, when

freedom will also be preserved:

and Hong Kong have different concepts of press freedom. News-papers in China must follow the government line, in contrast to Hong Kong's press, which is con-strained only by libel and obscenity

In a recent survey of 50 journalists by the Hong Kong Journalists Association, 44 said they were concerned about a threat to press freedom, and 42 suggested the association take some form of action. The association sent a letter on

and Zhou Nan, heads of the British and Chinese teams negotiating Hong Kong's future. "We are deeply concerned that this basic freedom scarcely seems to have been mentioned in the ne-

gotiations," it said. "There can be little doubt that the freedom which the media have enjoyed has greatly contributed to the territory's success and well-being "Any curb on that freedom

would have serious implications for

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Say Press Freedom Issue Is Scarcely Mentioned in Talks on Colony's Future

colony's territory expires. Wang Yi, vice chairman of the All-China Journalists Association, says press

the territory's future develop- Hong Kong's prosperity, which Chinese authorities are committed to preserve. Some people say a loss of press freedom would not be so important if Hong Kong can maintain its prosperity. But Cliff Bale, chair-man of the journalists' association, But journalists worry that China

> "Press freedom is one of the pillars supporting Hong Kong," he hoods. said. "If you remove one pillar, the "If C territory might collapse like a pack of cards."

would not be a crackdown on the that press freedom in Hong Kong press because that could harm can be maintained," he added.

views the two issues as almost in-

He said he was optimistic there

Los Angeles Times Service MOSCOW — American-style Tshirts have become the latest bat-tleground in the Soviet Communist

own versions of the popular apparel with more ideologically accept-able messages. T-shirts with designs and slogans commemorating the 40th anniversary of the defeat of Nazi Germany will be produced in great numbers, a Soviet official

er, since demand for T-shirts with foreign language inscriptions has become so great that factories have started making them secretly. A ride on the Moscow subway or a walk in Gorki Park indicates that as \$30 on the black market, accord-

izvestia, the government news-

probably will allow diverse opin-ions in Hong Kong," he said. "At the same time, the HKJA and jour-

"I think Chinese authorities

nalists in general have to be on their guard against any attempt to control their profession and liveli-"If China wants the two-system format to work, and if Hong Kong is prepared to go along and make it work, I think there is a fair chance

T-Shirts in Russia Become Site of Battle for Influence

By William J. Eaton

Party's war against Western influences on the young.

Soviet officials have indicated

It may be a long struggle, howev-

dozens of young people as well as some middle-aged persons are fol-lowing this fashion trend.

not even understand the legends written across their chests.

The anti-Communist slogan "Better Dead Than Red" has been seen on some garmets, apparently worn by Soviet citizens. Other Tshirts carry the slogan "Invest in Inflation," a rather meaningless they would start producing their motto in a country with government-controlled prices. A young woman, an Izvestia

writer said, had on a T-shirt that advertised: "Pay Up and I'm The main motivation, according to letters from young people to

newspapers, is to stand out from the crowd with different clothing. no matter what its cost or origin. "The loreign label is the big attraction," a young Muscovite said.
"And everyone is tired of slogans."
American T-shirts sell for as much

ing to Soviet sources. But to the party faithful, each garment represents an ideological gain for the West or symbolizes paper, said that some of those veschism, a Russian word correwearing the Western clothes did sponding to materialism.

believed to have decreased as

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ARTS/LEISURE

Modigliani as Sculptor: The Face as Ornament

By Edith Schloss

town centers on his stature as a and very rough.
sculptor, rather than his painting for which he is best known.

The question is not whether these works are really Modiglian's. for which he is best known.

Modigliani was born of a Jewish family in Livorno in 1884. He art. He arrived there in 1906 at the them?

In 1909, after a momentous meeting with the young Constantin Brancusi, the Romanian sculptor, and a trip with him back to his native marble coast — the workshops and marries around Carrara - he turned to sculpture in Livorno. He rented a studio near one of the city's many canals to spend eight months working there.

The story was that before his

return to Paris, wondering what to do with his new work, which was heavy and costly to transport, he deep.

went to the Cafe Bardi, a hangout However, these crude pieces, of local artists and intellectuals, to ask their advice. To his question:
"Where can I leave my stones?" the reply was: "Dump them in the ditch." So there and then, impetuous and flamboyant as he was, he , nearby bridge and tilted them into

anniversary of his birth, Vera
Durbé, the director of the Villa Maria Museum in Leghorn, followed her hunch that the legend was fact and set in motion a longcherished project of dredging the Royal Canal near Modigliani's studio. The first results were two sculpted stones that came to light on July 24. Another was discovered

After some squabbling with the provincial office of fine arts at Pisa, which claims chief authority over identification and other bureaucratic matters, the stones were incorporated in the show. Further

- dredging is continuing.
The first two stones — one of granite from the nearby island of Elba, the other of greenish porous oietra serena — have on one side, a large round or oval shape, flatly hewn. Each shape is divided down its center by a cluster of stylized human features: a pair of long rounds like peach pits, the eyes; a

mouth. In the third stone, the long IVORNO, Italy—One hundred straight nose has a pair of brown years after his birth, an exhibit feathering out over the eyes. This is in Amedeo Modigliani's home all deceptively simple, a little exotic

For who would perpetrate such an elaborate hoax in which there is no trained as a painter in Italy, but material gain? The question is: Are later, like his contemporaries, was they really finished sculptures and drawn to Paris, then the mecca of was Modigliani satisfied with

> Of course they are not finished. They are rough-outs. They are blocks of material on which a new sculptor, already a sensitive artist, tried his hand. They are like something a painter does on his sketch pad, the germs of ideas. That is the real reason Modigliani disposed of them at the suggestion of jokers. Painters can always shred a canvas believed to be a failure: a sculptor has a harder time deleting an unsuccessful effort. So Modigliani consigned his rough-outs to the

Modigliani's sculptural concept at an embryonic stage, are useful to us. They provide an insight into his

development.
One of his first finished sculptures at the show here, the 1911 "Head" lent from the Georges loaded his stones onto a charcoal"Head" lent from the Georges
burner's cart, wheeled them to a Pompidou Center in Paris, has a rough-out on its back side quite similar to the faces on the newly found stones. A straight line leads from the stone "sketches" from the Livorno canal to the square monolith and other heads, then to the whole sequence of Modigliam's portraiture in paint.

Here, as later, the great interest is the human face as one great ornament. It is always frontal. It is always a flat, moonlike or elongated oval, traversed vertically down the middle by a sprig of features gathered around the fine long nose as if it were a stalk with whorls and whimsical flourishes of fine clean

Although the show contains only three mature sculptures, from 1911 to 1912, its emphasis on Modiglia-m's stature as a sculptor is justified.

The hardness of stone, its demand for an ordered systematic approach, was the right foil for his leaning toward overrefinement.

Modigliani the sculptor was strict with himself. He put the decorative er technique of painting values he found in the Khmer,

There his facility for mannerism



One of the carved stones recovered from the canal.

sophistication, the Art Deco taste often repeated! Nor was ever an

The many drawings here of the

There are also a few examples of guorous charm, found less resistance to his indulgences in the easi"Modigliani" — The Sculpture

of his time were held in check. artist worse served by his imitators. Stylization was perfectly balanced It is their doing that Modigliani's and tauz, a knife's edge away from most superficial qualities are imprinted on everyone's memory.

The best oil here is of the painter sculpture period, caryatids and Moise Kisling, of 1915, the facial heads, are in ample curves, the line planes honed deliciously, almond not at all the fluid mark of the eyes squinting, "L'Enfant Gras" of eyes squinting, "L'Enfant Gras" of painter but the almost scratchy, the same year is also of a sculptural finely chiseled effort of the carver. cut, the young girl's lips as if made Small portrait drawings are elegant, as if cut by a pocket knife. Woman" of 1910 and a supposed They are as fascinating and precise portrait of Picasso, which are either weak works by Modigliani or fakes.

Because of his illness, Modigliani the kind of portrait painting that had to give up carving around 1912 made Modigliani's worldwide and only made paintings from then fame. They are all frontal too, on which, apart from some hauntmany broody and nocturnal, of a ing erotic nudes, were mostly porsharp tautness, the flesh in pinks traits. The loss is ours. This exhibit, and evening-sky reds. The young relatively small, but contained and Mediterranean, already tainted by interesting brings out Modigliani's disease and too much absinthe, originality as a sculptor, his most loved by his fellow artists and the serious and consistent quest for girls of Montparnasse for his lan-structure, so tragically cut short in

Years." Museo Progressivo D'Arte Contemporanea Comune di Livorno, Egyptian and early Greek art in the and sentiment could run free. Oh, Villa Maria. Livorno, Via Redi 22, very long narrow bar, the nose; and below that, like the point of exclamation mark, a pouty little thing to good use. Symmetry and faces bending on swan necks, so Closed Mondays.

19th-Century Silver, Furniture Soar

SOUREN MELIKIAN ish on the world record that had thus been established by the Achil-

les shield, as it is called, for a single It is also the highest price that has ever been paid for any 19th-century objet d'art. It is the most spectacular of several recent indications that 19th-century art is set

Concerning decorative art, the trend became noticeable this year as never before.

The boom has had sensational effects in two categories: silver and

The case of the £484,000 shield provides an ideal illustration to the appreciation of 19th-century silver in relationship to earlier silver in the past 40 years or so. The piece was designed by the great English neoclassical sculptor John Flaxman. He did the final sketches in 1814, molded the plaster model himself and eventually had four pieces cast. The first one, which appeared at the coronation banquet of George IV in 1821, has been in the British royal collection since then: the other three have all been seen at auction since World War II. The cast executed for the Earl of

onsdale realized £520 at Christie's in 1947, one tenth of what a sensational 18th-century piece might have fetched at that time. The second piece, commissioned

by the Duke of York, was sold for \$40,000 (about £16,000 at that time) in May 1973 at Sotheby Parke Bernet in Los Angeles. The same season the highest price paid for a silver piece predating the 19th century was £41,000 offered at John Culme, Sotheby's 19thcentury was £41,000 offered at John Culme, Sotheby's 19th-cen-Sotheby's in November 1972 for a tury silver expert whose mono-

By Kevin Noblet

says he never wanted to live so long

but accepts old age "as a blessing in

as a blessing in disguise. You have to turn them into beauty."

Borges, considered by critics to

Blind since the age of 56, his

clutches a cane to still a slight trem-

bling in his hands, and there are

UENOS AIRES - Jorge Luis

Borges, who turned 85 Friday.

AST MAY a silver-gilt shield cups done in 1645 "for the Kerk of is the current reference book on the Hadingtoune," as an inscription subject, notes that almost nothing specifies. The shield, which carries is known about David Ellis, except Sotheby's for £484,000. The En- a famous artist's name and is a for a few marked pieces. Not only glish auction house dwelt with rel- much more ambitious piece of is the silversmith obscure but so work, is far more important to were the pairons whose arms are 19th-century art than the commu-nion cups are to 17th-century sil-tached to the sides of the wagons. ver. It is also heavier, a consider- The huge price, £121,000, was ation that matters when assessing therefore paid entirely for the sake the value of antique silver. Given of the objects, in contrast to the the differences, it means that rare Achilles shield, surrounded by the 17th-century silver in 1972-73 was aura of history attached to its cre-

> In the 1983-84 season the highest price for a piece of silver predating the 19th century was \$250,000 offered by Paul de Lamerre at Christie's, New York, last October for a coffee pot. Granting that these fig-ures should be given an absolute significance -- no 17th- or 18thcentury silver sold in 1983-84 remotely compares in importance and size with the Achilles shield they may nevertheless be construed as symbols of a drastic shift in relative value. To say the least, 19th-century silver in the neoclassical taste is nearing parity with earlier silver, which would have seemed unthinkable even two or three years

An even more surprising rise is that of the neo-roccoo style characterized by an exuberance of chiseled foliage and abstract scrolling motifs that became fashionable in England in the late Regency period, around 1825-30. In the sale that included the Achilles shield, there was also a large pair of silver-gilt in the manner favored in 17th-cen-wagons — oblong stands — each tury Florence, semiprecious stone carrying two wine coasters crumbling under an excess of rococo ornament. The pair, weighing 354 ounces, was made in 1829 and carries the stamp of a jeweler and

ry baroque is signed by Bernhard Ludwig of Vienna, Dated from the 880s, it climbed to an unthinkable £115,000, setting the record for any piece of 19th-century furniture. Another cabinet of inferior craftsmanship fetched £60,500. A third cabinet, which is not a pastiche, is superior to the second and carries the signature of the Rome cabinetmaker Giovanni Battista Gatti. fetched exactly the same price. Two years ago, such pieces would have sold at best for one third of this than important early 19th-century silver, but at least 500 or 600 percent more. year's price. In the early '60s, they might have gone for about a fifti-

As with silver, the stylistic diverin the trade leave no doubt that the sity shows that the change is not most diverse styles cultivated by linked to any new interest in one the adventurous silversmiths of the given aesthetic trend. The buvers 19th century are undergoing a willing to pay these vast prices come from very different quarters. The pieces must be big, ornate and well-documented. The huge prices A Saudi Arabian businessman Mehdi at-Tajir, is described by pro-fessional sources as the driving force behind the rise of 19th-centupaid last season reflected to a large extent the research work done esther by the sale cataloger ty silver-silt of enormous size with Culme's entry to the Achilles shield highly elaborate ornament. He rereads like a scholarly article - or in portedly acquired the £484,000 the learned literature before. That Achilles shield and a pair of George III sideboard dishes for £286,000. is an interesting market indication. It implies that the buyers are new-

comers anxious for security. Precisely the same may be observed in furniture.

A month after the silver-gilt sale, Century Ceramics and Sculpture: Works of Art and Furniture" took place, again at Sotheby's, Featured on the catalog cover was a cabinet on stand in baroque style. Pietra dura panels with floral decoration insets and silver mounts all set off by the ebonized base gave it a flashy appearance. The stand was a bit of a joke with its gilt-wood merman and mermaid clinging to the legs while turning around to look at two chubby little fellows in the

While each of these purchases can be seen as a separate case, taken together they point to a new focus on the 19th century at large.

laid with ivory.

London-based Middle Eastern

dealer aiming at the Saudi Arabian market bought the two neo-Renais-

sance cabinets. But there are other interested parties. The Italian cabi-

net went to a New York buyer who

has previously displayed interest in

19th-century furniture similarly in

That is further demonstrated by prices that were paid last season in highly specialized fields of collecting that one might not think at first of relating to those offered for sil-

In Paris, for example, the auctioneer Hervé Chayette who has made considerable efforts to develop sales of clocks, watches and aumata, with the help of the expert Jean-Claude Sabrier, held his spring sale five days after Sotheby's furniture auction. It included a snuffbox incorporating a watch done by the Swiss maker Philippe Meylan in Geneva around 1815, Three enameled miniatures decorated the successive compartments the last one in an erotic style antici-Borges is the Nobel Prize for litera-ture. He has been a candidate for of the second half of the century. Four miniature automata in five different shades of gold further spiced the attraction, sending the piece up to 1.03 million francs, an enormous price paid by a French

> There is good reason to believe that the tide should sooner or later

'La Triche' Introduces the Bisexual Detective

By Thomas Quint Curtiss

International Ferald Tribuse PARIS — "La Triche," which Yannick Bellon has written and and a satire on social mores.

The cocaine-sniffing patron of a transvestite cabaret in Bordeaux is murdered and a respected police commissioner is called upon to solve the crime. The commissioner is a solid citizen of the upper-class society of the realm. He is happily married and a proud father. He also has homosexual inclinations. While interviewing the personnel of the cabaret he becomes infatuat-

MOVIE MARQUEE

ed with a young musician of the nightclub's orchestra. This handsome youth is also the champion of the district's rugby team. They en-

laugh. A spiteful sister-in-law goes of the newcomer, and the third is to break the news to the commissioner's wife. The wife haughtily allows that she is aware her hus-band has occasional affairs. "But this one is with the rugby man," declares the sister-in-law, and the

missioner provides an expert characterization suggesting the under-lying insecurity of the honored citizen. Xavier Deluc, making his screen debut as the musician, is versatile and has an assured presence. He is a promising newcomer sinister spell. to the French cinema. Anny Dudufficult role with imposing authority, and Michel Galabru brings a sardonic humor to his double assignment, impersonating the patron who meets murder and then the patron's brother, a fairgrounds roustabout. perey as the worried wife takes the sardonic humor to his double as- pause.

seeks to discuss the right to kill, but is reluctant to take a side on the issue and obscures the matter with gangland rivalries. It emerges as a monotonous movie with constant shoot-outs alternating with dashed

of mother-love sob stuff. The runaway, adolescent daughter of a truck-yard proprietress has become the concubine of a thug. She is an accomplice in a bank robbery that he attempts and she is slain in its aftermath. Thereupon her mother, foaming like a cream pull, sets out to avenge the daughter's death, and the slaughter she accomplishes would have terrified Ivan the Terrible.

Annie Girardot, usually a competent player, as the pistor-packing momma is too occupied with exterminating enemies to have much time for acting, although she sheds the required crocodile tears. After the lengthy orgy of violence Michel

lay. This subject has been treated formance in identical makeup for directed, defuly blends two stories and is at once a milieu melodrama and a satire on social mores.

more effectively in Michael Winther the rest of his life.

Inspired by Whale and a satire on social mores.

Wish II."

> More interesting is "Quartetto Basileus," also a story of the havoc wrought by a created idol but minns the supernatural element. This 1981 Italian film, like several recent ones of quality, was designed for television and, finding public appreciation, is being released in the preciation, is being released in the

It concerns the destiny of a quarremaining three contemplate retirebegs to replace their late colleague, and, impressed by his talent, they accept him and continue their conter into a liaison and their secret is soon whispered.

Whether Bellon intended the key revelation scene to be funny or not is uncertain, but it wins the loudest other dies under the constant strain other dies under the constant strain aided receives an offer for an

There is uncommon subtlety to Fabio Carpi's direction of this somber drama of decay, defeat and death and a literary flavor to the Victor Lanoux as the suave com- scenario, although perhaps too many allusions to Thomas Mann, opment it casts a fascinating and

> "Frankenstein 90," the title of Alain Jessua's new film, gives one

Does it imply that Prankenstein is now a nonagenarian? Is it to inform us that its action transpires in 1990? Or is it a hint that the cinema is making use of the same material for the 90th time?

The movie cribs from Mary Shelley's gothic novel are probably beyond number. The one engineered in 1931 by James Whale, had Boris the way. Yet Cassavetes, as both Karloff as the frightening none- actor and director, is never without

Aumont appears in an epilogue as a such whom a mad professor had judge warning us that one must fashioned from cadavers. The role never be impatient of the law's de-obliged Karloff to repeat his per-

Inspired by Whale's box-office anything in skirts in an endless series of B pictures for the next 50 years. In 1975, Mel Brooks dis-

Jessua, in the latest film version, laces the story in a contemporary French setting and plays it largely tet of veteran musicians. When one for laughs. There are a few "hormember of the company dies the ror" episodes, of course, but, lacking sufficient invention, he has inment. A brilliant young violinist serted excerpts from the Whale original showing Karloff being pursued by a mob of irate peasants.

Eddy Mitchell, the rock singer, is more good-natured giant then spooky living corpse. Now a mod-ern, he knows how to drive a car and how to handle traffic jams, but it might have contributed to the proceedings to have him let loose with a rock number. Jean Roche-fort as his creator is a farcical Fran-

C APSULE comments on films recently released in the United

"Love Streams," directed by

John Cassavetes is a quirky psycho-drama in which Cassavetes plays Robert, a famous author who is writing a book on nightlife and whose nights on the town leave him drunk, bruised and bloody. Running parallel to Robert's story is Sarah's (Gena Rowlands), whose main occupation is visiting sick relatives. The two come together when Sarah comes to live with Robert, and it is revealed that she is his sister. "Cassavetes's work, in 'Love Streams,' as in his earlier films, is as overflowing with emotional constructs as it is barren of other forms of thought," says Janet Maslin of The New York Times. "It's excessive and idiosyncratic all

THE CATALOGUE RAISONNE OF THE COMPLETE WORKS BY ALBERTO GIACOMETTI

Amette Giacometti, widow of the artist Alberto Giacometti, informs that she is establishing the entalogue raisonae of the complete works by Alberto Giacometti (sculpture, paintings, drawings, graphics and decorative objects). She would be grateful to all those who own works by her husband (museums, foodations, art galleries, collectors, etc.) to please write her at the following address:

Annette Giscometti c/o B.P. No. 46 75261 Paris Cedex 06, FRANCE

Personal information (name and address) will remain, in accordance with the collector's wishes, strictly confidential.

She saks all persons who have kept writings by her husband (correspondence, texts, etc.) to please inform her, as these documents often concern his works, so publication whatsoever of these may appear without her authorisation. publication whatsoever of these may appear without her authorization.

She warm the public against catalogues that are published bastily and without governness, so-called raisonné and complete.

"The Jigsaw Man," directed by Terence Young, is a British spy thriller starring Laurence Olivier as success the copycats got busy. Sir Gerald Scaith, head of the Britoccasional pauses in his speech.
Frankenstein's freak was chasing ish Secret Service. Michael Caine But he switches with ease between plays Sir Philip Kimberley, Sir Gerald's predecessor, who long ago defected to the Soviet Union but has now become an alcoholic nuisance to the Russians. Susan George plays Sir Philip's daughter, and Robert Powell her lover. Lawrence Van Gelder of The New York professionals involved, The Jigsaw Man, once it gets going moves briskly through spy literature's familiar landscape of move and countermove enlivened by the vig-

or and variety of Olivier's perfor-

Adolescent friendships and class differences are the themes in "Old Enough," directed by Marisa Silver. The film is a chronicle of the class, and Karen (Rainbow Harsays, "Both young actresses are ap- I'm grateful for things." pealing . . . The film has an es-

an interview in Buenos Aires. advancing age has slowed him physically, but not mentally. He

languages — from Spanish to English, French to German — and can recite long passages of verse from Chancer to Robert Frost. He also continues to work -- "so many things, poems, tales, jottings of different countries" - and continues to travel widely, accepting Times says "with so many seasoned awards from governments and private organizations. His works have been translated into more than 20 languages. When discussing his birthday, he referred to his mother, who lived with him until her death in 1976 at

age 99. "She prayed to God every night to take her away," he said "She lived in fear of being 100." While he contends he feels the same, he admits he continues to ver. The film is a chronicle of the enjoy life.

friendship and the culture clash that spring up between Lonnie (Sarah Boyd), who is from the middle young. I tried my best to be dra-

class, and Karen (Rambow Harmatically unhappy, to be Hamlet or vest), from the lower class. Janet Byron. Of course I wasn't.

Maslin of The New York Times "Now I take things as they are.

pecially clear understanding of the plishments is a Borges trademark power plays that go on between as is his insistence that the Spanish girls of their age."

as is his insistence that the Spanish language is inferior to English. language is inferior to English.

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"I'm just a Spanish writer, and "The Cipher," as significant liter-just an Argentine writer at that," he ary contributions. "The rest should said. "In this country, as in all of South America, nothing has been done. It's important to us, to South America, but not to the world."

Borges Sees Old Age as Gift Disguised

He has published nearly three "I feel sorry about it. No one dozen volumes of short stories, esshould live that long," he said. "But what can you do about it?" says and poetry, but dismisses his awesome output with a shrug. "Blindness, old age, sickness — you have to think of them as gifts, "I've written too many books,

and these are just fragments, rough drafts and jottings. They don't

finest writers, made his remarks in of Sand" and "Dr. Brodie's Re-traditionally conservative political carry those sectors of 19th-century port," and one volume of poetry. views

be forgotten and forgiven," he said. Two of his best received works, "Labyrinths" and "Ficciones," he rejects as "baroque, overwritten."

the honor for two decades. He repeats, as he has for years, that he considers himself "unworthy" of the prize but admits, "I'd

be Latin America's dean of letters

But ne saud ne considers only two

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Manageable if Managed

tremors through the financial world. These are probably ill-founded. The government, poised between the discredited military regime and renascent Peronist populism, has to dispute aspects of the austerity prescription. The IMF, which lends other people's money, has to insist. Disputes automatically take up the time allotted to them, as Mexico is also demonstrating. (See report on page 13.)

The argument, absurdly, is whether workers in Argentina should be given a 6-to-8percent rise in real wages this year. With inflation at 600 percent, it is unlikely that any rise could keep wages ahead of prices.

The world debt problem is a limited one. Countries with regimes as disparate as those of South Korea, India and Algeria are not suffering from it. (Nor are the many poor countries that cannot borrow on the markets --- but that is another story.) The problem debtors are a handful of countries with maturing, resource-rich economies. Their problem is liquidity, not fundamental insolvency.

They could imperil the world banking systems by concerted refusal to service debt; it is doubtful, at present, that they would do so. At Cartagena, in June, their leaders were studiously moderate. For the greater part they are responsible governments, not the Libyas of this world; they have little wish to foreclose all possibility of future market loans. They will meet again before the IMF and World Bank assembly late next month. The creditors must build on Cartagena.

To spawn new institutions is no solution. The need is for change in the attitudes of the governments in the existing institutions.

Inside the present framework, a special fund could alleviate the interest burden, just as the IMF helped poor countries pay their oil bills after the first oil crisis. One problem may be that countries that have not run up

painful debt will want to share the proceeds. It is for the rich countries to ensure that the problem does not degenerate into insolvency. They have to enable the debtors to expand their exports, which has implications for trade policy. And they have to reduce interest rates, with implications for economic policies in general and the U.S. federal budget in particular. The paradox today is

Argentina's dispute with the IMF sends that it is the United States which has become the major importer of capital, driving up interest rates worldwide. Each 1-percent rise in rates increases the interest due from major debtors by as much as \$2 billion. It is claimed that this is no burden because it reflects buoyant American demand. This is cold comfort when, due to a rising dollar, the protectionist shutters go up.

The creditor countries have to open their markets wider to Third World goods. They talk much about rolling back barriers, but action is more concentrated on further protection for copper, steel and textiles, to name but a few products that the debtors could supply. If debtors can't sell, they can't pay, as Germany found out after World War I.

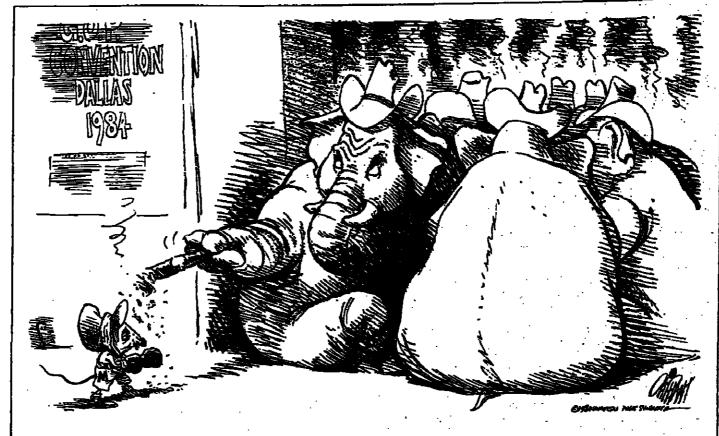
The London summit in June envisaged that existing bank debt be stretched out on less onerous terms. Banks that do this will find their earnings reduced; and the further they stretch debt out, the less certain they are as to the political regimes they will be facing. But the choice for the banks is between orderly and disorderly adjustment.

Debtors have little alternative but to press on with unpopular action to adjust spending to receipts. Here, too, the only choice is whether adjustment is rational and equitable, or results from inflation with all its socially divisive effects. On the brighter side, stabilization is not just a matter of painful import cuts. It leads to the return of flight capital, which has been an important source of weakness for debtors in recent years.

The debtors should also show greater welcome to direct investment by foreign firms. Equity capital does not burden the future as bank borrowing does. What flows out again depends on the profitability of the venture, and if profits are good the proceeds may be ploughed back. Some debtors fear foreign control, but there are many new forms of investment that avoid this.

The problem is still manageable — but it has got to be managed. It is not a question of stopping the growth of debt, since developing countries should absorb capital from the rich, but of recreating the conditions in which capital can flow in search of profit without constant fear of default.

INTERNATIONAL HERALD TRIBUNE.



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In Dallas, the Smuggest Republicans in 36 Years

DALLAS — Not since Thomas E. Dewey thought he was about to take office has an American political party been as complacent and certain of victory as the Republicans who have been meeting here. "Confident" is too mild a term. The ever-optimistic President Reagan expressed the mood precisely, proclaiming at his arrival rally: "We will be America's party." Lee Atwater, the young deputy director of Reagan-Bush 84, warns of the two demons that

can haunt us: complacency and apathy."

Mr. Atwater might prove more prescient than
the beaming orators who have filled the dull hours and rarefied air of this convention with pride, patriotics and predictions of victory everasting. It is hard to imagine these self-satisfied delegates going home to work hard in a cause they seem to consider already triumphant, for a candidate they believe invincible.

A major factor in Republican smugness is the expert stage management of this convention. No controversy was allowed after the gavel fell. The program ran on time. Entries were made and applause rose on cue, while the delegates looked on as if watching television. How could so much forethought and efficiency, projected into the campaign, produce anything less than the expected victory - maybe even, as Mr. Reagan coyly suggested in his arrival speech, a landslide? But even Republican showmanship, while it may conceal the flaws beneath the smooth surface of Republican complacency, cannot banish By Tom Wicker

them. The biggest flaw is a fact that polls seem to show plainly: If Mr. Reagan is re-elected it will be because he is overwhelmingly popular person-ally, not because his policies or his party's appeal have great public acceptance. Nor has his Democratic opponent been able, so far, to make himself appear to be much of a challenger.

And for all the talk here about opening maneu-

vers for 1988, the Republicans do not appear to have promising new horses in the barn. Repre-sentative Jack Kemp got more applause at the start of his unexciting speech than at the end. Howard Baker and Bob Dole, estimable senators both, have been around the track before and finished out of the money. Vice President George Bush, another familiar entrant, would need voodoo politics to win the heart of America's party.

The effect of the 1984 platform, moreover, is to narrow rather than expand Republican ap-peal. Women, the fastest rising power in American politics, have been displayed — in Senator Nancy Kassebaum's phrase — like baubles on a tree. The platform sparns them nevertheless.

The Republican platform expresses a restrictive view of family and religious life and extols an unfettered social Darwinism as an "opportunity society." Unless American political history has no meaning this kind of sharp ideological delimitation cannot broaden the base of a party

that for generations has not represented a major-ity of a challenged and changing people.

It is commonplace here for Republicans from Mr. Bush on down to dismiss the platform as meaningless and irrelevant to Mr. Reagan's cam-paign. That is not the point; of course he will run as good of Ron. But the platform is not irrelevant to women, to excluded minorities, to anyone who knows that the world as seen from the Dallas Convention Center is only one of the many worlds of America - and, without Ronald Reagan, by no means the dominant world.

You would never know, from the oratory or the hotel lobby chatter, that there are only 15 Republican state governors. Democrats control most state legislatures. They will probably expand their majority in the House of Representa-tives and can conceivably — but not probably — recapture the Senate. Without Ronald Reagan the Republican Party would be a weak minority.

His re-election would probably do little to remedy this overall weakness. He would be a lame duck for four years; and presidents are always too concerned with their own programs, purposes and images to put much time and effort into party-building — which in any case often conflicts with the practical business of governing. There is even a hidden question mark hanging

over Mr. Reagan's otherwise excellent prospects the size of the turnout. All signs point to a big increase over 1980, with uncertain consequences.

The New York Times.

Canada Does It Differently

most signals suggest that Prime Minister John N. Turner is running behind. The campaign is an interesting contrast to the parallel exercise in the United States. Expansion of the economy is strengthening President Reagan as he runs for re-election. In Canada the economy is similarly expanding, if not quite so fast, but the effect is quite different.

The U.S. unemployment rate has dropped with startling speed to the current 7.5 percent. In Canada the unemployment rate went higher during the recession and has hardly dropped at all. It is still stuck at 11 percent. That is a curious disparity between two economies that otherwise are much alike.

Canada's unemployment rate is following the West European pattern. This strengthens suspicion that Canada is paying a certain price for having adopted some of the British and French traditions of labor relations and social security. They are generous traditions, but they have made labor markets rigid to a degree that is expressed in continuously high unem-ployment. It is a dilemma for all of the industrial democracies, but Canadians seem to be more torn than most. They are proud of social protections that are significantly broader than those in the United States, but they reproach their government for its inability to generate jobs as the U.S. economy does.

Canadian politics is deeply preoccupied with a dangerous issue that has faded in the United States: conflict among disparate regions. Pierre Elliott Trudeau, prime minister until early this summer, devoted a long and remarkable career to defeating the separatist movement in Quebec and binding Frenchspeakers and English-speakers more closely together. In practice that meant a lot of consions to the two central provinces, Quebec and Ontario, at the expense of the less heavily populated West and the Atlantic coast. Mr. Trudeau's successor, as head of both the goverument and the Liberal Party, is left to cope with the accumulated grievances and resentments that were the price of the unity policy.

Brian Mulroney, the Conservative Party's leader, brings great flair and vigor to his attack. If he wins there will inevitably be a lot of talk in the United States about the spreading influence of the U.S. trend to the right. But Mr. Mulroney is not merely a northern echo of the Reagan administration. He represents a different style of conservatism — one more careful of established social commitments. If he should win. Americans may see him develop a variation of the doctrine that is less coarsely concentrated on reducing public responsibilities. That would be a substantial service to both countries.

-THE WASHINGTON POST.

But Co-Stardom for Mondale the Midget Monster By David S. Broder

D ALLAS — Up in North Oaks, Minnesota, where the Mon-dale staff was watching the Republican convention on television, it was noted that Republican orators mentioned Walter Mondale's name at least as often as President Reagan's. That was no accident.

According to one senior Reagan campaign aide, pre-Dallas Republican polls showed Mr. Mondale to be "extraordinarily weak in the two characteristics where challengers to narily strong if they are to win competence and leadership.

The Reaganites decided to try to drive those Mondale negatives as deep as possible, and used much of their free prime-time air for a public trashing of the Democratic nominee. It remains to be seen whether this was smart or, as I suspect, overkill. But there is no question: The Republicans went at it with relish. Here are a few of the things a television viewer could hear about

the former vice president: Who is Walter Mondaie? "The man most responsible for leading the [Carter] administration astray

a born loser ... a man who can't say no ... who can't even run his own campaign." And what is he not? "He ain't no FDR." Who are his friends? "Labor

bosses strung out on political handouts ... pressure groups ... lim-ousine liberals ... the blame-America-first crowd [who] began every war in this century ... the special interests, the social welfare complex, the anti-defense lobby, the glitter-set, lighter-than-air liberals ... the same Carter people who gave us all that doom and despera-

tion four years ago."
What has Walter Mondale done in the past? "The Carter-Mondale team gave us double-digit inflation, 21-percent interest rates, a punching bag for a foreign policy and the misery index ... policies and programs that proved cruelly unfair to everybody ... a dismal period of retreat and decline ... a diet of despair ... respect lost when 52 American citizens were held hostage by a mob for 444 days ... the most humiliating episode in our na-

tional history ... Walter, you had four years to build a future for America, and you blew it." And what does he offer now?" He has nothing to offer a successful America [but] high taxes, big spend-

And promises, promises, promises . All he has to offer is fear ... He's peddling fear ... Fear of the future. Fear of growth. Fear of to invent another America trembling, despairing, miserable America that needs the Democratic Party to come to its rescue ... What he really wants to do is .

rerun the campaign of 1932."
Well, you get the idea. And these were not party hacks. The excerpts come from former President Gerald Ford, Senate Majority Leader Howard Baker, Senator Paul Laxalt, Senator Barry Goldwater, House Minority Leader Bob Michel, Representative Jack Kemp and Ambassador to the United Nations Jeane Kirkpatrick, among others.

"Methinks they doth protest too

much," said Richard Leone, the Mondale campaign official I ques-tioned. "It shows they don't have anything else to talk about."

It may show that, but it also shows that the Republicans fear no backlash from voters who might be offended by their Mondale roast. They believe that except for the dogged partisans who will vote for ing, more government regulation. Mr. Mondale no matter what, he has few defenders. Looking at the American electorate as a whole, they think his record prepared per ple for the indictment heard here.

"Mondale has been doing a better job than we could ever do of demonstrating his incompetence and lack of leadership," a Reagan operative said. "He has been doing a great job of discrediting himself." Maybe. But this is the same Wal-

ter Mondale who, when on the ropes after New Hampshire, fought his way back to the nomination. It is the same Mondale who has consistently shown himself tough in debates. It is the same Mondale who will be coming in as an underdog against Mr. Reagan in debate.

The Washington Post.

Kremlin Wheeler-Dealers Risk Political Write-Offs

President Reagan has restored U.S. national

From Self-Doubt to Arrogance?

pride and confidence after the political assassinations of the '60s, the Vietnam War, Watergate and the affair of the Tehran hostages. He has done so by proclaiming that the values of the Western democracies are definitely superior to those of the U.S.S.R. and that the failings of the democracies are not so great as to warrant doing nothing to resist the Soviet system's attempts to expand. That sentiment is growing - not only in America - and it is good that the White House should voice it. Mr. Reagan should [also] spell out his ideas

for East-West relations. This is a necessary

step if indispensable dialogue is to resume, given the apparent incapacitation of the Soviet leadership. It would have been good for this to be at least touched upon in Dallas. One would like to be certain that American self-doubt of the past is not giving way to arrogance.

- Le Monde (Paris).

If Mr. Reagan wins in November he will be a lame duck president under pressure to seek arms control negotiations with a Soviet government that is hostile and hogtied. Lame duckism has its uses. He will have his opportunity at last to rise above the conservative nostrums that have intrigued him so long. - The Baltimore Sun

FROM OUR AUG. 25 PAGES, 75 AND 50 YEARS AGO

Other Opinion

1909: The Dry Shampoo Was Fatal LONDON --- As a result of the death of Miss Helenora Catherine Horn-Elphinstone-Dalrymple, sister of Sir Edward Graeme Elphinstone-Dalrymple, during a dry shampoo with carbon tetrachloride at Harrod's Stores, charges of manslaughter were preferred at Westminster Police Court [on Aug. 24] against Mr. William H. Eardley, the manager of the department, and Miss Beatrice Clarke, one of the assistants. Miss Horn-Elphinstone-Dalrymple went to Harrod's for a dry shampoo on July 12. She was warned that it might make her feel faint. Two minutes after the process was in progress she complained that she did not feel well and almost immediately collapsed, dying before the arrival of the doctor.

1934: Mussolini Warns of War Soon BOLOGNA, Italy - Declaring that "war is in the air and might break out at any moment," Premier Benito Mussolini, speaking [on Aug. 24] at the end of the Army maneuvers in the North, said Italy is set on becoming a militaristic nation, and is ready to respond "as one man when the call to arms comes." "Nobody in Europe wants war," he said, "but war may come from one moment to the other. We must not prepare for a war of tomorrow, but for a war of today. At the end of July there suddenly arose a situation which recalled that of 1914. We responded by sending troops to the [Austrian] frontier and so saved the situation." War, according to Mussolini, is "the supreme court which settles disputes between nations."

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sians are rolling in money and gold. They have some \$10 billion on deposit in Western banks; their gold reserves are estimated to be worth \$25 billion, and their weapons customers in the Third World owe them

another \$20 billion. And they have been hustling to earn more — swapping arms for oil in the Middle East and selling it on the world market, even when this has meant cutting prices well below the OPEC floor. Last year sales of OPEC oil earned the Soviets \$2.7 billion.

Meanwhile they have cut back on deliveries of their own oil to Eastern Europe in order to sell more for cash. in the West. In effect they have been putting the economic squeeze on alies to make money off adversaries. The men from Nafta, the Soviet oil

export company, happily sell Ameri-ca whenever U.S. companies are in the market. But at the Communis economic summit in Moscow in June, Soviet officials made clear that they would not raise oil shipments to East-ern Europe unless their allies sharply increased trade with and investment in the Soviet Union.

Since the late 1970s in the case of oil, and earlier in the case of grain, Soviet production has stagnated. The Soviet Union requires huge volumes of foreign grain to continue improving the diet of its people, at the same time as it depletes the one natural resource that can earn it the kind of big money required to pay for those imports over the long haul.

The 1984 Soviet grain harvest is currently estimated at 175 million tons, about what it was a decade ago. To some extent the Soviets have been able to offset their agricultural shortcomings by making better use of the grain they have. This year, for example, they are producing 5 or 6 percent more meat (poultry, pork and some beel) than they did four years ago with the same amount of feed grains. But no amount of effort in the

form of more fertilizer, more disease-

resistant seeds, even more acres of

By Dan Morgan reduced dependence on foreign grain. can farmers of some of the mountain-Over the next 12 months the Soviet can farmers of some of the mountain-ous grain surplus that has held down

Union is expected to purchase a record 45 million tons of foodstuffs and animal feeds from the United States. Europe, Australia and Argentina. When stacked against the \$10-bil-lion bill for those commodities, the

bulging Soviet bank accounts do not look quite so impressive.

Oil and arms are the Soviet aces. But domestic oil production has grown by less than I percent a year since 1980, and could decline slightly this year. With current technology, extracting more oil from existing fields has become enormously expensive. So, faced with big food bills and the end of the era of cheap, plentiful energy, Soviet planners several years ago made a decision to emphasize oil exports to the West, conserve energy home and reduce oil deliveries to their closest allies.

Hardly any of this could have been foreseen 15 years ago, when the Kremlin still stressed agricultural self-sufficiency and shunned trade with the West. What happened? The success of the OPEC cartel in 1973 gave the Kremlin options, by making its oil vastly more valuable.

Moscow wasted little time exploiting the opportunity. The volume of Soviet energy exports to the West has more than tripled since 1973. In the last four years, according to Wharton Econometric Forecasting Associates, oil sales to non-socialist countries have risen from 1.2 million to 1.8 million barrels a day, thanks to conservation, cutbacks to Eastern Enrope and the added oil swapped for

arms in the Middle East. The emergence of the Soviet Union as a major player in the international grain and oil markets has been one of the major economic stories of the postwar era. It continues to have poitical repercussions from the American Midwest to the Middle East. One twist is that Soviet grain trad-

ers are indirectly doing a good turn to

farm prices since the late 70s. This could help Mr. Reagan politically in the Midwest, which has been hard hit by high interest rates and low commodity prices during his term. Another consequence is a new kind

of relationship between the Soviet Union and OPEC, the long-term im-plications of which are unclear as yet. Total Soviet oil sales still are only a drop in the bucket of the world oil market, but when prices are as soggy as currently, the presence in the mar-ket of a player as aggressive as the Soviet Union can make a difference

The Soviets plainly have a joint interest with OPEC in maintaining high oil prices, which bring in more cash and create problems for the Western economic recovery. But if price cutting is what it takes to dis-pose of oil, the Soviets have shown no skittishness about undermining the OPEC floor. "The reaction to Soviet price cutting has been quite negative," an OPEC official says.

Not that there is much OPEC can

do about it. Libya, Iran and Iraq all want Soviet arms. They are short of cash, so they have been paying in oil lots of it in the last two years. In effect the Russians are serving as a middleman for Middle Eastern countries that don't want to take the blame for dumping oil on the market. The oil-for-arms exchange plainly provides Moscow with economic and

strategic leverage in OPEC.

The Soviet oil policy could have long-range political effects in Eastern Europe. The East Europeans were not at all happy when the Soviets imposed an abrupt, 10-percent cut in energy deliveries in 1981 just as the Western recession and the debt crisis were hitting. But the course now

seems irreversible.
The Soviet Union seems to have concluded that its [economic] costs in Eastern Europe are very high," con-cludes Ed Hewitt, a Soviet energy expert at the Brookings Institution.

make up for the loss of Soviet oil by conserving energy at home. There are also plans to switch industries to natural gas, a resource that is still abundant in the Soviet Union. However, some Western experts believe that the reductions could ultimately lead East European governments to make energy deals with non-Soviet suppliers, and to expand Western trade in order

to pay for the energy.
Officials in Hungary and East Germany acknowledge that they already feel freer to try to cut their own economic deals with the West. What this will mean for the political future of Central Europe is one of the most intriguing questions around.

The Washington Post.

spent in Austria's holiday spots.
Still, construction of luxury hotels proceeds apace. On Vicana's elegant Ringstrasse, two international chains are actually building right next to each other. It seems that rooms in this FISHIN category are in constant demand for convention visitors, for whom Vienna

into use, the amount of four-star "congress beds" needed is expected to surpass anything known so far. That conference center, by the way, all but tripped up Finance Min-ister Herbert Salcher. While the main structure was nearing completion he had still not provided concrete evidence of the financing. (The project had been initiated by then Chancellor Bruno Kreisky). The press was full of rumors about Mr. Salcher's impending resignation over the issue. But three wealthy Gulf countries stepped into the breach, sent representatives to Vienna to sign the contract and saved Mr. Salcher's skin.

If You Only

Could Pick

The Visitors

By David Hermges VIENNA — Unlike last year, the

to do with the thermometer. A deep

depression has hit Austria's weather,

but some temperatures have never-

Strikes, layoffs and lockouts in the

neighboring Federal Republic in con-nection with the campaign there for a 35-hour workweek brought serious

cancellations in tourist bookings. The rise in the dollar's exchange rate

LETTER FROM VIENNA

came too late to boost early-booked

package tours from America. The upshot has been a noticeable decline in the vital statistics of visitors' money

is becoming more and more popular. Starting in 1986, when the monster

new international conference facility

next to the so-called UN City comes

theless been rising.

heat this summer has very little

Mr. Salcher has since been courting trouble on another issue. He has passed on to the national prosecutor "new information" regarding tax li-abilities of his predecessor in office. Hannes Androsch, and has asked for an investigation. Mr. Androsch is now head of the country's largest bank, the state-owned Creditanstalt.

Of more immediate concern to the man in the street — to the car driver or motorcyclist, at least — is a new law requiring use of safety beits starting on July I and crash belinets starting next Jan. 1. After a surge in traffic deaths, the Nationalizat enacted the law unanimously in June, imposing on-the-spot fines for offenders. The unpopularity of this move is matched only by its statistical benefits. Even less popular, but not yet en-

acted, is a move to lower speed limits. Environmentalists are happy. though, with a decision to switch to lead-free gasoline by 1986.

Confusion persists on the border with West Germany regarding the new "E" windshield sticker that is supposed to dispense you from customs checks. Lines of cars are often waved through, sticker or no sticker. Other transport news is good for about one in three of all Austrians —

that is, those living in and around Vienna. Within a radius of about 50 kilometers from the city center, a unified ticket has been introduced for all trains, trams and buses, making it doubly unattractive to use private transport in the region which stretches almost to the borders of Czechoslovakia and Humgary. Many a user has had trouble figuring out the com-plexities of ticket purchase and cancellation, but when you get the hang of it the savings are substantial.

One thing most Austrians will never be able to understand is why their territory has to be the battlefield for fends that have nothing geographically or historically to do with them.

Why, for instance, did the old dispute between Armenians and Turks have to have its latest bloody sequel in Vienna? Late in June a car bomb killed a Turkish attaché, seriously injured a policeman and damaged what had been described as the "best protected embassy in Austria." building had been under round-theclock police guard for nine years, since the Turkish ambassador was murdered by a hit squad that appears to have had links with the equally disastrous seizure of OPEC head-quarters here later in 1975. This protection did nothing to stop terrorists from igniting a bomb fitted under a Turkish Embassy official's car. The trouble is that in a normal, civilized country with open borders. you cannot pick and choose your

visitors. Some undestrable elements are always liable to slip in. International Herald Tribune

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

On Abrams on Turkey

Regarding the opinion column "Rights in Turkey: A Government on the Right Track" (Aug. 13):

Elliott Abrams's diatribe comes as assistant secretary of state for human human rights community, instead of working with us toward a common and anger not against those who try goal. He speaks of "the clamor of illto help victims of human rights informed and self-righteous critics." abuse, but against the dictators the fact that he has been clamoring throughout the world who murder, about Helsinki Watch's reports on Turkey while he has never found 'shallow analysis" in our many reports condemning human rights abuses in the Soviet bloc countries seems to reveal his own political agenda: to promote U.S. geopolitical interests with regard to Turkey.

Mr. Abrams faults Helsinki Watch for calling the 1983 parliamentary elections in Turkey a farce. How would he characterize those elections. which excluded all pre-coup political leaders and the two major political parties? Can one conceive of an elec-tion campaign in the United States during which former Presidents Car-

ter and Ford and some hundred other political leaders were forbidden to speak publicly and from which both the Republican and the Democratic parties were banned?

At the moment Mr. Abrams spoke no surprise. For some time the U.S. on July 11, there were hunger strikes in Turkish prisons in protest against rights has been attacking the U.S. torture and inhuman conditions. He should be directing his energy

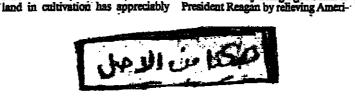
abuse, but against the dictators torture, jail, beat and otherwise persecute citizens who dare to dissent.

JERI LABER. Executive Director, U.S. Helsinki Watch Committee.

Within eight days of Mr. Abrams's apologia for the Turkish government, you reported a trial of Jehovah's Witnesses (Aug. 14), a trial of 56 intellectuals "accused of circulating a petition critical of the Turkish military (Aug. 16) and the arrest of 31 "sus-

pected leftist militants" (Aug. 21): ...

FRANK & FISCHER Sorengo, Switzerland



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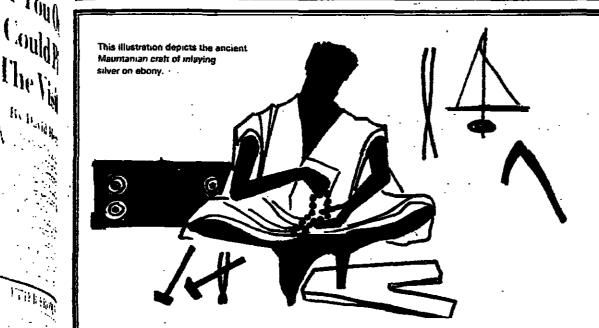
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الجمسورية الاسلامسة الموربتانية

Islamic Republic of Mauntania

MAURITANIA

The VIth Anniversary of the Military **Coming to Power in Mauritania**

IN THE 1st HALF OF 1983 **FISHING OVERTOOK IRON ORE** AS TOP INCOME EARNER

In a world besieged by hunger and inequality, the sea appears to be a source of hope, because of the is the scene of a ruthless battle.

In Mauritania, the State has well understood that fishing would help to overcome the food shortage arising from the drought which has decimated livestock. However, a "food sociological study" of the country would show how difficult it would be to persuade certain segments of the Mauritanian people to eat fish; their gastronomic habits exclude this item. But an intense campaign of explanations, linked with the needs of the moment, may allow some progress. Likewise, the problem of delivery arises; transport; preservation and cost of the product upon arrival.

MAURITANO-SCANDINAVE

DE PECHE

(Mauritanian-Scandinavian Fishing)

By adopting the new policy on fishing in 1979, the Military Committee for National Salvation (CMSN) showed that it was aware of the importance of the fishery sector. If one had to sum up the new fishery policy in one sentence, I would say that it refers to a total integration of fishing into the national economy of Mauritania. Let us recall that up to 1978 fishing activity, being relatively

neglected, was reduced to the sale of licences. The profits obtained by the State were derisory: Out of 50 billion Ouguiya (The Mauritanian Monetary Unit — the "UM") representing income from fishing in 1977-78, Mauritania only received 1.4 billion UM, this represented a "Gift" of more than 48 billion UM to the beneficiaries of the licences. The fishing sector is complex and the problem of

Created in 1980 in accor-

dance with the provisions

of the Protocol Agreement

signed between the

Mauritanian Government

Joint

Swedish

Trawlers Company Ltd., MSP has a capital

distributed as follows:

Mauritanian State: 42%

Joint Trawlers Ltd.: 42%

Private Mauritanians: 16%

MSP is today devoted to

several activities, parti-

cularly the processing of

fish species, packing its products on board boats

and on land, storage.

transformation, freezing

and marketing of fish. Its Freezing Factory in

Nouadhibou, which has been operating since

January 1982, specialises

in the freezing of small fish

species - small sardines

horse mackeral (scad),

mackeral, etc. Annual production is estimated at 7,000 T.

sardines,

(sardinelles),

MSP has a purely national vocation with regard to the training of senior staff. So it is that a year's

training of staff capable of ensuring a real

transfer of technology has been adopted by its

Board of Directors on the proposal of its managing Director – Mr. Brahim Ould Dheratt. This plan

provided for the training 1) in East Germany of 15

workers at management level in the following

specialties: Fish processing - Electromechanical refrigerating engineers - Mechanics; 2) in Den-

mark, 2 senior cadres, refrigerating engineers, with the builder of the factory equipment (ATLAS). To this same factory M.S.P. has already

sent Supervisors and Overseers for training, on board boats; 3) in Dakar, the training of a finan-

cial manager at the level of a Degree in

Economic Sciences in an accounting office, with registration for management courses; 4) it pro-

vides for the training in France of 5 head mechanical engineers at the builder of the boats'

engines, as well as the training of 2 ship management officials at the level of a building shipyard

Mr. Brahim Ould Dheratt has emphasised the desire of his company to continue the effort to make senior staff Mauritanian, with the objective

Registered Office:

avenue Charles de Gaulle, Nouakchott

Telephone: 528 18 Telex: 818 MTN B.P. 239 NKTT

of making all of M.S.P.'s staff Mauritanian.

for fishing boats.

constitutes an obstacle to the application of an effective fishery policy. It is not the only obstacle, although an important one: up to what volume should

catches be authorised? The present state of resources available to the Ministry of Fisheries in Mauritania and despite the many projections available to it, means that it is reduced to estimates only. It is, therefore, a matter of urgency to be able to scientifically assess the Mauritanian stocks of various species At the same time, the pro-

fessional training, at present implemented by the Ministry could be speeded up, and the resources of the Professional

scientifically based statistics Training Centre substantially increased in order to allow the fishing sector to have available genuine sailors and seafarers. Amongst the latter, importance should be given to those who will actually be responsible for policing the sea; this constitutes one of the priority requirements. In fact, any project would be worthless if the country did not have the ability to prevent fraud and even the pillage of these waters. Developing the patrol fleet by an increase in the number of surveillance boats and planes is expensive in the short run, but it is a very profitable investment when set against the substantial reduction of losses incurred at the present time as a consequence of fraud.

The Importance of the Fishery Sector for the Mauritanian People

The fishery sector is quite a new one for Mauritania and is coming along relatively well if we take into consideration the speed with which Mauritania has managed to master it. It is very complex and needs advanced technology and thorough knowledge of the subject and substantial funds. Mauritania started off in 1980 with zero capital and today it has an investment of 7 billion UM in the fishery sector. It happens that the share of private investment is much greater than the share held by public operators through joint investment in companies. Mauritania, which in 1980 did not have a single boat, today has a totally Mauritanian fleet of the order of 68 vessels. However, like any other sector, fishing in Mauritania has experienced problems of a structural nature, due to inexperience in the field, since it was under taken by people who were not familiar with it. But now, Mauritanians are acquiring the management, experience and resources necessary for the successful operation and management of this sector.

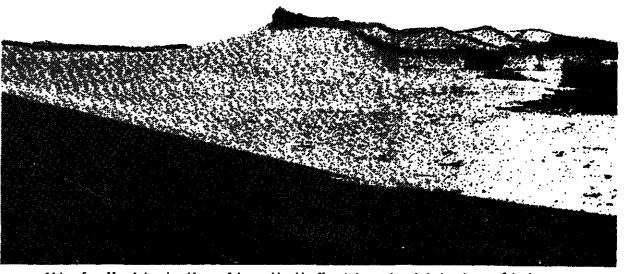
It is the only sector capable of ensuring the economic takeoff point for Mauritania. Previously she had, in the main, turned to the stock-farming sector, but this is, today, experiencing too many difficulties as a result of the long drought which has been affecting the country. Therefore Mauritania is obliged to replace the animal proteins from stock-farming with fish proteins, particularly as Mauritania is renowned for its fishing resources. It has one of the longest fishing coasts in the world. The fishery sector if one where there is an opportunity to make savings and carry out profitable activities, provided that the people are able to master all the machinery and difficulties connected with the exploitation of this sector.

In the beginning we approached the problem by thinking that it was a sector where one was able to draw on money at will, and was therefore easy. We have rapidly learned that it is, in fact, a complex sector which is certainly profitable, but all the same one which requires very great care, both at the level of carrying out studies and then implementing and

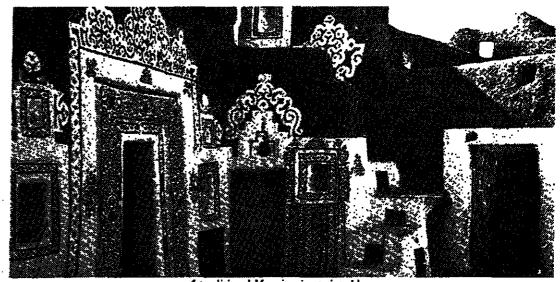
following them through. In our opinion fishing resources are more important than mining for Mauritania. For if they are reasonably well exploited, they can be renewed, unlike mining resources, which become exhausted. This is why every effort must be made to bring together the Government, the bodies responsible for scientific research and the business operators with a view to accurately determining what stocks we can exploit without damaging the replacement of these resources and respecting the time scale for this replacement.



The Mauritanian delegation at the ECOWAS/CEDEAO Conskry Summit July 1983



16 kms from Nouakchott is evidence of the considerable efforts being made to halt the advance of the desert by planting the dune



A traditional Mauritanian painted house

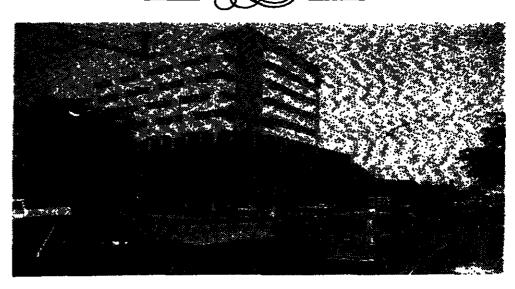
BANQUE MAURITANIENNE ARABE AFRICAINE S.A.

au Capital de: 1 Milliard d'Ouguiya L M B No 6

الهند الموريبانين. اللابع الإ فرنعي

BMAA

SERVING THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE MAURITANIAN ECONOMY



Président du Conseil d'Administration HABIB GHENIM

DIRECTEUR GENERAL

CAPITAL:

DIRECTEUR GENERAL ADJOINT SIDI MOHAMED OULD EL HAJ SIDI

MENA OULD HAMANY

Fully subscribed and paid-up with 50% held by the Banque Centrale de Mauritanie and 50% by the Banque Arabe Africaine au Caire.

OBJECTIVES: To play an active role in the promotion and

development of the Mauritanian Economy.

 Expert management of deposits SERVICES: Loans on favourable and flexible terms

- Prompt service in import-export business and

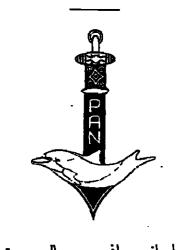
Network of international correspondents

Siège social Bd Général Abd Nasser Nouakchott Télégraphe BMAA Télex 543 MTNA Tél: 528 26 (LIGNES GROUPEES) 524 64

Agence: Bd Médian Nouadhibou, Télex 458: B.P. 458 Siège Nouakchott BUREAUX: Nema Marché Capital

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الجمرورية الاسلامية المورية أنية ISLAMIC REPUBLIC OF MAURITANIA



مستساء انسوانيسبو المس **AUTONOMOUS PORT OF NOUADHIBOU**

A large Fishing Port in some of the Best-Stocked fishing Waters in the World A Port for Fishing and Commerce

You are assured of the best quality service at the cheapest rates on the North-West Coast of Africa. with the following accourrements:

 a 600-meter quay at 6 meters — a 130-meter quay at 8 meters - a 90-meter quay at 7 meters — a 250-meter quay at 3 meters

Water, Gas/Oil, Ice Supplies. All provisions and materials required for fishing.

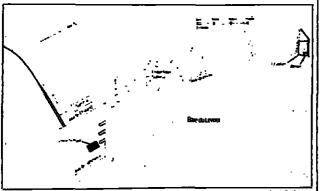
Ease of access at any tide, Day or Night, for all vessels up to a Draught of 24 feet.

A specialized Company offering top quality services and Materials is responsible for the handling of

P.A.N. is the maritime port for you, situated half-way between the Canary Islands and Dakar, in the calmest of waters created by the natural harbor of Levrier Bay. A coastal radio station, telex and VHF lines ensure excellent communications between port, boats and

> Tel. (3 lines): 21-34; Telex: 441 MTN.

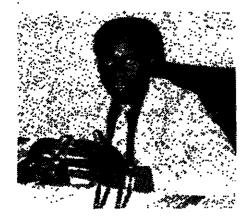
An important port for fishing and commerce, the Autonomous Port of Nouadhibou will experience intense industrial and commercial activity in the coming years.



AUTONOMOUS PORT OF NOUADHIBOU

A large Fishing Port in some of the Best-Stocked fishing Waters in the World

A Port for Fishing and Commerce



Mr GAYE SIDATI, Managing Director Autonomous Port of NDB

The Autonomous Port of NOUADHIBOU is an establishment of a commercial and industrial nature, which plays an important role within the policy framework defined by the general leadership in the area of fishing, it is therefore an indispensable instrument which should, in spite of any difficulties, support this policy.

It followed that at the organisational level, it was necessary to erect structures, working 24 hours a day, whereas previously we had worked 8 to 10 hours a day, it was necessary to set up certain infrastructures to receive ships at any time of the day. Therefore we are ready to tackle the new unloading policy which is, in fact, an essential measure determining the economy of the country within the framework of fishing.

In 1984 a good number of measures were taken and some construction was carried out. We installed an organisational structure to allow us to cope with all requests. We installed a floating dock to deal with naval repairs and which, without being sufficient, allows us to alleviate a certain inadequacy in naval repairs in NOUADHIBOU. We extended the area, to allow certain fishing industries to establish themselves. We assisted in the establishment of ship's chandlers. We installed cranes to allow a new method of transport by containers. As a result we achieved a certain number of objectives which assisted the unloading policy.

The Port of Novadhibou has two functions:

- Trade (we receive ships of all kinds) - Fishing, which represents 75% of our activities.

The importance of the Port of Novadhibou on the West African coast doesn't need to be proven. I suppose that we have a very advantageous position, on the one hand, and on the other, it is set in a very advantageous natural site. We also have the lowest prices on the West African coast.



MAURITANIA

The \overline{VI}^{th} Anniversary of the Military Coming to Power in Mauritania

EXTRACTS FROM THE MESSAGE OF LIEUTENANT COLONEL MOHAMED KHOUNA OULD HAIDALLAH, PRESIDENT OF THE **MILITARY COMMITTEE FOR NATIONAL** SALVATION, ON THE OCCASION OF THE 6th ANNIVERSARY OF NATIONAL ARMED FORCES DAY, 10th JULY, 1984.

National Armed Forces Day, 10th July, will forever mark for our people the dawn of a new era of national peace, liberty, unity and concord. Far from wishing to draw up a balance-sheet of accomplishments realised, I will restrict myself to recalling the most significant and most important of them in the pursuit of the economic and social recovery programme drawn up following 10th July 1978.

Structures for the education of the masses must play a major role in the transformation of our mental outlook. As an essential guiding, training and mobilisation tool, they will henceforth cultivate in our men and women a love for our Country and a desire to work. In fact, it is by becoming fully and entirely aware of their duties as true citizens and artisans of the future for their Fatherland that our people will be able to meet all challenges and resolutely commit the country to the path of progress.

It is by arming ourselves with this faith that we shall always succeed in thwarting all plots of destabilisation initiated against our people and its National leadership.

The intense efforts deployed by the Military Committee for National Salvation and the Government have not yet fully achieved the hoped-for

The shortage of rainfall recorded in 1983 caused unprecedented upsets. As a result we have witnessed a mass exodus of rural populations to the major urban centres. This exodus is continuing to pose complex and multiple problems for the authorities whose task has become even difficult complicated.

The situation has forced some of our cattle-breeders to take their herds into the furthermost areas of the country in search of pasture. It has forced others to cross borders into neighbouring countries whose authorities I must thank for welcoming them in a fraternal manner.

To tackle it, the National Leadership taken measures which, inter alia, have saved thousands of human lives and avoided having our livestock completely

The solidarity and cohesion stances by our compatriots prove to those who only find answers in drunkenness and seeking myths that our people have never been so united and confident of their future.

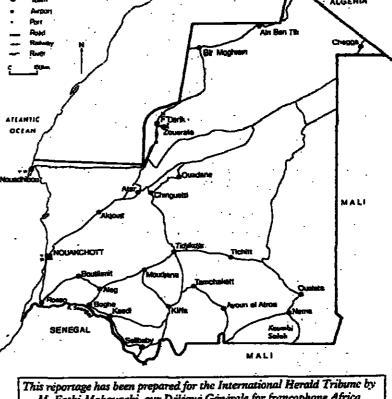


Salut National, Head of State

The implacable obstacles of recovery of bank claims, taxes the worldwide recession and and duties and fees of all drought have certainly con- kinds. siderably upset the economic and financial recovery plan implemented by the Military Committee for National Salvation, but full application of with determination and force. With regard to finance, various stabilisation, measures have been drawn up and put into practice. A prominent

In the fishery sector, the implementation of the policy adopted in 1979 has just entered into a decisive stage with the setting up of the the Marketing of Fish -S.M.C.P. (see reports on

In the Mining and Industry place has been given to the sector, the inauguration at the



M. Fathi Mahouachi, our Délègue Générale for francophone Africa

present time of the Guelbs mining installations (see the report on page 4) will allow and to contribute more significantly to the socio-economic development of the country. The recent discovery of a

major phosphates deposit in the southern part of the country also represents an important achievement on the road

This is the place to recall our sincere desire to maintain confident relations with all countries with a desire for peace, freedom and justice. In our African North-West region, we have this year proclaimed our recognition of the Sahraoui Democratic Arab Republic.

However, this decision in no way alters our attitude of neutrality vis-à-vis this fratricidal conflict. We continue believe that the nath of direct negotiations between Moroccans and Sahraouis is the most appropriate one for arriving at a just and durable peace in this part of the

Our recent accession to the Salvation which we have Inter-North-African (Maghre- chosen and which our people bian) Treaty of Fraternity and Concord will undoubtedly Certainly the road is a long contribute to strengthening the links of friendship, fraternity and fruitful cooperation between the countries of the

Normalisation of our relations with our brother Kingdom of sincere and correct application of the Taef agreement and strict observation of the universal principles of peace-

have widely approved.

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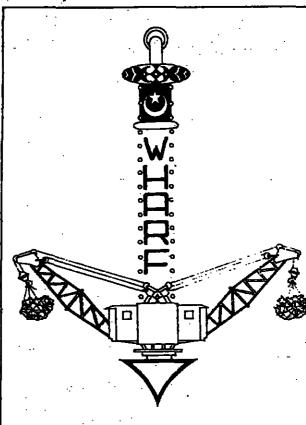
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one and and strewn with many obstacles, but we must persevere and show evidence of maximum sacrifice to bring our country forward from its under-development.

Our society must henceforth Morocco is the result of a be rid of negative and irresponsible attitudes, such as wastefulness, idleness and prevarication.

We are convinced that by inspiring ourselves with our Armed with our faith in Islamic faith and relying first ALLAH and strong in our on our own efforts, we will support of our working manage to schieve other masses, we will never aban- successes and go on to new don the path of National victories.



Maritime Establishment and Project for a Deep Water Port IN NOUAKCHOTT

Created to meet the import and export requirements of our country and therefore reducing its economic dependence vis-à-vis foreign countries, the task of the wharf in Nouakchott was to unload 50,000 tons annually, with this figure capable of being increased to 100,000 tons by the strengthening of existing equipment.

In 1968 the first extension of the Wharf took place for an investment of 83,081,704 UM from the EDF; the second took place in 1975 for an amount of 84,401,137 UM from the CIO and the last was to become a reality in 1981 with the construction of the cementmanufacturing docking wharf. construction cost the Cement Company of Mauritania a sum of 12 million Oguiyas.

After this last extension, the annual unloading capacity of the Whart is 450,000 tons.

In 1982, 325,442 tons were unloaded, of which around 94,336 tons of cement is the largest figure ever achieved since the building of the Wharf.

E.D.F.: European Development Fund C.I.O.: Crédit Industrial de l'Ouest (Industrial Credit of the West) (France).

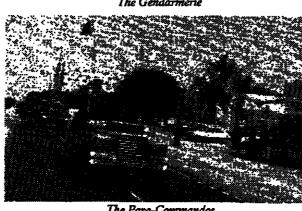
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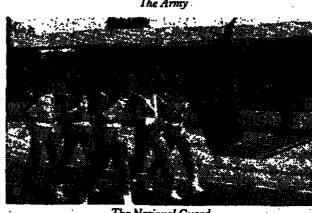


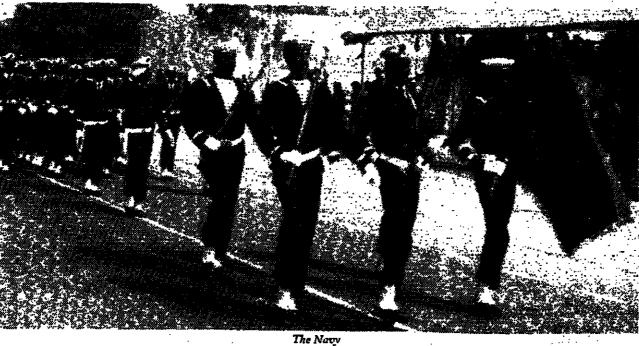




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SOCIÉTÉ NATIONALE INDUSTRIELLE ET MINIÈRE

but thanks to rigorous

management of the project at

recession and the disruptive

Polisario raids in 1977 and

1978: more Mauritaniaized

(90% of wages/salaries are

paid to Mauritanians - the ex-

patriate complement has been

cut to the bone without con-

commitment loss of effi-

Société d'Economie Mixte au capital de 9,059,500.000 UM B.P. 42 Nouadhibou Tél: 100 Télex: 426 MTN RÉPUBLIQUE ISLAMIQUE DE



A GIANT PROJECT SUCCESSFULLY COMPLETED RIGHT ON SCHEDULE

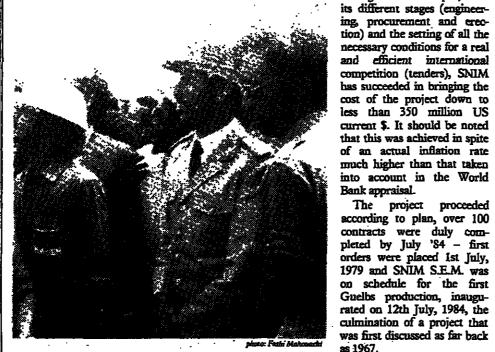
GUELBS DEBUT AT EL-RHEIN – JULY 12, 1984

Iron Ore — the 'motor' driving the industrial development of Mauritania for the past 20 years

by Rupert Bibra

The Iron Ore industry is controlled by SNIM S.E.M., a company that sprang from a government parastatal. SNIM was formed on 27th July 1972 as a wholly owned government corporation to further develop the rich ores of Kedia. It in turn took over the foreign owned Company MIFERMA (Soc. des Mines de Fer de Mauritanie) in 1974 – MIFERMA was nationalised because 79% of its 'added value' profit was being transferred out of Mauritania and the iron ore industry, already 11 years old, was due for indigenization. The owners of MIFERMA were not too upset and remain in the front rank of importers of Mauritanian ore - France, Italy, the UK, West Germany ...

When it was seen that Kedia resources would be quickly exhausted partners were sought, to back the GUELBS project with its almost infinite reserve of 'workable' ores (5 to 6 billion tons). The ores of the El-Rhein and Oum Arwagen Guelbs for



President Mohamed Khouna Ould Haidallah inaugurating the Guelbs project.

Phase One and Two were the most interesting and the overall ent cost for these was below \$400 million. In July 1978, SNIM S.E.M. was formed; 71% of the shares were still held by the government but the remaining 29% was sold off to:

The Arab Mining Company The Islamic Development Bank The Kuwait Foreign Trading, Contracting & Investment Co. Le Bureau de Récherches et de Participation Minières (MAROC)

The State Organisation for Minerals (IRAQ)

The equity capital was set at over 9 billion Ouguiyas (at the fixed rate of 45.5 Ouguiyas to the US Dollar) and 5 foreigners were admitted to the controlling Conseil d'Administration consisting of 12 members. The Ministry of Industrialization and of Mining is the overall controlling administration.

Twelve international organisations are co-financing the GUELBS project.

\$65 million Saudi Fund for Development; \$60 million - World Bank, \$50 million - Caisse Centrale de Cooperation Economique (France) (\$30 million) with: Banque Française du Commerce Exterieur and Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas (\$20 million between them) Kuwait Fund of Arab Economic Development, \$45 million

Arab Fund for Economic and Social \$35 million Development Banque Européene d'Investissements: Abu Dhabi Fund for Arab Economic \$20 million -

Development. Economic Cooperation Fund \$16 million Overseas (Japan); Banque Africaine de Dévelopment (African \$12 million

\$338 million in all for a project initially estimated at \$485

Development Bank);

OPEC Special Fund.

\$5 million

million. SNIM - S.E.M. shareholders have provided the remaining financial backing necessary for the first phase.

keeps its long view interest in copper, gypsum, explosives and oil products production - particularly for research. The phosphates of Bofal in southern Mauritania - 130 million tons - are ready for development and BRGM (Bureau de Récherches Géologiques et Minières) of France has reported favour-In 1979, the World Bank was expecting this first phase The Guelbs to cost 444 million US current

ments of the Akjoujt copper

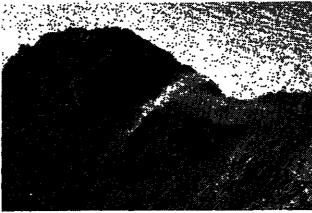
mine debts (SOMIMA), but

Below is a picture of a black topped quartzite bill, a GUELB'. These hills can be over 675 meters tall and are composed of 35% to 42% iron ores - magnetic quartzites. At least six billion tons in the Tiris area (West, North and East), stretching out in the desert to the North-East of Zouerate*. The first of these hills of iron ore-bearing rock and consequently resistant to erosion - to be brought into production will be El-Rhein (490 meters). The rate of production from start-up in July 1984 will be 6 million tons a year. By 1991 this can be 15 million tons (in tandem with Oum Arwagen •, start-up set for 1989) all by open cast mining. The Guelb iron orebearing rock will be treated before being sent to Nouad-

Three groups of GUELB that were looked at before El-SNIM S.E.M. at Novad-Rhein and Oum Arwagen hibou is a stronger company were chosen as the most suitnow than before the world able for the initial phase: The western group to the

hibou's Port Mineralier for

North and West of F'Derik - Atomai (675m), Tintekrat El-Beida, Bou Derga and El Ajoujt from 5 to 25 km distant and representing 980 million tons of ore.



El-Rhein Guelb b) The eastern group lying

ciency), tougher and more market orientated. The 60,000 SNIM S.E.M. employees are directed at iron ore and its export, but indigenous steel production is also growing. The iron furnace and rolling mill at Nouadhibou are saving imports and creating a useful export income from steel reinforcing rods sold particularly to Senegal (CEAO duty free) and to Mali and Ivory Coast. SNIM S.E.M. has been relieved of the embarrass-

to the North East of Zouerate 20-30 km distant El-Rhein, Oum Arwagen and Merizet represents 500 million tons of ungraded ores; El-Rhein has 285 million tons and was chosen The Northern group

includes Guelb Lehdid (the word lehdid means iron in Arabic) which has been renowned since the middle ages and has the biggest reserves of all.

Added together, there are certainly over 6 billion tons of these Guelb quartzites and iron oxide ores, more or less martitized to be exploited in the Tiris rectangle (125 km square with the El-Rhein Guelb roughly in the middle) quite apart from the usable iron ore still left in the Kedia massif. The whole Tiris iron ore-bearing rock area is inside Mauritania's frontiers.

American and European tests in the mid-Seventies

SITUATION MAP OF THE INSTALLATIONS THE EL-RHEIN

showed that Guelb ore is good. The Zonerate pilot plant supplied samples of Guelb concentrates to France, Belgium, the UK, Spain, West Germany and Japan with excellent results. The tests were exhaustive, over 30,000 tons of Guelb ore have been treated by the pilot plant.

Guelb iron ore shipped from Nouadhibou should secure the same prices as Kedia iron ore - \$19.82 a

rail from El-Rhein to Nouadhibou is 670 km. From the Nouadhibou peninsula - Ras Nouadhibou (ex Cap Blanc) the railway line runs due east and passes to the north of the Dunes of Akchar in the Adrar until reaching the old 'Route de Mauritanie' at Choum. Here the line turns northnorth east to follow the 'Route de Mauritanie' camel track

from Char to F Derik (ex Fort Gourand)† - the original track **MAJOR CUSTOMERS**

France - 2.20 MT Italy - 1.45 MT UK - .88 MT

France - 3.09 MT Italy - 1.44 MT Belgium - 1.21 MT Belgium - .51 MT tonne in 1982. Now that the turns eastwards again for the railhead at Zouerate* - 650

France, Italy, Belgium and the UK are Mauritania's

USA, Japan and West Europe seem to be pulling out of recession, demand and price should move ahead too. Kedia ore was always profitable for SNIM/SNIM S.E.M.; even in 1982 when sales slipped to 7.65 million tons, SNIM S.E.M. made a handsome profit - nearly double 1980's \$10 million, when 8.7 million tons (MT) were shipped. Austerity measures, taken in time, saved SNIM S.E.M. from going into loss in 1982, although sales per month dipped below 300,000 tons in one month, and real capacity for 1982 was estimated at 12 MT. Guelb iron ore will come on sale by September 1984 and should reach export sales of 14 to 15 MT by 1990, when Kedia annual iron ore production will be down to 2 or 3 MT from just the Tezadit VI and Sezazou mines.

The iron ores of Kedia have been mined since 1963 and the single track railway line from Nouadhibou to Zouerate via Choum and F'Derik was built specifically to export the richest (631/2% Fe - 641/2% Fe) ores via Nouadhibou's Port Minéralier - again specially built for Kedia ores, just like the mining town of Zouerate. By 1991 the mines of the Kedia will all be exhausted except for Tazadit VI and Segazou - Rouessa, FDerik, Tazadit I and V will all be closed down.

The Railway

The 'Port Minéralier' and the 400 mile railway line were built to export the rich iron ores of Kedia d'Idjil; now a spur line 40 km long has been built North Eastward to reach the El-Rhein Guelb. Obviously this spur line will be extended into the desert as other NE group Guelbs are brought into production. The distance by

some time in 1991; when both Guelbs in the first phase are fully operational - 3 trains a day should be the minimum. The El-Rhein wagon loading equipment is already 75% completed. The Port

km from Nouadhibou and

alongside the Kedia ore

SNIM S.E.M. envisage run-

ning up to 5 trains a day

(15,000 tons of ore each one)

deposits at Tazadit.

Nouadhibou (formerly Port Etienne) is built on the penin-

sula that used to be called Cap Blanc and is tucked well into the Bay of Levrier. When Mauritania signed its peace treaty with the Polisario in Algeria in August 1979, it gave up the area of Western Sahara (see map) it had briefly occupied, excepting La Guera. This small fishing port is on the Atlantic side of the peninsula, whilst the Port Minéralier is directly opposite on the eastern side just inside Ras Nouadhibou. La Guera effectively guards the Port Minéralier, but Mauritania should give it up when peace is restored in this area though it would prefer to negotiate a small frontier change so that all the peninsula belongs to Mauritania. The investment in Nouadhibou (population 60,000), the Refinery and SNIM's HO/ Quay/Repair Shops etc. has been considerable.

Nouadhibou/SNIM have a big advantage over their South American rivals -Rotterdam is less than 7 days sailing from Nouadhibou whilst South American ore is about 21 days away.

The Port Mineralier has been re-equipped to be ready to handle the Guelb ores when they start coming down the line next month.

Loans

Mauritania started repayments on its GUELBS loans in April last year, but repayments do not become onerous before Guelb ore production should have reached 6 MT per annum in 1985. Repayments then should run at \$35 million a year. The revival in the world industrial economy is coming at just the right time for Mauritania. There is already the capacity to increase sales back to over 12 MT per annum although projections do not envisage exports on this scale before

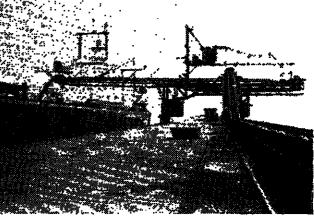
The El-Rhein Plant

The first train full of Guelb concentrates will pull out from the El-Rhein loading station in September, 1984. The official opening of the El-Rhem plant took place on 12th July, 1984. At the time, the stockpile of iron ore ready for processing was well over

4 MT.
The plant itself lies close under the Eastern side of El-Rhein and 10/12 km from the this material look like oddly

800 to 1,800 tons per hour. The dry system of passing the ores through the grinding, screening, magnetic separation and remilling processor, raises the ore content from its initial 37/42% Fe to 52/53% Fe and so to a final concentrate of 65.7% Fe (1600 Micron size) for the GMAB quality and of 65% Fe (300 Micron size) for the GFM

Naturally, in separating out the ores from the other components of a Guelb, the El-Rhein plant has a considerable waste disposal problem of tailings (LIMS waste and filter fines). Here some water is needed - after 'wetting'- the waste passes via conveyor belts to an area South of El-Rhein where great spurs of second Guelb, Ourn Arwagen. shaped sand dunes.



Loading ore-concentrates at Nouadhibou

When both Guelbs are in full production in 1991, 66 million tons of Guelb will have to be due away annually in order to yield 33 million tons of Guelb ores for the primary crusher and from which the plant will produce 15 million tons of concentrates.

The sorted ore is carried down from the mine head in the enormous 80 ton capacity trucks and they tip the ore into the primary crusher, where it is ground down from sizeable rocks to 300 mm 'stones'.

The noise made by the primary crusher is hell-like, it uses 600 kw to produce its 3,900 tons per hour of crushed ores. From its base, the conveyor belts take the 'stoop' to a stockyard with a capacity of 480,000 tons (8 stock piles of 60,000 tons each). There are 4 qualities of ore and an automatic sampling tower allows accurate control of all the mine's production.

From the stockyard, two bucket wheel diggers ('reclaimers') pour the ore on to conveyor belts - leading to the Aerofall Mill. Each of the 2 Aerofalls is a large unit, 10.59 meters in diameter by 2.56 meters wide, and consumes enormous quantities of electricity in order to grind down the ore by a dry semiautogenous process. The Aerofalls, mounted side by side, dictated that the power station needed a capacity of 56 megawatts (4 turbines 14 mw each) to feed the entire El-Rhein plant and these rotating monsters have an output of

The enriched ores are stock piled close by the new El-Rhein rail head; 4 x 60,000 tons, again with conveyor belt feed straight into the rail wagons - 45 wagons can be loaded in one hour, i.e. 4,000 tons an hour capacity through the loading tower. Trains from El-Rhein hook

into the original Zouerate-Nouadhibou line at F'Derik† this leaves the original track from F'Derik to Zouerate* unencumbered to move the remaining Kedia ores of Segazou and Tazadit VI to the sea and makes the distance from El-Rhein to Nouadhibou a few kilometers shorter than if the new spur line had. actually been extended from Zouerate to El-Rhein. Taking just 2 trains a day, the saving of even 10 km per train over one year is very considerable.

The new 20 km tarmac road built between El-Rhein and Zouerate is for everyday use by the shift workers of the new plant and the miners of the Guelbs; 523 new lodging houses have been built in Zouerate for these workers: Thus, Zouerate, which came into existence 20 years ago for the development of the Kedia ores now doubles for the new GUELBS development, a base camp with a new lease of life. The other SNIM S.E.M. 'village' is outside Nouadhibou near to the Headquarters complex - again with houses and apartments, its' own hotel, a social club, sports facilities, shops ... SNIM S.E.M. looks after its own people and visitors too.



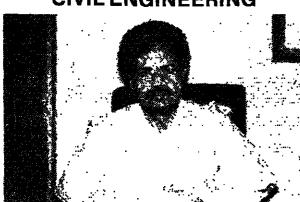
Left to right: Dr. Mohamed Imadi, Director of AFESD (wearing hat) Mr. Baba Ould Sidi Abdallahi, Director-General of SNIM and Mr. Diabira Maaroufa, Minister of Industry and Mines. At the Guelb inauguration 12th July, 1984

EXPORTS OF MAURITANIAN IRON ORE

8.4 MT 8.7 MT 1978 6.5 MT* 1981 8.9 MT 1979 9.3 MT+ 1982 7.6 MT

Notes: *By December 1978 SNIM S.E.M. held over 1.33 MT of iron ore stock at Novadhibou, UP almost 1 MT on the beginning of 1978. In 1978, 7.43 MT of iron ore was brought down from Zoverate - 92,804 rail wagon loads.

BUILDINGS PUBLIC WORKS CIVIL ENGINEERING



Mr.E. P. Feten Ould Reguibi Managing Director of E.G.B.T.P.

Our Company was legally founded on 29 February 1968 under the name of ENTREP-RISE GÉNERALE DE BATIMENTS (E.G.B.). According to an instrument drawn up on 26 June 1972, it has become:

ENTREPRISE GENERALE DE BATIMENTS ET DE TRAVAUX PUBLICS (E.G.B.T.P.)

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The company's staff fluctuates within a range of 1,000 to 300 workers.

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SOCIETE MAURITANIENNE DE CONSIGNATION. D'AFFRETEMENT, D'ACCONNAGE ET DE TRANSIT



ABDERRAHMANE OULD BOUBOU Managing Director

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MAURITANIA

The $\overline{\mathbf{VI}}^{th}$ Anniversary of the Military Coming to Power in Mauritania

GUELB IRON ORE START UP AT EL-RHEIN RIGHT ON SCHEDULE

the largest sources for the replacement of ore bodies that have been exhausted.

The first phase of the Guelb project, which has just been inaugurated, will permit an increase in the company's productive capacity to 15 million tons per annum, 6 million tons of which come from the Guelbs and 9 million from Kedia.

During the second phase, which will start up in 1995, when the Kedia reserves of crude high-content ore have been exhausted, it will be possible to maintain this production rate of 15 million tons per annum

Major construction works have made it possible for us to achieve these results, including, in particular.

- The establishment of repair and maintenance facilities and discharge infrastructures at the free port of Nouadhibou. - The building of a railway station at Guelb El Rhein and

a 37 km long railway on the feeder route linking this station with F'Dérik. - The building of 523 lowrent dwellings in Zouérate

and a workshop unit and offices at Guelb El Rhein. Construction of an electric power plant equipped with 4 semi-rapid units with a power

This power plant, which operates on heavy fuel, will allow a reduction in the cost

of 14 megawatts each, at El

of the power used. The exploitation of a surface

The development of this in the forecasts. deposit dates from the beginning of January 1982 and is aimed at supplying large ore to the enrichment factory. The depth of drillings in this deposit will reach 30 metres below sea level, that is 350 metres below the level of the neighbouring valleys.

- Construction of an enrichment factory with an annual processing capacity of 14 million tons with a view to producing 6 million tons of concentrated crude ore per

This factory, which is amongst the most modern in the world, has benefited from the most recent technological advances. In particular, it is equipped with a central remote controlroom equipped with colour screens allowing the operation and supervision of all the installations, thanks to 22 highly-developed mini-computers.

these developments have been carried out successfully and has proved to be highly beneficial to SNIM, which is now part of the limited club of mining companies of international competence in the management and administration of large-scale industrial

SNIM has thus successfully accepted the challenge posed by the completion of this complex within the deadlines set between now and 1990 the sense that we are very close to

deposit allowing the supply of down and in accordance with self" and the sincere wish of 14 million tons per annum the technical norms and financial conditions contained

SNIM, the National Industrial and Mining Corporation of Mauritania, thus provided quantities of crude magnetic evidence of its competence in management and its ability to honour its commitments in time, extensively due to the accuracy of its work plan. Speaking in the name of the Arab shareholders on the day

of the inauguration of the first phase of the Guelbs project on 12 July 1984, Doctor Mohamed Imadi, Director of the Arab Fund for Economic and Social Development, stated that Mauritania had placed its national resources in the service of its people's well-being. The carrying out of the Guelbs project, he added, is the fruit of a policy which is based on the noble principle of "relying on one- phosphates.

the Mauritanian leaders to ensure the progress and development of their country. This project, Mr. Mohamed E. Imadi went on to say, proved that the national leadership had understood that development is not limited to the carrying out of socioeconomic projects, but must also be aimed at the training of men called upon to direct and manage these development projects. The Guelbs project was concrete expression of the cooperation and complementarity of the Arab

On this subject, the Director of AFESD guaranteed that Arab capital will continue to be available for development projects in Mauritania, which opens the way to happy prospects for the financing of future projects, particularly

PRESENT SITUATION OF THE INTERNATIONAL IRON ORE MARKET

There can be no doubt that The iron ore market has been demand will exceed supply. readjustments being experienced by the iron and steel within this general situation industries, particularly in EUROPE. The majority of our customers are concen-trated there and we have as a result of their geographic trated there and we have found that the demand for location in relation to the iron ore is less than the supply. As from 1984, we are expecting a recovery, especially with regard to our own customers. It is forecast that

quite distorted because of the This is the general situation of the iron ore market, though certain producers are more fortunate than others, because customer: or because of the physical-chemical characteristics of the product they sell. SNIM is in quite a good, if not privileged, position in the

Europe (a maximum of 7 days started in order to define the very rich ore from a less rich mineral and from 1984 we will sell magnetic ore — we therefore have a range of products to meet the requirements of all EUROPEAN importers. **Taziast**

There is a deposit in the area of Taziast which probably exceeds a billion tons. It is a deposit which SNIM is in the process of examining with a view to determining a method of exploitation and enrichment of this ore, since the Taziast ore is not as rich as that of Kédia SNIM must therefore decide on this enrichment method in the same manner that it found one for the GUELBS. Geo-

from any port). We have a volume of the deposit; its physical-chemical characteristies; finding an enrichment process and ascertaining the economic factors determining the profitability of this

Financial Position of SNIM

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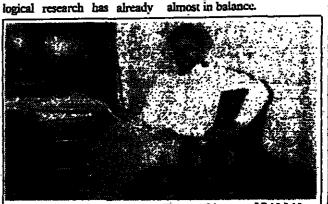
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SNIM is proceeding well financially. In 1981 it had a very large cash-flow, despite the reduction in tonnage exported in '83 and particularly in view of the increased cost of various foreign loans which it has repaid. Thanks to an austerity programme and strict management, cash-flow was in surplus and the result almost in balance.



Mr. Hamadi Ould Hamadi Finance Director of S.N.I.M.

As always, we continue to expect the assistance and coopera tion of our partners, with a view to obtaining better value from Mauritania's resources and to have an increasing and more significant economic and financial result, so that this cooperation will always be successful both for them and our-selves. We have provided evidence of this. We have the ability to ensure that this cooperation continues to be beneficial, we have quality deposits; a strategic situation with regard to production and particularly with regard to men capable of effectively managing this production. For our clients, we will of course, continue to commit ourselves to doing everything possible to meet their needs.

We have a range of products which can satisfy all requirements and we are now carrying through the Guelbe project, which will ensure the capacity to supply our clients until the

The recent start-up production by the majority of industrial units, the future of which was already committed (oil refinery, sugar centre, various fish factories) justifies a posteriori this option.

However, the big infrastructure projects started before 1978 have been continued (Nouakchott Port, Nouakchott-Nema Road). The main investments have involved the productive sectors (mines, fishing, other industries). Investment increased by around 20% in 1982 to reach 35% of GDP.

The continuation of economic and financial recovery will be pursued in 1984 by new investments where there is no doubt concerning profitability, particularly in the fishing sector. This could accelerate and facilitate the recovery of public finances and balance of payments.

The effort made at the Finance Department level will be directed basically towards improving the functioning and efficiency of the receipts and collection departments. This will permit expanding receipts and reduce fraud and tax evasion, which had both reached an alarming level in recent years.

Cuts in public expenditure below the present level seems quite unrealistic, but savings will be sought whenever

However, reduction in, and even elimination of, the budgetary deficit within the near future cannot be achieved without a consolidation of the foreign debt, the rescheduling of which will be negotiated in the very near future Mauritania's record in this area is quite justifiable and the credibility which the country enjoys abroad, as well as the strictness of its financial management domestically, constitute additional elements of confidence in working towards a successful outcome to these nego-

THE CENTRAL BANK OF MAURITANIA

ANNOUNCEMENT BY

Mauritanian public finance, in common with other countries of former French-speaking Africa, is based on the Decree of 30 December 1912 concerning financial regulations for the colonies, updated in 1953.

On tax matters, Resolution No. 6 of 23 December 1957 constitutes the source and basis of Mauritanian Tax Law, which is similar to that existing in France before the big 1948 reform. In particular, this tax system includes the old French direct taxes commonly called the "four old ones": movable property tax, land, professional and licence taxes.

To this was added a capitation tax (the minimum tax), a sort of lump-sum tax on income which, therefore, did not take account of the tax-paying ability of taxpayers. Finally, so-called "modern" taxes linked to trade and industrial activities starting in the country were instituted. Besides "port" charges (import and export), turnover tax and other specific or "ad valorem" taxes.

L - Reduction of the Budgetary Deficit

With regard to expenses: The thrust has been toward cuts in appropriations and respect for them once they are carried out . . .

For 1983, appropriations have not only been determined by a renewal of last year's figures, but above all after the elimination of expenditure which is not strictly necessary. The only increases made relate to planned staff training and debt servicing.

The cause of this increase, which is, moreover, 5% down in comparison to the 1982 budget, has not been linked to present management, but constitutes one of the consequences of the heavy burden of the inheritance from past

Such a result confirms the extent of the austerity effort being made when we realise that, up to 1978, the rate of increase of expenditure was between 15 and 20% each

This austerity policy will not only be maintained but will be more strongly applied by better allocation of resources and effective management of financial systems. This policy has already permitted a restoration of a posi-

tive savings level since 1981 (around 3%) and a 50% reduction in the budgetary deficit since 1978. With regard to receipts: Many steps have been taken,

but the results are less than forecast. The main task at present of the Finance Department is to provide the management of taxable income and tax collection in order to permit the State to achieve its objec-

tives for a budgetary balance in 1990. In 1982 a new general tax code was promulgated, as well as a new customs tariff.

The year 1983 will see the application of measures directed towards an improved assessment of taxable income and towards providing better collection of the same by strengthening the tax services and reactivating the activities of the General Finance Inspectorate.

It is during this year that the latest measures concerning the landings of fish, caught in Mauritanian waters at Nouadhibou, may give considerable results by improved customs receipts through an effective monitoring of cargoes.

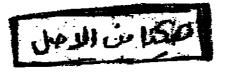
II. Reduction of foreign deficit

This will certainly result from a reduction in Government expenditures, as well as import restrictions on certain luxury products. The fall in the price of iron resulting from a lowering of

demand, in turn resulting from the crisis in the Western iron and steel industry, risks making these effects inadequate for the purpose of significantly reducing this deficit. However, the export of fish, the price of which has been maintained at acceptable levels, gives rise to great hopes. III. Strict selection of investments The austerity preached at the level of public finance will

in no way compromise the country's economic development. Its objective is rather to reduce waste and the style. of living of the Government. It is aimed at a judicious use of available resources. Our very limited resources force the country to a very strict selection of projects and give priority to productive ones.





Page 11

'in Mauritania

S.M.C.P.

THE MAURITANIAN FISH MARKETING CORPORATION

A pillar on which the recovery in the Mauritanian Economy will be based

S.M.C.P. is a state corporation set up on It was also necessary to make the factories June 5, 1984 in Nouadhibou, whose main profitable, because they had storage capacities objective is to centralise and market all which were not completely filled. It followed Mauritanian production on international that freezer boats should deposit their producmarkets; production which had previously tion in Nouadhibou. In February 1983, when been exported by individual operators this decision was taken, all middlemen said, who in spite of their personal effort, failed "No, it isn't possible, we cannot unload here, to establish a presence in these markets. this port of Nouadhibou is not adequate, if we The role of S.M.C.P. is therefore not only unload here prices will fall, etc." After one year to achieve marketing monopoly, but also we noticed that, compared with 1982, turnover to allow the Mauritanian people direct increased threefold. Qualitative and quantitaaccess to the consumer market. In addi- tive checking was more effective and the effect tion, the new fishing policy of 1979 has led, on prices greater. In spite of a reduction in rates to a truly new fishing policy in Mauri- of export tax, budgetary receipts for the same tania. Previously there had been a licen- year of 1983, compared with 1982, increased cing system, which merely consisted of twofold, in spite of a considerable reduction in authorising foreign vessels to fish in our the tax on production, which went down from



Mr. Mohamad Salim Ould Lakhal Chairman of the Board of Directors of S.M.C.P.

The new policy is based on three objectives: 1) The creation of a Mauritanian national shipping business, whereby there will be ships flying the Mauritanian flag and belonging to Mauritanian operators.

2) The building of land-based factories providing an infrastructure just as important as freezer vessels at sea.

3) The establishment of companies jointly owned with foreign partners.

Today, practically all these objectives have been realised. In 1979 there were 600 foreign freezer vessels fishing in our waters, quite apart from pirate boats, and we had no means of protecting our waters.

This new fishing policy was established within the framework of the economic recovery initiated by the C.M.S.N. (Military Committee for National Salvation) and has led to the creation of Mauritanian shipowners.

Within this same framework, we began an assessment of the fishing sector, with a view to understanding it better and have gradually begun to improve the objectives which had been originally set. Previously Mauritanian shipowners and land-based factories existed but the impact was reduced because the most important growth effects occurred abroad, particularly in neighbouring ports. It was therefore necessary for us to proceed to a 2nd phase, which is, to some extent, a linking phase between the three objectives. We had boats at sea; factories on land and mixed economy companies; it was necessary to create a structural link between these three elements. To achieve this we adopted an unloading policy. That is to say, all production carried out in Mauritanian waters must be unloaded and stored, at least one week, in Nouadhibou. This allows centralisation of production; storage for a given time; coordination of activities and facilitates checks. In the past we had not succeeded in carrying out the necessary checks when boats fished and then proceeded to neighbouring ports to unload.

DEALFORN MENTER

A COMMISSION

18% to 10% for nationally registered boats. In spite of what people were saying at the time; that boats would lose time, and that it would be necessary to go to a better equipped port; it turned out that the unloading policy was a great success both for the Mauritanian State and for the individual operators. It also had another impact, since it forced the Mauritanian shipowners whose production, in practical terms, had been managed from abroad to now directly manage their own production. In effect there was a transfer of technology and a direct effect on management.

With regard to the unloading policy, foreign newspapers and media declared that Mauritania wouldn't last a month with it in force, but today we see that it is a complete success and a wager which has been won.

This policy allowed us to obtain a better knowledge of the fishing sector and to identify the real problems which must be faced in the future. In this context, the Mauritanian Fish Marketing Corporation (S.M.C.P.) was set up.

So far as production is concerned, we have pursued the unloading policy. As to the problem of marketing, this remained linked with foreign middlemen who set the prices. These were elements which posed problems for the Mauritanian shipowners and each shipowner, taken individually, was forced to come to the dock with his boat, unload it, deal with his own marketing. It was necessary to try to centralise this marketing, to allow a Mauritanian supply to appear on the international market, as a single and co-ordinated source. S.M.C.P. now supplies Mauritanian production to the world market, which allows it to have a more significant negotiating capacity and to contribute to the price structure, which is quite important considering that price fluctuation sometimes changes from 1 to 5. For example, in 1982 there were very low prices which no longer allowed the shipping industry to be profitable and the question was asked, "What has happened?" Today we know the answer; we know that in 1979 when our fishing policy was established, time the Koreans, who were more competitive than the Japanese, returned to zone 34 which covers Morocco, the Sahara and Senegal; the prices were very low, the reason being that at Japanese who were already there, wanted to

become importers of fish. They sold their boats to the Mauritanians and disposed of old production equipment and returned to the Japanese market as importers. The major Japanese importers themselves began to follow a policy of price increases in order to break them. At that time we had progressed and were obtaining very



Mr. Mohamad Lamine Chebih Managing Director of S.M.C.P.

remunerative prices. As the Japanese consumer is very disciplined, there was a transfer of demand and a phenomenon of substitution followed. That is to say, in order to restore we had become buyers of boats. At the same confidence to the Japanese consumer, so that he would buy the product again, stocks were sold at very low prices. This explains why, in 1982, the level of supply there was no regulatory

> Today with such a body, one can always discuss the problem with the buyers, avoiding either very low or very high prices. We believe that this company will be able to contribute directly or indirectly to the formation of a pricing structure and the creation of a marketing policy. Previously there was a policy of oneupmanship: offers were made, with the best one making the sale. We do not seek that; we are looking for serious partners; we want to have a marketing policy, we want to eliminate middlemen. To achieve this it was necessary to have a regulatory body and this is why S.M.P.C. was established. The producer will be rid of the marketing problem, and will be more concerned with production. There is also another factor; prices given to the producer are decided by decree. We are obliged to pass on to the Mauritanian producer the best prices of the week, by deducting from it the fiscal duty, a commission which is an operating charge of around 1.5% (whereas abroad he used to pay between 3 and 7% marketing commission).

S.M.C.P. has a capital of 500 million UM. This is a considerable figure, which allows us to have substantial working capital and be able to buy the full production from the shipowners. We also had credit lines granted by the Central Bank which permits us to call upon credits if we have extended storage periods or other contingencies.

With regard to turnover, we are hoping next month to reach 4.5 billion UM but between now and 1985, when we will be at cruising speed, we hope that we will approach "le poisson de fond", at 7 million UM. To cover the total Mauritanian fish production, we are aiming at an objective of 14 billion UM.

We believe that with SNIM and its GUELBS project, which has just been inaugurated, our company will be the second pillar on which will be based the recovery of the Mauritanian economy and the realisation of the objectives established by the C.M.S.N. (Military Committee for National Salvation).



Member of the C.M.S.N. and Minister of Fisheries

After the changeover of 10 July, 1978, one of the first concerns of the Military Committee was recovery of the fishing sector. The Committee came into power aware that a major part of our economic future resides in our fishing wealth. A text adopted by the Military Committee in October 1979 provided a new legal framework within which Mauritanian fishing would henceforth operate. This document on the new fishing policy gives priority to artisanal fishing, in order to contribute effectively to food self-sufficiency for the country. Industrial fishing has not been forgotten, however far away it may seem. Even if the policy of licences in its old form has been banned, the new policy does encourage the creation of mixed companies between Mauritanians and foreigners in

order to integrate the fishing sector in the national economy.

However, the Military Committee for National Salvation has also inherited a difficult situation. To enable it to recover will be a long affair, inevitably accompanied by some errors and false steps as well as the successes.

Every Mauritanian has a duty to think about the problems of fishing in order to make his contribution to a successful

Let there be no mistake: fishing represents a decisive element today in the struggle undertaken by the country, under the direction of the Military Committee for National Salvation, to emerge from underdevelopment.

To contact S.M.C. P., you may temporarily use the address of:

B.C.M. Central Bank of Mauritania

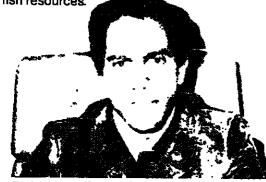
Telex: BCRIM 572 - RIM BANK 532 - POB 623 NOUAKCHOTT (NKC), MAURITANIA

SALIMAUREM

THE ARAB LIBYAN **MAURITANIAN MARITIME** RESOURCES COMPANY

An example of cooperation between Arab and African countries

The setting up of this Company put into concrete form the desire of two fraternal countries to strengthen their economic relations and the relations of fraternal cooperation with a view to realising "complementarity" between the two states, particularly in the area of development of



D'Mohamed Cherif, Chairman of the Board of Directors of SALIMAUREM, former assistant **Managing Director**

The Company's object is the exploitation of maritime products in Mauritanian and international waters, for the purpose of:

Strengthening fraternal links of cooperation between both countries; Contributing to Mauritania's economic and

social development:

Participating in and guaranteeing the supply of proteins to the peoples of both countries and the Arab and African peoples in general.

Its capital of 2.3 billion (milliards) ouguiyas belongs 50% to the Arab Libyan Foreign Investments Company (LAFICO) representing the JAMAHIRA and 50% to the Islamic Republic of

It will be equipped with a large integrated factory and ship complex combining processing and storage at sea and on land, which will produce 22,000 tons/per annum of frozen fish in the cruising phase and will create 900 jobs in Mauritania with a financial return of 17% and an economic return of 44%. This programme will be completed in 1987.

The Company has bought an important industrial site in Nouadhibou. This site, an area of 60,000 m2 located close to the Port, allows the production of fish paste and tinned fish.

But SALIMAUREM is also a test and should be an example of beneficial cooperation between the Arab and African peoples and between the peoples and countries of the Third World in

NOUADHIBOU-Bd. Médian-BP 75 Tel: 2241 Telex: 452 MIN MTN

Islamic Republic of Mauritania

THE FRIENDSHIP PORT OF NOUAKCHOTT

This port, with a capacity of 500,000 tons, will be made up of two parts:

a) WORK AT SEA

- an access bridge 730m long and 13.5m wide

-a docking quay of 585m which can receive 3 ships simultaneously with a capacity of 10,000 to 15,000 tons.

b) LAND INSTALLATIONS:

- 2 buildings, one for the Port Administration and the other for the Police and Customs; A garage

-An infirmary and a rest room for workers

-50,000 m² of tarred raised areas for the storage of products in the open

- Lighthouse: this is the highest part of the Port.

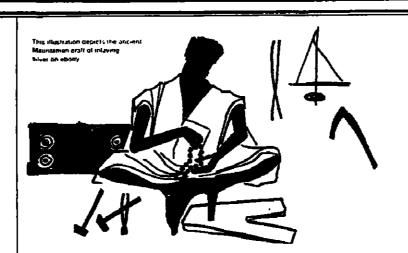
CONCLUSIONS

The putting into service of the Friendship Port, planned for 1987, will allow Mauritania to not only unload all its imports, but also, and above all, will give the land-locked countries of the sub-region access to the sea.



Captain Kebe Abdoulaye Hachim Managing Director of the Maritime Establishment of Nouakchott and of the Friendship Port

TEL.: 514-53., 516-15 — B.P. 267 **TELEX 538 MTN**



MAURITANIA

The $\overline{\mathbf{VI}}^{\text{th}}$ Anniversary of the Military Coming to Power in Mauritania

MAURITANIA ON ROAD TO **ECONOMIC RECOVERY**

Emphasis on development of the rural sector

Through his legendary calm and wisdom, his royal. proud and imposing bearing President Khouna Haidallah recalls one of desert. He extricated Mauritania from the war in the Sahara and, with his team, was able to found and augment the members of the CMSN ("Comité Militaire pour le Salut National" - "Military Committee for National Safety"), a plan for economic recovery which permitted a reform of public finances and a reduction of his country's budget deficit by almost half.

The Mauritanian economy was based on mining resources which represent around 80% of its export sales. The economic recovery plan fixed as its priority the development of the rural sector, fishing, small and medium enterprises, and has also planned a rescheduling of the foreign debt, the percentage of which in relation to

exports has been stabilised at the present time at around 33%. In spite of a deterioration of

the trade balance, the balancing of accounts has recovered as a result of monetary capital contributions and transfers without involving other parties. A plan for financial recovery was established a few years ago with technical assistance from France. Mauritania, which benefits from very large foreign aid coming from the Arab countries and the OPEC countries, appears to be committed to the road of economic recovery and its policy of reform should restore confidence to investors.

Agriculture

The arid nature of the soil and climatic conditions constitute a serious handicap for the development of agriculture: 92% of the land is in fact sandy and permeable, or shingly and sterile. Cultivated areas are of the order of 210,000 hectares, 110,000 ha. of which are in the eastern part of the country, 40,000 ha. of dieri (river crops) and 60,000 ha. of walo (subsistance crops). The Government has established development of the agricultural sector as a priority objective, which up to now had been neglected, and the country is suffering from a chronic food deficit, aggravated by years of drought.

Mines SNIM (Société Nationale

Industrielle et Minière -The National Industrial and Mining Corporation), established in 1972, is responsible for the search for and processing of mining resources. Its department of geologists and technicians is cooperating with various partners (including the BRGM) in a search for copper in the region of Diaguiki, and phosphates in the regions of Aleg, Boghe and Kaedi. In 1978 SNIM became a mixed economy company with a capital of more than 9 billion UM (ouguiva), of which the State is the majority holder with 51%. SNIM's major

objective was to make operational a new iron mine in "Guelbs Rhein" which has replaced present workings which are almost exthose fierce warriors of the hausted. Reserves are estimated at more than 2 billion tons of ore with a 37 to 40% content. The putting into operation of the small d'Azouazile deposits (10 million tons) and Seyela (8 million tons) is part of the Guelbs project. Cumulative production should reach 14 million

> SNIM is also exploiting the gypsum reserves of Sebka de N'Drahamcha (estimated reserves of 4 billion tons, with an ore of more than 90% of calcium sulphate hydrate). Other mining resources exist in

> Mauritania, such as: Sea Salt, where studies are under way with a view to exploitation of the salt marshes located south of Nouakchott (extraction capacity estimated at 20,000 tons per annum).

> Phosphate, deposits of which have been explored in the Aleg-Kaedi region by a consortium including SNIM (50%), BRGM (25%) and the Rumanian company Geomin (25%).

> Oil, the search for oil, which began in 1960, has covered three different basins: the Atlantic basin (11 borings, 8 of which have proved positive); the Tindouf and Taoudeni basin (2 borings, of which one suggests gas; in the open sea at Nouadhibou, where the Hispanoil-Petroleum-Esso-Agiq consortium has carried out tests. A modern refinery with a capacity of 1

million tons/year of refined oil has been built in Nouadhibou and is in the testing stage at the present time.

Foreign Trade

The economic crisis which has affected earnings from exports of iron ore, as well as the rise in costs of imports, have hit the trade balance very hard. For years the trade balance has been recording an increasing deficit. Iron exports, which have fallen in tonnage and value because of the world crisis in the iron and steel industry are in the process of recovering, and recorded a net increase in 1982 as well as during

Industry

There are few processing industries in Mauritania, and the Government is trying to encourage and develop the fishing industry. A new investment code was promulgated in 1979 and the right of transfer of capital and earnings is guaranteed to foreign

Two projects of SAMIA (Mauritano-Kowetienne-Arab Metallurgical Industries Corporation) are being examined:

- the creation of a copper complex in Nouakchott (capacity - 30,000 tons a year), a refinery for precious metals and a production unit for sulphuric acid,

- the creation of an iron and steel complex in Nouadhibou (capacity

- 2 million tons) for ore-based pellets coming from the Guelbs in the Zouerate region.

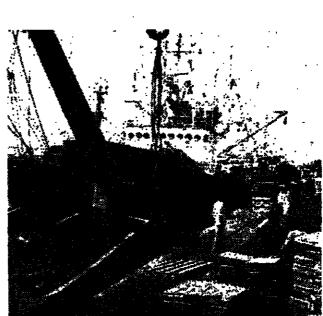
Mauritania has enormous reserves of fish, and below is information on present exploitation of this sector:

a) Pelagic fish (surface fish): 700 to 800 thousand tons (Information representing stock of which withdrawals are allowable).

b) Demersal fish (benthic or bottom-dwelling -Cephalopoda) -150,000 to 180,000 tons.

c) Specialised fish (tuna, lobsters, shrimp, etc.): 150,000 tons.

Total production is close to 1 million tons a year. Fishing licences have been withdrawn for bottom-dwelling fish. Previously foreign boats came to fish and went off again without any control; now, and following a decision of the CMSN in 1979 (the 2nd phase), all products must be unloaded and marketed from Mauritanian ports. The problem of monitoring waters still remains, and we must find adequate means to improve the situation. In order to avoid competition between



Unloading puckaged produce

nationals and regular sea capacity of 8,000 tons, but alised fish and pelagic fish. In 1982 we had a storage installing

farmers, licences may again in August 1983 this be issued only for speci- capacity reached 22,000 tons (several companies are cold-storage

In spite of the difficult economic situation and the heavy heritage of the old regime, the present financial situation in Mauritania is good, in addition to a very clear recovery of the banking system of Mauritania since August 1982.

Mr. Salim Ould Lakhal Assistant Governor

Dieng Boubou Farba

Central Bank of Mauritania Telex: BCRIM 572 - RIM BANK. 532 - POB 623 NOVAKCHOTT (NKC), MAURITANIA

complexes). With regard to our equipment, we have 57 refrigerator boats belonging to Mauritanians for bottom fishing and around twenty ice vessels, without counting traditional fishing

Up to now there have only been contracts between State companies or private companies. The sector is not closed to foreigners. We open our doors to brotherly and friendly countries; we would like our friends who provide the funds to come and invest in this sector, and we give them full guarantees of profits, security and repatriation of their profits.

- We are in discussion with the EEC for an agreement over fishing. (All European shipowners may operate in Mauritanian waters).

We have contracts with Japan, South Korea, East Europe, Rumania and soon Yugoslavia and Sweden, and are in the process of preparing a long-term strategy for management of this sector, on which Mauritania bases great hope for its development.

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BASIC FACTS

1,030,700 sq. km. (398,000 sq. miles).

POPULATION 1.68 million. (1981) MAIN CITIES

Nouakchott (Capital); Nouadhibou; Kaédi; Zouerate. **GNP PER CAPITA**

US\$320 (1979) OFFICIAL LANGUAGE Both Arabic and French are official Languages. **MAIN EXPORTS** Iron ore; copper ore; salted and dried fish; gum

MAIN IMPORTS

Electrical machinery mechanical equipment, transport equipment; iron and steel products; fuel oil; cereals foodstuffs. CURRENCY

Ouguiya THE LAND

Mauritania has on its west the Atlantic and on its east Mali. It has a 414 mile (666 km) long coastline from Cap Blanc in the north to the mouth of the Senegal river in the south. The river forms half of its southern boundary. The seasonal floods make this the most fertile part of the country and there are many prosperous towns all along it. Moving north, there is a broad belt of Sahelian or steppe country whose upper edge is a line drawn

is called Sahel or "coast" because it borders the Sahara desert. Wild life and livestock flourish here. North of this, almost three-fourths of the country is desert, the worst being al-Jauf or The Empty, in the north-east. The Moors, of Arab-Berber stock, form 80 per cent

m Nouakchott in the west to Nema in the east. It

of the population. The Negroes live in the south and of them the Tukulors live in the Senegal valley or south-west, and the Soninke in the south-east.

Livestock rearing is practised all over the Sahel and there were in 1979 1.6 million cattle, 8.4 million sheep and goats and 720,000 camels.

AGRICULTURE The main crop is millet of which 35,000 tons was produced in 1979. Date production amounted to

EDUCATION

Mauritania is a great centre of Islamic education for all this region. In 1976, there were 82,408 students in primary schools and 11,957 in secondary. In 1975, there were 1,591 students in technical HEALTH

Nine hospitals with 567 beds were functioning in 1976. Besides, there were 71 doctors, 4 dentists, 5 pharmacists and 20 midwives.



S.M.A.I.P.

MAURITANIAN SHIPOWNERS AND FISHING INDUSTRY COMPANY

A Public Limited Liability Company with a capital of 30 million U.M., fully paid-up, it is a 100% Mauritanian initiative.

It operate two freezer boats. After it was set up in May 1980, it was to operate two boats under charter.

In its initial programme SMAIP was to buy five freezers.

In 1983 SMAIP produced 1785 tons of fish which were marketed as follows:

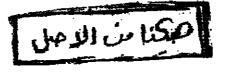
1026 tons to JAPAN

576 tons to EUROPE

The remainder to Africa: **IVORY COAST, NIGERIA, KENYA**

Mr. Bechir Ould ABEIDI **Managing Director SMAIP**

NOUADHIDOU — MAURITANIA **BP 290** Tel.: 2231



1 Sector

SATURDAY-SUNDAY, AUGUST 25-26, 1984

Tim Mauritan: U.S. Unlikely to Cut Deficit Rapid Growth U.S. Unlikely w By Pushing Rapid Growth

New York Times Service

EW YORK - The 1984 election campaign has polarized the Republican and Democratic parties on economic policy. The Republicans, in their platform, have declared their opposition to "any attempts to increase taxes, which would harm the recovery and reverse the trend to restoring control of the economy to individual Americans."

By inserting the comma between "taxes" and "which," the platform committee overturned the White House intent to leave room for certain types of tax increases and condemned all of them. In fact, the platform called for still lower taxes.

But what about the deficits? The Republicans favor "reducing

deficits by continuing and expanding the strong economic recov

ery brought about by the policies of this administration and by eliminating wasteful and unnecessary government spending." They added that the Democratic ticket of Walter F. Mondale and Geraldine A. Ferraro "by contrast, boast that they will raise taxes, with ruinous effects on the econo-

my." Though the Democrats have no intention of ruining the economy, there is no doubt that they are committed to raising

"The U.S. is now

structural, not a

cyclical, deficit."

encumbered with a

Traditional American cynicism holds that party platforms are things to run on but have nothing to do with what presidents do after they are elected. However, President Ronald Reagan has been essentially faithful to his party's 1980 platform, and there is no reason to assume that, if re-elected, he would walk away from the 1984 platform, especially since it is so close to his own views.

Could a Reagan administration in its second term eliminate the deficit by continuing rapid growth? The odds are heavily against it. The projections of the respected and bipartisan Congressional Budget Office indicate that, even on the assumption that the U.S. economy will grow strongly for the next four years, the deficit will not shrink but will rise to \$263 billion in 1989 under current

The United States is now encumbered with a structural, not a cyclical, deficit: The current tax structure and projected budget expenditures are set to produce widening deficits, even if there is no cyclical downturn.

Steady economic growth, if the country could achieve it, and a widening deficit imply that, as the economy moves up to full employment and full use of industrial capacity, financing the deficit would require government absorption of more and more of domestic savings, leaving an inadequate share for investment in plant and equipment and housing. This would mean a shrinking of the economy's long-term growth potential.

URTHER, the excessive demand on domestic savings would drive interest rates higher, jeopardizing the recovery. Higher rates also increase the danger of instability abroad, both because of what climbing interest rates would mean for heavily burdened foreign debtors and what a slump in the United States and other industrial countries would mean for Third

In the current state of bliss about the U.S. economy, some optimists say the budget deficits, and even high interest rates and the strong dollar, are no problem because they draw capital from abroad. But as the United States becomes an enormous debtor, dependence on a continuing and huge inflow of capital from abroad looks highly risky. In recent congressional testimony, Paul A. Volcker, chairman of the Federal Reserve Board, made these points:

ng amounts of foreig a tenuous and risky way to finance domestic growth and capital (Continued on Page 15, Col. 3)

Currency Rates

Late interbank rates on Aug. 24, excluding fees.

Official frangs for Amsterdam, Brussels, Milan, Paris. New York rates at 4 P.M.

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Milan	1,777.50	2.327.70	619.15	201.58		549.08	30,67T	743.50 7.30	P
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Paris	8.217	11.559	367.00		4362 x	27225*	15.2225 *	369.05 * 3.66	2.
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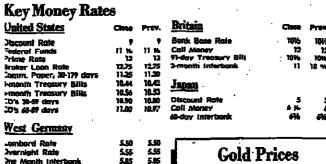
S MAI.P.

fo) Commercial franc (b) Amounts needed to b Units of 180 (x) Units of 1,800 (v) Units of 18,061 N.Q.: not quoted: N.Q.: not available.

Interest Rates

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28	Ĩ.				10 %- 10 %			
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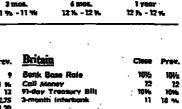
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<u> Junce</u> and Zurich, New York Comex current All prices in U.S.S per curries

Market Closings

Financial markets in Britain and Hong Kong will be closed



	. w w	P.M.	Ch'9e
Hong Kong	350.45	350.65	- 1.00
Luxembourg	350.75	-	- 1.15
Ports (12.5 kHo)	150.34		1.77
Zurich		39.25	
London		358.00	
New York	357,99	 .	+ 210
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BUSINESS/FINANCE

Board **Discusses FCA Case**

Collateral Seen As Sufficient

By Thomas C. Hayes New York Times Service

LOS ANGELES — Financial

Corp. of America has up to \$13

billion in mortgages, securities and
other assets to pledge against any
loans needed from the Federal
Home Loan Bank of San Francisco

or the Federal Reserve Bank, ac-

cording to an analyst. But directors of the bank board's San Francisco district, who met Thursday afternoon in a closed session, had more than potential collateral to consider in deciding how much money could be made avail-able for the troubled holding company's savings and loan subsidiary to borrow if it is needed, said the malyst, Jonathan E. Gray of Sanford C. Bernstein & Co.

Besides Financial's available assets, Mr. Gray said, the regulators probably weighed the high number of foreclosures and loan delinquencies that have accompanied Finan-cial Corp.'s rapid growth, as well as its aggressive accounting practices.

The San Francisco district's rules permit it to lend to an ailing thrift unit as long as the market value of its mortgages and other collateral is adequate to secure the loans.

The amount of new loans needed to replace deposits withdrawn in the last eight days from Financial Corp.'s thrift unit, the American Savings & Loan Association, was a major focus of the regularly sched-uled meeting of the 14 directors.

Some industry executives in California estimated that as much as \$1.5 billion had been withdrawn from American Savings & Loan since FCA, bowing to a Securities and Exchange Commission revision of its accounting procedures, announced a \$107.5-million quarterly loss Aug. 15. The holding company said at the time that it had as much as \$15 billion in deposits maturing before Sept.30.

American Savings & Loan had borrowed \$1.4 billion, or 4 percent of its assets, from the district through Aug. 13, and was well below the 7-percent industry average,

Soviet Is Said

To Increase

U.S. Call for Steel Curbs Stirs Debate

Views Differ On Measures' Effectiveness

By Susan Chira New York Times Service
NEW YORK - The debate over the U.S. steel industry's call for import protection continues unabated.

Advocates and opponents of such measures have been examining the effectiveness of quotas and tariffs that President Ronald Reagan imposed to protect spe-cialty steels last year. And their conclusions differ sharply. Representatives of the special-

ty-steel industry maintain that quotas have worked but tariffs have failed. Not surprisingly, representatives of the carbonsteel industry have used that argument to bolster their plea for quotas.
This nation must have a trade

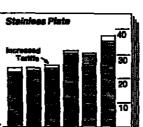
policy," said Richard P. Sim-mons, president of Allegheny-Ludhum Steel Corp., "that says you will have free access to the United States market as long as you do not subsidize your exports, but we will not let you drive efficient U.S. companies out of business simply because your companies are subsidized." But opponents of protection,

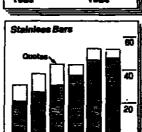
whose ranks include the European Community, some economists, steel-consuming companies and industry analysts, argue that the specialty-steel industry is healthy enough to dispense with both quotas and tariffs. They note that the industry had four years of protection from 1976 to 1980.

"They've had three sets of proney ve han three sets of pro-tection from the government in the last six years, said Daniel Roling, an industry analyst at Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Inc. "Every time it comes off, they ask for it again. What happens is the consumer pays a higher price for the product and more people lose their jobs," be-cause companies that use steel move their manufacturing facilities overseas to take advantage of lower materials costs, he said.

By any measure, the specialty-steel industry, which accounts for about 10 percent of the value of the steel produced in the United States, has experienced improvements in the last year. Specialty steels are high-quality products mixed with certain al-

Trade Protection For U.S. Industries: How Specialty Steel



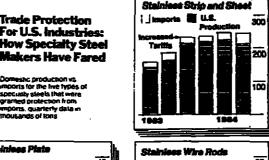


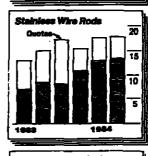
loys to produce a metal particularly resistant to heat, corrosion or other stresses. These products include stainless steel and steel used for jet engines and aircraft parts. By contrast, most steel used in the United States is not specialty steel but carbon steel, a low-alloy steel used in everything from automobiles to bridges.

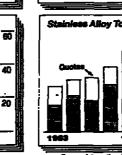
In July 1983, after the International Trade Commission recommended protection, Mr. Reagan ordered four years of protection for specialty steels. He imposed quotas on bar, rod and alloy-tool steel, and tariffs on such flatrolled specialty-steel products as sheet, strip and plate. Then last month, in a split decision, the ITC recommended

stiffer quotas and tariffs for five years on carbon steel, Mr. Reagan has until Scot. 24 to act on that recommendation. According to a report pre-pared by the ITC, domestic steel-

makers' shipments of stainless and alloy tool steel rose 7 percent from the fourth quarter of 1983 to the first quarter of this year, and employment in the industry rose 17 percent, to about 16,000







workers. The report also said that prices had increased, but Hubert W. Delano, vice president of Cyclops Corp.'s specialty steel division, said that prices had fallen since the report was issued in May. Most of the 15 companies that

make up the specialty-steel industry association say their prof-its have improved in the last year. For example, Carpenter Technology Corp. of Reading, Pennsylvania, reported that its net income had doubled and sales had increased by a third for the fiscal year 1984, ended June 30, from last year.

Paul R. Roedel, president of Carpenter and chairman of the Specialty Steel Industry of the United States, the industry trade group, said that the economic recovery, as well as the protectionist measures, had helped the industry. Shipments of stainless-steel products increased 38 per-cent in the first five months of this year over the similar period last year, he said.

The EC, for one, points to (Continued on Page 15, Col. 4)

U.S. to Postpone **Tighter Rules on Textile Imports**

New York Times Service

WASHINGTON - Treasury Secretary Donald T. Regan, bowing to pressure from importers and retailers, has decided to delay for seven weeks a disputed regulation restricting imports of textiles.

Instead of going into effect for merchandise exported starting Sept. 7, as originally announced. the regulation will take effect for goods shipped by Oct. 31, provided they were ordered before Aug. 3, the U.S. Customs Service said Thursday night. The regulation was published Aug. 3 in the Federal

The change means that apparel ordered for the Christmas selling season will be allowed entry. This merchandise, with an estimated value approaching \$500 million, would likely have been excluded under the new regulation. Texules are ordered from foreign producers such as Hong Kong, China, Tai-wan, South Korea and Singapore many months before they enter the United States.

Importers and retailers, who have already paid for the goods, said the move was a small step in the right direction but insisted that the regulation needed to be rescinded or sharply modified. The domestic textile industry,

which sought the change, voiced "We are pleased that the govern-

ment has worked the situation out," said James H. Martin Jr., president of the American Textile Manufacturers Institute.

"country-of-origin" designation, which determines the way U.S. quotas are charged against a proimported apparel is often made sure.

in several countries. The yarn may come from one country, be woven parts in still another, then be sewn together in another. After produc-ing countries fill their U.S. quotas they may send garments to be fin-ished in countries that usually do not fill their quotas.

The product is considered now to come from the country where "substantial transformation" occurs. The new rule would effectively apply the designation to where the apparel originated. "We welcome the administration

offer to help us get through the Christmas season," said William A. Andres, chairman of the Dayton-Hudson Corp., a Minneapolisbased operator of department stores. "But what about the next 12 months?" Mr. Andres is president of the Retail Industry Trade Action

Thursday's action "doesn't ad-dress the fundamental problem that the regulation creates," said Martin J. Lewin, a Washington lawyer for the Textile and Apparel Group of the American Associa-tion of Exporters and Importers.

Verrick O. French, senior vice president of the National Retail Merchants Association, warned that goods already ordered for next spring's selling season could be affected even by the amended dates. The new rule, which seeks to bar

the transshipment of goods in ways that circumvent U.S. quotas, has touched off vehement protests from producing countries. They say it violates international agree-The regulation tightens the ments. The Textile Committee of the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade will meet Sept. 4 in Geneva to hear complaints by Third World countries against the mea-

Lloyd's Members' Profit **Stages Sharp Decline**

LONDON — Profits earned by members of Lloyd's of London, the members of Lloyd's of Lloyd' world's biggest insurance ex- major syndicates. John Rew, an ascording to figures released Friday.

The figures, compiled by the Association of Lloyd's Members and representing an estimated 80 percent of insurance sold at Lloyd's, are for 1981. Under the Lloyd's accounting system, accounts are kept open for three years to allow time for settling claims.

The association calculated the

average payment received by Lloyd's members, wealthy people who pledge their fortunes to back insurance sold at Lloyd's, for each £10,000 (\$13,100) share they have in an insurance syndicate. For syndicates providing marine

insurance, the average payment was £613 million, down 34 percent from £933 million in 1980. The high was £3,179, and the low was a loss of £4,926 on each £10,000 share. (Such losses are covered by payments from the members to the syndicate involved.)

In the nonmarine bracket, which includes fire, casualty, property and product-liability insurance, the average payment was £524, down 26 percent from £707.

rine sector, both years appear headed for a small drop. Motor profits are expected to fall sharply, but

aviation syndicates show an improving trend.

sociation official, said the tables are aimed at helping Lloyd's mem-bers understand "whether they're on good, bad or indifferent syndicates." He conceded, however, that the figures do not measure the varying degrees of risk taken on by different syndicates.

U.K. Recovery Seen Continuing

LONDON - Britain's economic recovery will continue until the end of next year despite recent signs of slowing activity, Simon & Coates, a stockbrokerage, said Friday. In a research paper, the firm

forecast that gross domestic product would grow by 4.8 percent from the first quarter of 1984 through the third quarter of 1985. GDP, which is the total value of goods and services excluding income from foreign investments, rose about 3 percent

The recovery has slowed recently but is expected to pick up again as consumer expenditure accelerates because of a slight fall in inflation. It will also be helped by an end of the current coal miners' strike and settle-ment of delayed public-sector pay agreements, the broker said.

The Associated Press Iowa Beef Processors Inc., in 1981 LOS ANGELES — A. Robert and 1982, Mr. Abbond's statement

Price of Crude

LONDON — European oil industry sources said Friday that the Soviet Union has informed customers that it is raising the price it charges for its principal export grade of crude oil by 25 cents a barrel just one month after cutting barrel just one month after cutting

prices by \$1.50. deal with Soviet oil customers said that "under Mr. Abboud's presidency Occidental has made great they also noted that "they also no they also noted that when the Soviet Union cut prices in late July, some customers were not officially informed until several days later.

Because of oil industry sensitivity about price information, the absence of a formal announcement by Mr. Abbond that explained his resignation from the board and Because of oil industry sensitivfrom the Soviet Union and concern over revealing confidential infor-mation from clients, all of the trad-ers or oil company officials discussing Soviet prices insisted upon

remaining anonymous. The Soviet Union is the world's largest oil producer, with daily output estimated earlier this year at about 12.4 million barrels, according to the U.S. Central Intelligence

The Soviet Union exported about 3.6 million barrels of oil daily last year, according to the CIA, including 1.75 million barrels daily to noncommunist customers, mostly in Western Europe and Asia. Friday's reports of a price in-

crease were viewed as another sign pointing to a halt to this summer's

decline in oil prices. Following the Soviet price cut last month, pressure grew for similar action by members of the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries and such non-OPEC producers as Britain, Mexico and Egypt. An oversupply of crude oil on world markets, and a perception that the glut would widen, fed fears in the oil industry of a runaway slide in oil prices, and gasoline prices fell unseasonally in the heart

> United States. But rone of the leading oil pro-ducers followed the Soviet cut last month, and recently several OPEC members, including Saudi Arabia and Iran, have announced reduced oil production.

"The perception in the marketplace now is that there's a move he would not be named afoot to firm prices," said Gary
Becker, a vice president at the
Houston-based Energy Futures
Group of Paine Webber Inc. In

In Angust 1982, Mexico's government said it could no longer
service its \$80 billion of foreign
debt. In December 1982, it reached contrast, he said that a month ago agreement to borrow almost \$4 bil-"everybody was a seller." lion from the IMF in exchange for

Occidental President Resigns After Dispute

Mr. Abboud's resignation is effective Sept. 1., Mr. Hammer told board members Thursday. He said

exist in no way detracts from his qualities and our continuing personal friendship," Mr. Hammer added.

"Dr. Hammer wishes to assume total leadership in the formulation

main active in the capacities called for by my contract to assist Dr. Hammer and the company to the best of my abilities." Occidental's executive vice presi-dent, Ray R. Irani, will succeed Mr. lion. Mr. Murdock resigned from Occidental's executive vice presi-

resignation from the board and said he would remain as a consultant to the company.

Differences between Mr. Hamber, 86, and Mr. Abboud arose during Occidental's acquisition of Mr. Abboud is the second Occidental board.

Mr. Abboud is the second Occidental officer.



Mr. Abboud added: "I will re- the company as a result of the Cities Service and IBP acquisitions. Last month, Occidental bought out its largest shareholder, David H. Murdock, who was instrumental

Mexico Vows to Oppose IMF Austerity

WASHINGTON - Mexico has at restoring economic health. informed foreign creditors that it will not agree to any new austerity measures by the International Monetary Fund once the current program runs out in December 1985, U.S. officials said Friday.

its proposals to reschedule over 15 years \$48 billion of foreign debt due before 1990. However, the officials, who are familiar with the negotiations, said the two sides were fashioning a compromise, and a senior banker on Mexico's bank advisory com-mittee said a basic agreement may

They said Mexico's decision has

stalled talks with creditor banks on

Mexico is willing to let IMF officials monitor its economy when the of the summer driving season in the IMF agreement expires and to report economic progress to its chief creditor banks, according to the officials, who asked not to be

be reached by the end of this

"You've got to let sovereign states be sovereign once in a while," said the Mexican banker, who also spoke on condition that

IMF loan programs are designed "At the end of the day, the strongest objections to a continued pro-

But European creditor banks are balking at a debt rescheduling agreement with Mexico, which currently owes foreigners about \$90 billion, without some kind of external discipline to ensure economic health is retained. They worry that a 15-year debt

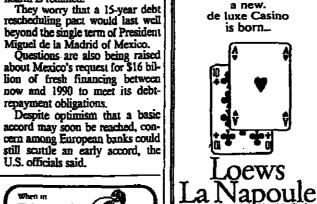
rescheduling pact would last well beyond the single term of President Miguel de la Madrid of Mexico. Questions are also being raised about Mexico's request for \$16 billion of tresh financing between now and 1990 to meet its debtrepayment obligations.

U.S. officials said. House of Beef

top officials like the chairman of the Federal Reserve Board, Paul A. to last no more than three years. Volcker, such a development might renew fears about the international gram might be from the IMF itself," the banker said.

Tecover from the crises of the past
two years.

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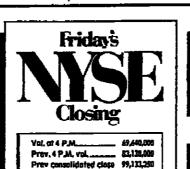
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NYSE Prices Make Small Gain

NEW YORK — With toy issues showing some strength, prices on the New York Stock Exchange railied in the final hour Friday to register a small gain, but the trading pace was the slowest in seven weeks.

Cash-laden institutions retreated to the sidelines waiting for prices to drop, several analysts said, while profit-taking by other investors was limited.

The Dow Jones industrial average, which added 0.66 Thursday, gained 4.09 to 1,236.53 after fluctuating in a narrow range throughout the day. The Dow, which gained 24.63 for the week overall, has risen about 150 points over the

past month. Advances led declines 851 to 640. Volume was 69.6 million shares, down from 83.2 million

"There was some dazzle in the secondary stocks but basically this was a sluggish summer said Alan Ackerman of Herzfeld & Stern. "I do think the slow trading pace is setting the stage for a move that might see the Dow challenge the 1,300 level in the near fu-

there might be a a stronger rally but this is the summer and a lot of people left early."

Offer but C
Prices rose at the outset because of the Feder-

al Reserve's report late Thursday that the basic U.S. money supply fell an unexpected \$1.2 billion in the latest statistical week. But the buying died down after the first hour as federal funds rates still traded at about 111/2 percent.

Mattel was the most active issue, up 1 to 13. Coleco Industries added ½ to 13% and Tonka % to 41. Toy stocks have been recommended by some analysts, according to a published report. Dominion Resources was second on the active list, up 1/4 to 24% following a block of 285,000 shares at 24%. Exxon was third, up 1/4 to

2% and Mobil followed, up ¼ to 28%.

Burroughs lost 1¼ to 56% in heavy trading. The company said it could not keep up with demand for its disk drives. Storage Technology. which makes competing disk drives and thus stands to gain, was up 1% to 11%.

IBM rose % to 125%. Cray Research ad-

anced 11/2 to 581/4; it gained 11/4 Thursday after Sun Co. announced plans to buy a \$7.2-million Cray computer.
Financial Corp. of America shed 'a to 5½ while American Express added % to 34½. The troubled thrift holding company sold some American Express holdings this week.

SFN Companies, which reported first-quar-

"There is a lot of money on the sidelines to come in," said Robert O'Toole of Shearson Lehman/American Express. "But the big investors all are waiting for a price pullback before they move."

"This session was a bit disappointing considering the money-supply figures," said Chester Pado of AC Securiues, Los Angeles. "I thought there might be a a stronger rally but this is the

other investor, Victor Posner, countered the offer but City Investing said it could not consid-

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INTERNATIONAL HERALD TRIBUNE, SATURDAY-SUNDAY, AUGUST 25-26, 1984

City Investing Is to Sell 3 Units for \$1.25 Billion

By Robert J. Cole
New York Times Service

-NEW YORK - City Investing Co. has announced that it is to sell its printing and manufacturing operations for \$1.25 billion in cash. They will be bought by an inves-

tor group headed by two leading.
Wall Street investment banking houses, Kohlberg, Kravis, Roberts & Co. and Merrill Lynch Capital Markets. Within hours of the announce-

ment Thursday, Victor Posner, the businessman who controls 9 percent of City Investing stock, said in Miami Beach that he would offer \$1.26 billion for the same operations, or \$4 million more than the bid accepted by City Investing.

But City Investing said later on Thursday that it had not received any new offer from Mr. Posner. It added that even if it did receive one, it would not be able to do anything about it until Sept. 26, when an exclusive option it granted the investor group to buy the proparties expires.

The developments appeared to end plans to sell the company as a whole. Mr. Posner had earlier offered to pay \$2.4 billion in cash and stock for the whole company, countering an earlier \$2.3-billion offer to show "a substantial gain" on the from a Merrill Lynch investor

Terms call for the investor group
to buy City Investing's Rheem
Manufacturing Co., a leading maker of water heaters and heating and cooling equipment; World Color Press, printer of such magazines as Time, People, Cosmopolitan and -TV Guide, and Uarco Inc., a major -producer of business forms.

Although Kohlberg, Kravis is identified almost entirely with management buyouts, transactions that depend on substantial bank financing and the retention of top management, City Investing made no mention of any of these points. A source close to the bidding said that financing was not made an official part of understandings between the parties but that "no one is uncomfortable about their

president of City Investing, said commercial aircraft.

that to the best of his knowledge none of the top corporate officers would be involved.

Other sources said, however, that the heads of the operating companies and their staffs were expected to be invited to stay.

Among them would be Gregson Barker, president of Uarco: N. Clyde Oberlin, president of World Color: Robert B. Gilbert, president of Rheem Air Conditioning, and William E. Fahey, president of Rheem Water Heater.

George T. Scharffenberger, chairman and chief executive of the company, who would not be part of the transaction, would stay with

Once the transaction is completed, the company's remaining oper-ations would include Home Insurance Co.; General Development Corp., a Florida home builder; Servomation, a big food-service company, and Motel 6, a budget-motel

On Thursday, a day after a long board of directors meeting, City Investing said the venture was subject to a definitive agreement being reached by Sept. 26.

It said it expected to complete transaction. The price it accepted is in line with its own valuation of the

It added that it had agreed to invest \$100 million of the proceeds U.S. Policy in the venture and to use the rest to pay off debts and to buy back some Questioned of its own stock.

City Investing, which said that Thursday's agreement replaced Merrill Lynch's earlier proposal, is believed to be interested in waiting to sell Home Insurance until conditions improve and the company would fetch a higher price.

Beech Announces Layoffs

WICHITA, Kansas - Beech Aircraft Corp. of Wichita, Kansas, has announced it is laying off 500 inancing capabilities." of its 6,600 employees, citing a John J.C. Herndon, senior vice weak market for the company's

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ARCO Urging China to Build Fertilizer Plant

LOS ANGELES - Atlantic

Richfield Co. says it is urging China to build a petrochemical plant to produce fertilizer, usng a major natural-gas discovery in the South China Sea. China now imports nearly all of its chemical fertilizer,

Earlier this month, ARCO announced that new test wells confirmed that the new field 65 miles (105 kilometers) southwest of Hainan Island off the southern coast of China was "a very significant find" that could produce several hundred million cubic feet a day of natural

We are discussing a number of possibilities, LPG [liquid petroleum gas, methanol and a fertilizer plant," a spokesman for ARCO said on Thursday.

"But we are pushing the fer-tilizer concept, and they [the Chinese) are not against it, he

However, the spokesman said that no decisions have been made. He added that officials of China and Los Angeles-based ARCO are "meeting fairly regularly" to decide what to do

(Continued from Page 13) formation. It exacts a large cost in terms of rising trade and current-account deficits — deficits that cannot be sustained indefinitely. Moreover, a steady and growing flow of foreign capital is dependent on confidence in our ability to properly manage our economic af-fairs, or relatively high interest rates, or both.

To the extent our monetary or fiscal policies fail to justify that confidence — to the extent inflationary pressures again appear to be ascendant or our external finan-cial position is steadily weakened by large foreign borrowings — the greater the risk that new capital flows from abroad will come less freely, with adverse consequences for the dollar and for interest

Climbing interest rates on a rising national debt would themselves make the structural deficit soar, threatening to make them an engine of inflation — or if the Federal Reserve keeps monetary policy right to check inflation, an engine

the Fed as the villain threatening to producers are profiting. Where imkeep the good times from rolling. Ports accounted for about 30 per-"The Federal Reserve Board's decent of the market for stainless bar stabilizing actions must therefore in the first five months of 1983, he stop," the platform said. It called said, they now account for about 15 for "an end to the uncertainties percent. people face in obtaining money and credit."

Carter Hawley Reports Net Rose in 2d Quarter

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LOS ANGELES - Carter Hawley Hale Stores Inc., a leading U.S. retailer, said Friday that the \$295million sale of its successful Waldenbooks Unit helped raise its profit sharply in the second quar-ter, to \$39.5 million, from \$4.7 mil-

Investors Plan Buyout of SFN

The Associated Press GLENVIEW, Illinois - A group of private investors has pro-posed a \$425-million buyout of SFN Companies Inc., parent cor-poration of several publishing com-panies, including Scott, Foresman

The group of investors, headed by E.M. Warburg, Pincus & Co. and Drexel Burnham Lambert, has proposed to offer \$35 per share in cash and \$5 per share in principal amount of 15% percent subordinat-ed notes due 1994.

According to a statement re-leased by SFN on Thursday, several venture banking affiliates of Warburg Pincus already are collectively the largest holders of SFN stock, and a representative of Warburg Pincus is on SFN's board of

lion in the second quarter of 1983 The company said it earned \$1.58 a share in the second quarter, compared with 13 cents a share a year earlier. Revenue rose to \$821 million in the second quarter from

\$682 million a year earlier. Year-earlier figures were restated to reflect a gain of \$63.1 million, or \$3.33 a share, from the sale of Waldenbooks to K mart Corp.

Carter Hawley Hale, which earlier this year thwarted a takeover bid by The Limited Inc., had first-half profit of \$48.1 million, or \$1.39 a share, compared with \$10.9 million, or 31 cents a share, in the first six months of 1983. Revenue rose to \$1.6 billion in the first half from \$1.32 billion a year earlier.

For continuing operations in the second quarter of this year, the second quarter of this year, the company reported a pretax loss of \$35.6 million, compared to a pretax gain last year of \$7.7 million. About \$3.6 million of the \$15

nillion Carter Hawley spent to light the takeover bid was charged against the second quarter. The rest was paid from retained earnings. For the first half of the fiscal

share, on revenue of \$1.6 billion, compared to earnings of \$10.9 million, or 31 cents per share.

Mr. Simmons also said that al-

been sufficient to enable the indus-

products because of government

U.S. Steel Call Is Debated

(Continued from Page 13) these figures as evidence that fur-

ther protection is unnecessary. "This shows that the industry is just prospering," said Ella Krucoff, a Washington-based spokesman for the community. She said the community had requested "termination, or at least significant relaxation, of the relief measures."

But spokesmen for the specialtysteel industry said that, the industry's improving statistics notwith-standing, the protectionist measures had been only partly suc-

Mr. Simmons and Mr. Roedel pointed to increases in imports of products protected by tariffs, rather than quotas, to bolster their arguments. While demand for stainess steel has risen by 38 percent, Mr. Roedel said Department of Commerce figures show that im-ports of stainless sheet and strip have risen 62 percent, to 52,000 tons, in the first five months of this

year from last year. mated \$2 million to \$3 million a month in sales

In areas with quotas, on the oth-The Republicans in Dallas saw er hand, Mr. Roedel said that U.S. The American Iron and Steel In-

stitute, in a July letter to members

Floating Rate Notes Aug. 24							
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Action Is Sought On De Lorean

The Associated Press

DETROIT - Attorneys for David W. Allard Jr., trustee of De Lorean Motor Co., have asked a federal judge to end a moratorium on bankruptcy proceedings against John Z. De Lorean, the company's founder, found not guilty on federal drug-conspiracy charges a week

Creditors have contended that Mr. De Lorean diverted more than \$17 million from the

A motion filed Thursday by Mr. Allard's attorneys asked U.S. Bankruptcy Judge Ray Reynolds Graves for a hearing Sept. 11.

Blue Bell Inc. of North Carolina said its directors accepted a sweetened takeover bid totaling \$472.2 million from a group that includes the apparel concern's management For the first half of the fiscal would take the company private, year, Carter Hawley had net in-come of \$48.1 million, or \$1.39 a include Wrangler and Jantzen, received the higher offer after two shareholder suits were filed chal-

lenging the original bid.

Gold Star Co. Ltd. said it plans to set up an engineering company in the United States this year to secure advanced electronic techof Congress, cited the experience of said. The South Korean company the specialty-steel industry as evi-said it will invest \$500,000 as initial dence of its argument that quotas capital in the projected company, are a better form of protection than United Microtek Inc., to be set up in Sunnyvale, California.

profitable, the earnings had not maker in the world to market a car with an electronically controlled month

"How do you determine at what point somebody is mortally wounded," Mr. Simmons said, "if you're slicing them up like salami, a little bit at a time?" Mr. Simmons said that specialty

steel companies had continued to invest in modernization, despite lean times. His own company, he said, spends capital at six times the rate of its depreciation. Peter L. Anker, an analyst with

the First Boston Corporation, agreed: "By and large, if you use as an engineering concern, said it has a measure of their efforts attempts signed a technical collaboration Mr. Simmons said that imports a measure of their efforts attempts were costing his company an esti-mated \$2 million to \$3 million a ment, the capital expenditures of the last decade would tell you they're not sitting on their hands."

tection should continue as long as will make oil equipment.

with initial capital of 50 million francs (\$5.7 million).

not disclosed

insulin and enzymes producer, said first-half profit grew 0.4 percent to billion kroner.

Occidental Petroleum Corp., expanding on an announcement three weeks ago that it had found "ma-jor" oil deposits in Colombia, said Thursday that its discovery there might produce close to 100,000 barrels of crude oil a day by 1986.

announced curbs. Bank Mees & Hope NV. Pierson, Heldring & Pierson N.V., Kas-Associatie N.V.

Hope for Japan-Iran Venture

TOKYO - Japan and Iran will resume construction soon on a multibillion-dollar petrochemical project in southern Iran that was interrupted last February by the Iran-Iraq war, sources close to the Japanese partner said Friday.

Work on the \$3-billion joint project, which was begun in 1973, reand-a-half-year halt.

It was suspended in February because of attacks by Iraqi war-planes on the plant about 60 miles 100 kilometers) east of the south-

ern Iranian city of Abadan. The sources said that several Japanese workers were examining the extent of the bombing damage and that more would be sent to the site as circumstances allowed.

Japan's leading economic daily. Nihon Keizai Shimbun, quoted officials of the Iran Chemical Development Co. of Japan and Mitsui & Co., a chief promoter of the project, as saying that about 150 Japanese technicians were surveying the site.

The newspaper said the Japanese partner would resume construction of the plant, with 200 additional Japanese technicians being dispatched in October.

The complex is 85 percent com-

The sources said Iran had yet to pay \$10.8 million interest due in May on a \$521-million loan from Iran Chemical Development.

The complex is equally owned by Iran Chemical Development and National Petrochemical Co. of

COMPANY NOTES

employees. The buyout bid

Isnzu Motors Ltd. of Japan said though last year had been modestly that it will become the first autotry to re-invest in advanced tech- transmission that uses a robot for notogy and to compete with foreign clutch operations and gearshift se-companies that can undersell their lections. The company will begin selling the car, its Aska model, next

> Kaiser Aluminum & Chemica Corp. has announced a further cutback in aluminum production, citing poor prices and unstable market conditions. The latest cuts, at its plant in Mead, Washington, will reduce Kaiser's worldwide operating rate to 46 percent of capacity Aluminum Corp. of America, Con-solidated Aluminum Corp. and Martin Marietta Corp. have also

KEC International Ltd., an Indiagreement with Trafalgar House
PLC of Britain to make offshore oil drilling platforms in India. KEC also has offered Trafalgar 25 per-Mr. Simmons argued that pro- cent equity in a new company that

its planned takeover of a French forklift-truck maker, Fenwick Manutention SA, has been agreed upon and operations will be continued in France under a newly formed subsidiary, Fenwick-Linde,

Montedison SpA, the Italian chemical company, said its ad-vanced plastics and lubricants subsidiary, Montefluos SpA, has signed an accord with Asahi Glass of Japan for the production of fluorinated fluids at Asahi's plant 43 miles (70 kilometers) from Tokyo. The value of the transaction was

Novo Industri, the Danish-base 441 million kroner (\$42.2 million) from 439 million kroner a year earlier. Sales rose 12 percent to 1.81

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HITACHI, LTD.

nual Report 1984 of Hitachi Ltd. wil be available in Amsterdam at: Algemene Bank Nederland N.V. Amsterdam-Rotterdam Bank N.V..

AMSTERDAM DEPOSITARY COMPANY N.V.

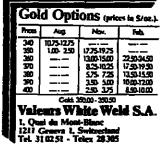
PRIZE-SCHEDULE

Amsterdam, 17th Aug., 1984.

Occidental's share is to be 40 percent, with another 40 percent going to the Colombian government's oil company, Ecopetrol.

Patrick Petroleum Co. shareholders have approved the sale of substantially all of the company's oil- and gas-related assets to Ladd Petroleum Corp. of Denver for \$196.9 million. Patrick, based in Detroit, said it plans to repay its bank debts.

Satellite Business Systems is planning to sell all the space on its raise \$100 million.



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A prize of DM 20,000 up to 2 million DM falls or almost every 1000, toket number.

CITY WYESTING COMPANY

The undersigned announces that as from 3rd September, 1984 at Kas-Associatie N.V. Spuistraat 172, Amsterdam, div. ep. no. 43 of the CDRs City Investing

no. 43 of the CDRs City Investing Company, each repr. 10 shares, will be payable with Dfls. 13.63 net (div. per record-date 2.7.84; gross \$-.50 per sh.) after deduction of 15% USA-tax = \$-.75 = Dfls. 2.41 per CDR.

Div. cps. belonging to non-residents of The Netherlands will be paid after deduction of an additional 15% USA-tax (= \$-..75 =

Dils. 2.41) with Dils. 11.22 net. AMSTERDAM DEPOSITARY

COMPANY N.V. Amsterdam, 20th August, 1984.

6. Class - Main draw

MILLION DM or

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Do you want to become a millionaire? You can. Now we offer GOVERNMENT **2** Million DM this opportunity guaranteed Super Jack Pot CONTROLLE 400.000 tickets - 147.461 prizes Total prize money over 133 million DM 39.603 ADDITIONAL PRIZES

Start of next Lottery: April 1985

26 times 1 MILLION DM!

This is exceptional. An inheritance or business venture could never offer you such a chance! The NORTH-WEST-GERMAN-STATE-LOTTERY offers you the possibility to belong to an international group of clever participants. All prizes are quoted and paid out in German Marks (DAI). This is where your advantage is. The West German Mark has been one of the strongest currencies in the world for years.

Each lottery runs over a period of 6 month, one class per month. There are 400 000 tickets with 147.461 prizes lotating over 133 Million DM. A total of 242 jackpois ranging from 100,000 – to Million DM errafiled-off plus plently of medium and smaller prizes it is also possible that 10 prizes of 100 000. – DM will be combined into a Super-Jackpot of 1 Million- determined in pre-drawings. This means that 24 prizes of 1 Million DM plus 2 guaranteed prizes of 1 Million and 2 Million each will be drawn = 26 Super-Jack pots = 26 Millionsines.

Name us another came where this is negable! The drawing the supplies that the possibility that the prizes of 1 Million and 2 Million and 1 Million and 1 Million and 2 Million and 3 Mil

pots = 26 Millionaires.

Name us another game where this is possible! The drawings are held in public and supervised by state auditors. All prizes are guaranteed by the German Government. The great thing is that nobody will find out about your winnings, because you - as a player - remain anonymous. 37 out of 100 numbers are winners 1. Class 2. Class 3. Class October-Drawings '84 Nov./Dec.-Drawings '84 ./Feb.-Drawings '8 MILLION DM or MILLION DM or MILLION DM or MILLION DM MILLION DM or MILLION DM of MILLION DM or MILLION DM or 10x100 C00 DM MILLION DM or 13.827 = 12.773 900 DM

How to participate:

on playing right up to the 6. class.

You order your ticket with on the order coupon below Within days you receive your ticket together with an invoice and the

official drawing schedule with rules and regulations. PLEASE INCLUDE PAYMENT WITH YOUR ORDER, You can also pay for your ticket after receipt of the invoice. Payment can be made by personal check,travellers check, bank transfer (add remittance bank charge) or in cash via registered air mail (cash at your own risk).

After each class you will receive the official winning list together with the ticket of the next class via air mail. If your ticket has been drawn, you will immediately receive a winning ion. Your drawn ticket is eliminated from the game, therefo we will offer you a new ticket (replacement-ticket) so that you can keep

request by check or any other way you desire. Of course, if you hit a jackpot you can come in person to collect your prize in cash. ⁷ If you are already our customer, please do not order, because you

receive the ticket automatically for the next lottery. You can be sure you will receive tast, honest and confidential service. Now it is up to you, therefore order and mail the coupon today.

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Canada

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Company Earnings

Aug. 24

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NYSE Highs-Lows

Canada Orders Amway To Pay It \$81 Million

OTTAWA — Authorities have ruled that Answay Corp. still owes the Canadian govern-ment more than 105 million Canadian dollars (\$81 million) in taxes, duties and penalties on goods brought into Canada from 1977 to 1980. A government spokesman said Thursday that if Amway refused to puy, the government would company's headquarters in Ada, Muchigan; "I can tell you that we plan to continue to make our arguments and to litigate aggressively."

Amway has 7,000 employees worldwide, 400

at Amway of Canada Ltd., in London, Ontario. The claim is against both the parent and the

The tax department also said it was still seeking about 8 million dollars from Amway in duties and taxes on goods imported between 1974 and 1977.

Amway was fined 25 million dollars last November after pleading guilty to dodging 30 million dollars worth of import duties and sales taxes between 1965 and 1980.

The company has an appeal pending before the Canadian Tariff Board over a department ruling on the value of goods brought by Amway into Canada since 1980.

in the Trib.

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Aug. 24 **NASDAQ National Market Prices**

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Whittaker Profit Falls

The Associated Press

LOS ANGELES — Whittaker
Corp., which lost a contract to operate Saudi Arabia's medical system, has reported that its third-quarter profit dropped 10.8 percent to \$9.9 million, or 67 cents a share, on revenue of \$347 million, from \$11.1 million, or 75 cents a share, on revenue of \$413.8 million a year earlier.

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Meanwhile, to speed imports of advanced technology, the China Patent Office announced Friday that it would begin taking applications for the first Chinese patent rights Oct. 1, six months earlier than scheduled. China's new patent law takes effect April 1.

Mr. Govern China had adopted 107 laws and

Mr. Gu said China had adopted 107 laws and regulations on foreign business activity since 1979.

IF YOU GET A KICK OUT OF SOCCER, READ ROB HUGHES WEDNESDAYS IN THE IHT

Dividends

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Aug. 24

Sydney Futures Mart

Changes Index Trading

SYDNEY — The Sydney Fu-tures Exchange will extend the

trading hours of its all ordinaries

share price index contract but sus-

share price index contract but sus-pend trading in two sub-index con-tracts — the all industrials and the metals and minerals — because of lack of interest.

Starting Monday, trading in the all ordinaries share price index con-tract will open 30 minutes earlier, at 9:15 AM, local time, but will

close 20 minutes earlier, at 3:25 P.M., the exchange said Friday.

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Commodity Indexes

Market Guide

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Spending Plans

TOKYO — Japanese companies are revising upward their plans for spending on plant and equipment in the fiscal year that ends in March because of the steady recovery of the economy. Long-Term Credit Bank of Japan said Friday in a report.

The mid-July survey of 1.200 companies that have business links with the bank said the companies planned to raise capital spending 5.9 percent in the fiscal year after decreasing it 2.1 percent in the previous year.

London Metals Aug. 24
Figures in sterling per metric ton.
Silver in pence per troy ounce.

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The bank's last survey, in mid-February, showed plans to cut spending 0.2 percent in this fiscal year, compared with the previous year, the bank said.

Japan Rise in Spending Slows

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1,658.00 1,658.00 TOKYO — Japanese consumer spending in June rose 2.1 percent from a year earlier after a 3.3-percent year-to-year rise in May, the government said Friday.

Page 18 **ACROSS ACROSS ACROSS** Poetic Symphony By Alfio Micci 1 Street sounds 48 Japanese deer 84 French 6 Cooking direction 49 Ring event turndows 51 Go one better 85 Witch-trial 52 All-male 10 Plenty, locale 53 Words by M. poetically 14 Miss Dinsmore Drayton 87 Young whale co___Kippur 89 Complete 19 Neckwear 61 A rival of 20 Chief 90 Words by J. W 21 Away 62 Peep show 22 Nita of silents Graves 23 Words by S. T. 63 Quartered 95 Meadowlands 64 Concerning Coleridge event 65 Soul, in Savoid 27 One of 96 Actress 66 Felix Krull's Wilkon's Ullmann creator seventy-six 97 King topper 67 Takes care of 28 Roi's spouse 70 Sink 29 Master mimic 72 Rig truck 101 Glove material 30 Bachelor's last 163 Infractions words 108 Words by W. S. 76 Words by A. E. 31 Rheine's river Gilbert Housman 32 Han of "Star 80 "Thus with a 111 Casaba Wars' 112 Mrs. Mahler 33 Words by R. Romeo 113 Lather Browning 114 Veranda 81 Word on a 44 Finnish lake, 115 Olympics Roman towel? to a Swede champ: 1936 82 What a snob 45 Waterfall, outs on 116 Side dish Scottish style 46 Disney's 83 Coptic 117 Former mates middle name 118 "Thisclergyman's 47 Archaic (shipping note) DOWN **DOWN DOWN** 40 Forgo a formal wedding I Thai coin 14 Stores fodder 2 Danish weights 15 "The____ the 41 Jots 16 Coin receiver 3 Repeat 42 Snow unit 4 Ode, e.g. 17 False god 43 Crept 5 Fixed 49 Grant kleine 6 "Or that the 50 Roman Nachtmusik'' O New York Tanes, edited by Euge Everlasting emperor ----fix'd/His 24 Went by car 52 Whirled **25** Dud canon. 54 Fake jewelry DOWN DOWN DOWN DOWN 26 Oahu greeting 32 Mushroom Hamlet 55 Worthless writing 56 China grass 1**03** Wait 7 Russian-borr 68 Provide funds 79 Biblical verb 93 Vex support designer 94 North Atlantic 164 Highland **69** Minneapolis 8 German 57 Medicinal 33 Irritable 86 Now, in Nueva suburb group expletive 9 As a 34 Word form for tropical plant York 98 Prefix with 79 Jazz style 195 Four inches, to 58 Eton's river dream 71 Texas shrine 72 Starched 87 Jellyfish's sphere 99 Cry of relief a borseman 59 Kind of boom 35 Hemp fiber stinging organ 88 Inimical 106 Jacob's twin 36 Mine vehicle 10 Selfish one 73 Kind of bean 190 Cosmo great 167 Yugoslav town those... 11 Common or 37 Extract 89 Serving the 74 Caution light purpose 91— 109 Forty winks proper word 12 Wave, at 38 "Romola" 101 Platform's 66 More, in character 110 "Haveplatform 162 West Point 77 Atoll — it (speed Will Travel": Bob Hope 67 Roger Moore 78 Yugoslav Cannes — Call You up) 92 Moslem councils

HAS MODERNISM FAILED? By Suzi Gablik. 133 pp. \$14.95. Thames & Hudson, 500 Fifth Avenue, New York, N.Y. 10110.

13 Gossamer

Reviewed by Christopher Lehmann-Haupt

The core of Suzi Gablik's statement in her new book on contemporary art is a familiar one. We tell it to our children, just as our parents told it to us. Without standards to rebel against, rebellion has no meaning. You cannot be free unless you posit a notion of constraint. Or, to put it in its simplest terms, there can be no darkness unless there is light.

Sweetheart

Of course Gablik doesn't put it quite as simply as that. A collage-maker, lecturer and writer whose previous books include "Progress in Art" and "Magritte," she fleshes out this message in "Has Mod-ernism Failed?" with learned citations to everything from Hegel's "bad infinite" - which, as she puts it, "claims to comprehend everything but is, in reality, a false complexity that merely covers up a lack of meaning" - to Mircea Eliade's idea of the sacramental vicion that can never be uprooted but only

And she embeds her argument in history. On the one hand, she defines some of the coalescent ideas from which modern art emerged, particularly secularism, individualism, bureaucracy and pluralism. More concretely, she illustrates some of the absurd

DENNIS THE MENACE

BOOKS

lengths to which contemporary artists have had to go to define themselves in a society now dominated by the notion of art as a commodity.

But at its heart her message is a familiar one: Long dead and gone are the constraining traditions from which the avant-garde once struggled to remove itself. In a mature capitalistic society that embraces modernism's every gesture, the drives to individualize himself leaves the artist in an esthetic

A similar premise informs an article by Hilton Kramer that fills a special issue, dated Summer 1984, of The New Criterion, a magazine he regularly edits, in which, not coincidentally, portions of Miss Gablik's book first made their appearance. The difference is that Kramer has found in New York City's newly refurbished Museum of Modern Art, which reopened its doors last May, a useful inkblot onto which to project his feelings about the present state of contemporary art in America.

In measured cadences and with many careful qualifications, Kramer pronounces the museum's presentation of the classic European moderns a triumph, but he regrets its treatment of more recent painting and sculpture. The problem seems to be that the Museum of Modern Art brings "no discernible standard" to bear on the contemporary art scene. "Anything goes" seems to be the policy

underlying its mounting of "An International Survey of Recent Painting and Sculpture." whose "taste is fatally circumscribed by the facile irony and mocking facetiousness of Camp." The implicit mes-sage here reflects what Gablik writes in "Has Modernism Failed?" and what Kramer himself has been saying for years. Though the early, classic stages of modern art were more than justified, the contempo-

to say about the future of art? Because the scope of Kramer's article is confined to the Museum of Modern Art, he merely ends with a hint that the museum should now retire from the contemporary scene and confine itself to being a repository for high modernism. But I don't think it's too farfetched to read into this conclusion a feeling on Kramer's part that the contemporary scene, at least so far as its relevance to high modernism is concerned, is simply not worth bothering with.

She calls for the moral rearmament of the artist. She longs for a rejection of scientific rationalism and a revival of the religious impulse that Max Weber, Emile Durkheim and Alexis de Tocqueville all maintained "is functionally necessary to society, and is, moreover, an indispensable mechanism of integration." She sounds absolutely fatuous with her suggestion that one legitimate form of protest against the present managerial establishment may be the painting of graffiti on subway cars.

ocation of n with its rejection of pure formalism and its return to traditional content, as a possible way out of the wasteland that modernism is lost in. For her logic is indisputable that in the absence of all standards one legitimate form of rebellion is the re-embracing of

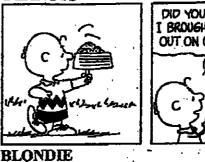
It's too bad that her book doesn't include any illustrations, especially of the work of the German Anselm Kiefer, who, Gablik believes, "is one of the few artists working today who opens up the vision and ideal of apocalyptic renovation and makes the effort to regain the spiritual dignity of art." It would have been useful to look at his work. Vision is, after all, the real subject of her book. Not words.

rary movement has lost its reason for being. What does Gablik, and incidentally Kramer, have

Gablik is more overt. She wants new standards.

Much more reasonable and intriguing is her con-











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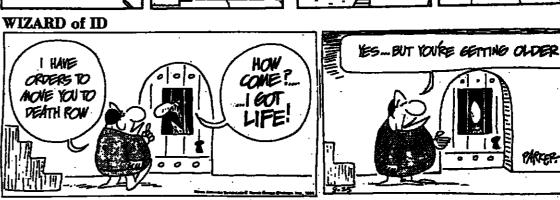








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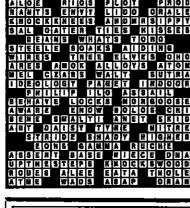




" GEE WHIZ, DAD...HOW CAN I DO MAGIC WHEN YOU'RE LOOKIN'AT ME?

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Solution to Last Week's Puzzle



Toronto

Christopher Lehmann-Haupt is on the staff of The New York Times. Amsterdam

Canadian Stock Markets Aug. 24

151.90 165.80 304 307.90 117.90 347.90 152.90 152.90 167.30 94.90 224 27.50 27 Close 185 121,50 94,20 94,20 180,30 6,60 56 25,50 187,50 23,86 298 12.80 19.28 19.28 19.28 19.28 19.38 19.39 19 High Low Close City 16.80 N.Q. 2.125 4.85 1.90 1670 :273.69 161.93 144.33 179.23 41.33 41.33 45.44 131.45 244.13 143.23 143.23 153.53 Johannesburg 138,70 214 812 253,50 330,16 154,50 355 391,30 74,36 164 162,20 119,30 2275-367 1855-368 185 Servick I storrock I s 16530 Brussels London 1,625 4,258 2,740 2,740 3,400 5,620 6,808 7,416 1,930 4,340 4,340 4,400 \$15845 \$1584 \$15845 \$15 Frankfurt Milan-17,100 158 2,045 2,090 4,551 34,218 5,070 48,680 64,880 1,246 5,780 1,246 1,24 Centrale Cred Ital Plat Firsider Generati IFI 13% 10% 12 250 441 1100 Canadian Indexes Aug. 24 **Noncommunist Nations**

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Overseas Union Trade Halted

SINGAPORE — The Stock Exchange suspended trading Friday in Overseas Union Bank Ltd. and its subsidiary, Overseas Union Trust Ltd., at the companies' request for one day pending release of half-year results:

Increased Steel Output

The Associated Press

BRUSSELS — Steel production in the noncommunist world rose 11.4 percent in July from the level of a year earlier, the International Iron and Steel Institute said Fri-

BCi Index :217.52 Previous ;228.46

day.

U.S. production rose 9.8 percent to 6.8 million metric tons, Japan's was up 7.9 percent to 9.1 million tons and the 10-nation European Community showed an 18.3-percent increase to 9.9 million tons.

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INTERNATIONAL HERALD TRIBUNE, SATURDAY-SUNDAY, AUGUST 25-26, 1984

SPORTS

Last German Women Swimmers Set **World Records at Moscow Games**

MOSCOW - East German mmers set two world records in race and won four of five ints at the Friendship 84 Games

The East German women's 400ter medley relay team bettered s world record by more than two londs and Ina Kleber, the lead immer for the team, lowered the rk for the 100-meter backstroke. The tandem of Kleber, Sylvia erasch, Ines Geissler and Birgit incke was clocked in 4 minutes; 69 seconds, well inside the world ord of 4:05.79 set by an East rman squad in August 1983. The Soviet Union finished sec-

d in 4:08.13. The U.S. squad's Olympic gold-dal performance at Los Angeles s 4:08.34.

Kleber churned through the wa-in 1:00.59 to lower by 23-hunwiths of a second the previous aid mark of 1:00.86, set by comtriot Rica Reinisch at the 1980 scow Olympics.

An individual record in a relay ent can only be set on the first

was Gerasch's second world ord of these games. She set the standard of 1:08.29 in 100-meter breaststroke on

Five world swimming records we fallen here so far, four of them all, 35 gold- and silver-medal

Sylvia Gerasch, 15 ... A second world record.

times of the Los Angeles Olympics which bettered the 2:12.64 clocked have been bettered; four events re-Caulkins at Los Angeles.

oic gold.

The women's 200-meter individ-All three of Friday's top finishers ual medley was won by East Ger-man Ute Geweniger in 2:11.79, in the individual medley were be-low the respective finishing times at the Summer Olympics.

East German Astrid Strauss, like Gerasch a 15-year-old schoolgirl, won the 800-meter freestyle in 8:29.35, which would have been enough for a silver medal behind American Tiffany Cohen at the Olympics. Cohen's time was

Dirk Richter of East Germany was ahead of American Rick Carey's world-record pace at the halfway mark of the men's 100-meter backstroke but finished in 55.62. Carey's world standard is 55.19. He swam a 55.79 to win the Olym-

Carey earlier in the week had lost his 200-meter backstroke world record to Sergei Zabolotnov of the

Alexander Prigoda posted the Soviet Union's only swimming victory Friday. His 1:58.83 in the 200meter butterfly was a national record, but he was well outside the world time of 1:57,04 set in Los Angeles by Australian Jon Sieben. The Soviet Union won five of six

rowing events, which ended Friday. Russians swept the single sculls, quadruple sculls, coxless pairs, oxed fours and coxed eights races, while East Germany took the double sculls. All events were rowed at



Toronto's Dave Collins stole second base, took third as shortstop Julio Franco watched catcher Jerry Willard's throw sail into center field (above) and eventually scored Thursday's first run on a sacrifice. Toronto's 6-1 victory ended Cleveland's eight-game winning streak.

game, an all-time high.

The political side of the game

seemed to be recovering, too, until

the disarray caused by the Supreme

Court decision. If the 1970s were a

decade of abuse in intercollegiate

athletics - with practically open-

door admission to athletes and with

Astros Down Cards, Move Into 2d Place

Compiled by Our Staff From Dispatches HOUSTON - The standings and the calendar indicate that the Houston Astros have virtually no chance of winning the National League West pennant. But right now the Astros are hotter than a NASA rocket engine. They defeated the St. Louis Cardinals, 9-6, here

BASEBALL ROUNDUP

in the league's only game Thursday for their 11th victory in 13 games and have moved into a tie for second place in the division with At-

That's the good news. The bad news is that Houston still trails San Diego by 10 games with only 33

"Although it's a long shot, we can see the light at the end of the tunnel," said winning reliever Dave Smith (2-2). "There's always hope until we're mathematically climinated. Stranger things have hap-

Terry Puhl triggered the victory by banging out three hits, including a home run, and driving in three runs. He singled home two runs in the fourth inning and his basesempty homer triggered a two-run fifth.

Smith pitched two scoreless innings for the victory while Mark Rucker (1-3) took the loss.

The Cardinals built a 4-0 lead against starter Mike LaCoss but couldn't hold it St Louis scored a first-inning run on singles by Willie McGee and Tom Herr, a wild pitch and Terry Pendleton's fielder'schoice grounder; it added three in the second on a two-run single by Herr and George Hendrick's RBI

single.

The Astros began their rally in the fourth. Julio Solano singled to (A perfect score is 1,600; you get 400 for signing your name to the open the inning and moved to third on Bill Doran's double. Puhl omptly singled them home, cut-Miami is not atypical. It is in this ing the margin to 4-2.

context that the television issue be-Puhl led off the fifth with his comes important. Television was eventh home run of the season and the one single weapon by which the NCAA could control its members. Houston tied the score later in the inning when Denny Walling beat Now there is a question whether out an infield hit, stole second and the NCAA can keep a team off scored on Phil Garner's single. television, although the recent The Astros took a 5-4 lead in the

sixth on a pinch single by Jim Pan- and Kansas City. kovits and added a run in the seventh when Craig Reynolds singled in José Crez from second. The Cards tallied in the eighth when Art Howe's sacrifice fly plat-

ed Lonnie Smith, but the Atsros

pushed across three runs in their

Blue Jays 6, Indians 1 In the American League, in Toronto, Doyle Alexander pitched a four-hitter and George Bell drove in two runs as the Blue Jays

Garner and Denny Walling and second baseman Herr's throwing

Houston produced a sesson-high

20 hits - 18 of them singles. Said

Walling, who had four singles: "It

would be nice to see San Diego run

into trouble. They have four dou-

ble-headers coming up on the road, and who knows what can happen if

we continue our streak? We know we're 10 games back, but we can't

think that way. We just have to 20

out and play relaxed baseball and

The victory was the first for Toronto after five consecutive losses to the Indians, a drought that included 13-3 and 16-1 routs. In winning his fourth straight decision and registering his fifth

snapped Cleveland's eight-game

winning streak with a 6-1 triumph.

complete game of the season, Alex-ander (12-5) walked three and struck out seven. Cleveland's only run came on an eighth-inning RBI single by Julio Franco. The Blue Jays took a 1-0 lead in the first without a hit off Don Schulze (2-5). Dave Collins walked with one out, stole second and took

threw the ball into center field (for the first of his three errors on the day). Ernie Whitt drove in Collins with a sacrifice fly.

After scoring single runs in the second and third, Toronto made the score 5-0 on fifth-inning RBI doubles by Bell and pinch-inter Gath Long Rell's sixth-inning sin.

third when catcher Jerry Willard

Garth lorg. Bell's sixth-inning sin-gle drove in another run.

Brewers 5, Twins 2

In Milwaukee, Cecil Cooper and Ted Simmons hit successive runscoring singles in the fourth to help the Brewers end a six-game losing streak with a 5-2 decision over Minnesota. Bob McClure (4-5) pitched a six-hitter, completing his first game in 12 starts and cutting the Twins' lead in the Western Division to five games over California

Milwaukee took a 1-0 lead in the third when Bill Schroeder touched Frank Viola (14-11) for his ninth homer of the season. Gary Gaetti put Minnesota ahead, 2-1, by following Tom Brunansky's two-out fourth-inning single with his fifth half of the inning on RBI singles by home run of the year. (UPI, AP)

ISFL Votes Terger of 2 ranchises

The Associated Press CHICAGO - United States otball League owners on Thursy approved the merger of the dahoma and Oakland franchises, a first of several expected conlidations to strengthen the USFL fore its anticipated battle in 1986 th the established National Foot-Il League. The team will be based Oakland, California. It was the only merger made dur-

the two-day league meetings, USFL Commissioner Chet mmons said it is unlikely the SFL will enter the 1985 spring ason with its current 17 teams. The question of whether to add franchise or consolidate further 16 teams, or even 14," will de-

ammittee of owners studying the plications of a move to the fall igue owners voted Wednesday to bve to a fall schedule in 1986 that erger of the two leagues. But FL Commissioner Pete Rozelle

smissed that idea Thursday.

I just can't see it happening. melle told The New York Times. here's just no sentiment for it. hen we expand, we'd want to the our own cities and our own mers. There are many reasons , my it would not be feasible. One them would be antitrust probns. We had to get a bill through ate majority of Division L It must ingress to merge with the AFL Rozelle said he had talked to everyone I spoke to said they're in vor of going to the fall because it ness is messed up as a result of AT&T's court-imposed divesti-

SCOREBOARD

year contract, copiled Elston Turner, guard,

kes for Howard Carter, guard.

FOOTBALL

Football

AMERICAN CONFERENCE

NAL CONFERENCE

203 54

IFL Exhibition

MATIC

BASEBALL

coech. Named Jim Kool, pitching o

BASKETBALL
Mutional Basketball Ass
LEVELAND—Signed Melvin

Season at Hand, College Football Clouded by Politics averaged 38,383 spectators per

By Mark Asher

Washington Past Service
WASHINGTON — With the season starting next week, you may be wondering about the state of college football. Just listen to Grambling State's Eddie Robinson, second in career coaching victories behind the late Bear Bryant.

"The tail is wagging the dog," Robinson testified at a recent hearing on Capitol Hill. "It is television now, it will be recruiting tomorrow, buying athletes next, until the whole college athletic structure tumbles down."

The National Collegiate Athletic Association had controlled the televising of college football games for 32 years until the Supreme Court ruled this summer that such controls violated federal antitrust laws. Now few of the biggest football powers are happy, and even fewer nd on the recommendations of a are making more money than they did before the ruling.

ason in 1986, Simmons said.

There was speculation after the Court was the culmination of a still unresolved 10-year power struggle. Basically, there are two coalitions change was designed to force a of schools trying to determine the place of intercollegiate athletics

within higher education. One is the College Football Association, whose 63 members financed both sides of the television litigation and have wanted more autonomy and less interference from the more moderate - and smaller - elements of Division I since 1974.

The other coalition is the moder-

go up against the legal and economic leverage of the CFA, which out 10 NFL owners and all of feels it is providing a welfare sys-em welcomed the USFL shift tem for the rest of college football. Everyone I spoke to said they're in You think the telephone busi-

Transition

ture? As John Toner, the NCAA and independent selling some of its president, points out, "At least the best games to the networks, judge gave AT&T three years."

• More litigation. Georgi In college football, it will likely get worse before it gets better, for

ne following reasons:

• Animosity. Charges and countercharges are rampant about who either cable systems or indepensabotaged whom. CFA members dent stations should have been parhave their television packages with ties to the suit, because the NCAA

cheating to recruit these athletes ABC and ESPN; the Big Ten and plan excluded them from televising and keep them eligible - then the 1980s are becoming a decade of College presidents, whose politi-cal clout at many football power-If the 1970s were a decade of abuse in houses ranks a poor third to that of intercollegiate athletics — with practically opendoor admission to athletes and with cheating to

More litigation. Georgia and Oklahoma filed the television suit

after the NCAA indicated it also

would control pay cable-TV rights.

Many sources close to the issue feel

recruit these athletes and keep them eligible then the 1980s are becoming a decade of reform. Pacific-10 conferences, with the college football. Now, the indepenonly powerhouses that are not CFA dents and the cables are crying

s, are signed with CBS. • Timing. The Supreme Court decision, coming in the last week of June, played havoc with the schools' selling their television rights to networks and syndicators and with the carriers' selling the games to sponsors.

Size. Besides being in some of

the biggest television markets, the Big Ten and Pac-10 will probably fare best this season because they were negotiating for only 20 schools. With the NCAA controlling prices before, size didn't make a difference, because the system limited appearances and guaranteed exposure to lesser schools that otherwise would not have received network coverage. Now, in an open marketplace, the CFA's 63 may be too large a group for which to nego-

Thus football may become like of capacity. The Atlantic Coast basketball - with every conference

As Bob Wussler, executive vice president for Turner Broadcasting said on Capitol Hill:

"There is far less freedom in the new marketplace than we had ex-pected. While the [Supreme Court] decision eliminated the competitive bottleneck that the NCAA had administered, it merely created a vacumm into which the College Football Association has stepped."

Yet the game remains extremely healthy.

Almost 25.4 million fans watched Division I games last season, with the Southeastern Conference playing to 98.5 percent of stadium capacity and the Big Ten to 94.1 percent. In all of Division I-A, including teams that didn't win a game, attendance was 79.5 percent Conference, known for basketball,

the coach and athletic director, have started taking an active role. As a result of their actions and those of the most scrupulous coaches, by 1986 boosters will play a much smaller role in recruiting; it will also be harder to attain firstear eligibility and to remain eligi-

At the 1985 NCAA convention, athletes' grades.

Failure to do so would result in a school's being declared ineligible for NCAA championships in those sports. The graduation rates at many schools have been a national disgrace.

For instance, The Miami Herald reported that national champion Miami graduated only 15 percent of its football players in 1982 and

Baseball

VANTAGE POINT/ Andrew Bever

rules that will make mandatory the reporting of graduation rates and reporting of graduation rates and

court decisions in the television

case seem to have strengthened the

Although the action looks much

the way it always has on the field,

behind the scenes it's clearly a whole new football game because

of such court cases.

NCAA's being the governing body of intercollegiate athletics.

WASHINGTON — The general public is only now becoming dimly aware of the Breeders' Cup, as teleing. But already the shape of the sport is being altered by the extravaganza scheduled for California's

Farm bought a half-interest in him

sport is being altered by the extravaganza scheduled for California's Hollywood Park on Nov. 10.

Within the racing community, there are still more skeptics than The Herald also reported it obsorbers for the idea of running tained the Scholastic Aptitude seven championship races — with Tests of 22 of Miami's 27 scholar-ship freshmen in 1983 and that \$3 million — all on the same aftertheir average was 730, compared to noon. But even the skeptics cannot the university average of 1,028. In ignore those sums of money, and 1986, when Proposition 48 takes the Breeders Cup appears likely to effect, 11 of those 22 would not here all the best American horses have been eligible the first year and many stars from abroad.

Thursday's Line Scores

Cleveland 600 800 816—1 4 4
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and Willord; Alexander and Whitt. W—Alexander, 12-5. L—Schulzz, 2-5.
Misnesota 900 200 800—2 6 1
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Viola, Filson (7), Costillo (8) and Loudner;
McCliera and Schemet W. Address 4-5.

McClure and Schroeder. W—McClure, 4-5. L-Viola, 14-11, HRs—Minnesota, Goetti (5). Mi

NATIONAL LEAGUE

NATIONAL LEAGUE
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Houston 002 e01 13c-7 20 e
Cox, Rucker (5), Lothil (7), Von Chilen (5)
and Porter, Nieto (8); LoCoss, Solono (2),
Smith (5), DiPino (7) and Boiley, W.—Smith, 2
L.—Rucker, 1-1. HR—Houston, Publ (7).

worker. Schroeder (?), Brouhord (5).

AMERICAN LEAGUE

Farm bought a half-interest in him ened. for \$20 million. This is the type of European horse usually whisked off to stud with unseemly haste in order to

protect his value. (Last year, a comworth at \$40 million and ducked every challenge before he was finally retired). But as soon as the purchase of Secreto was completed, his owners

announced that his major objective would be the Breeders' Cup grass argue that the cup is achieving it by devaluing great, established races across the country.

After Swale won the Belmont Stakes, trainer Woody Stephens promptly announced the colt would be rested during the summer and undertake a fall campaign leading to the cup.

Travers Stakes at Saratoga Springs, New York, where he would have been the biggest drawing card of the season. But Stephens knew he couldn't get his colt into peak through November.

Nothing could have signaled the olds are certainly thinking the same success of the cup more clearly way. The Travers may never again than the announced plans for the be the great "midsummer Derby" English colt Secreto. After he won as it has been for more than a vision ads begin to promote the this summer's Epsom Derby, the century. Other well-established Super Bowl of thoroughbred rac- son of Northern Dancer estab- summer races, like the famed Sub-

> The biggest casualty of the Breeders' Cup, however, will be the Washington, D.C. International Just last year, Laurel Race Track created new interest in its most famous race by joining with Aqueparable colt, Shareef Dancer, won famous race by joining with Aquethe Irish Derby, established his duct and Woodbine to offer a \$1 million bonus to any horse sweeping the so-called North American Triple. When the French filly All Along accomplished that feat, it was the most significant running of the International in many years.

> It won't happen again. Since the race, with its \$2 million purse. That is precisely the reason that Kentine when the International has uscky breeder John Gaines conceived this whole program — to offer purses so big that they would 20, the same weekend as the Rothgive the owners of top horses an manns International at Woodbine. incentive to keep racing them in- So there's no more North Ameristead of retiring them. That's a can Triple. And since the purse for laudable goal, and yet many critics the Woodbine race is \$500,000, compared with the International's \$250,000, Laurel's great race is going to be turned into a second-rate

> > The devaluation of a race like the

In any other year, his main objective would have been the historic critically at the response to the Breeders' Cup.

If it does attract the world's best horses and becomes the sport's ver-sion of the Super Bowl or the

World Series, the sport will have shape in August and keep him there taken a great stride forward and that progress will justify some Stephens's intentions were, of changes in the traditional racing course, rendered academic after calendar. But if the cup fails to Swale's sudden death, but the own- achieve its lofty ambitions, it will ers and trainers of other top 3-year- have failed at a very high price.

Bruce Lietzke

Travers and the virtual destruction of a race like the International is a high price to pay for one big day of racing at Hollywood Park. That's why people in the racing business will be looking hard and

Lietzke, on 4-Under 66, Leads Golf Series by 2

AKRON, Ohio - Bruce Lietzke, helped by an eagle on the second hole, overcame windy, showery conditions to shoot a 4under-par 66 and take a 2-shot lead after Thursday's first round of the World Series of Golf. Rex Caldwell and Tom Purtzer

carded 2-under 68s on the par-70, 7.173-yard Firestone Country Club course. Denis Watson, Craig Stadler and Mark McCumber shot opening 69s, while Tom Watson was in a group at 70 and defending champion Nick Price had a 71. PGA champion Lee Trevino and Jack Nicklaus shot 72s and British Open winner Seve Ballesteros ballooned to a 74.

Team Rankings losed draft choice. GREEN BAY—Pigged Marvin Negl, wide istont track coach. COLUMBIA—Named Sirrka McMe essistent women's track and cre-coach and Allison Jones assistant NEW ORLEAKS-Asked wolvers on John

bosketbatt cooch. FLORIDA STATE—Named Chip Baker as-Krimm, defensive back. SAN FRANCISCO—Ann olbali team. NORTHEAST LOUISIANA—As

NCAA—Reversed its declaration of ineligi-bility and will allow Garth Jox. Florido State Unabocker, to play in the 1994 season, Admit-ted Barry University to compete its 10 sports at the Division II level. BENTLEV—Named Kathry Sombarn worn-en's bestettool coach. facilitati team for coming late to a feam meet-ing and after infractions. PACIFIC COAST ATHLETIC ASSOCIA-

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> Los Angeles defenders Nolan Cromwell (21) and Carl Erken Californio Kasses Chybroke up a pass intended for San Diego's Eric Sievers in an Chicago broke up a pass intended for San Diego's Eric Sievers in an NFL game Thursday night. The Rams drubbed the Chargers, 47-14. Both teams finished the exhibition season at 2-2.

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Standings W L Pct.

WOMEN'S CANADIAN OPEN TOTAL TOWNS CANADIAN OPEN
Third round
Groce Kim, U.S., def. Kim Shaefer, U.S., 24.
6-3, 6-3; Heisens Sukswin, Czech., def. Anna
Mainter, Australia, 7-5, 6-3; Clausius KohdeKlisch, West Germany, def. Jill Hetherlagton.
Peterborough. Onl., 7-4, (8-4), 4-5, 5-4; Jo
Durfe, Britofa. (5), def. Cattlerine Tomvier,
Franca, 6-3, 7-5; Terry Phelps, U.S., def.
Gretchen Rush, U.S., 6-7 (7-3), 6-4, 6-3. U.S. OPEN PAIRINGS

John McEnroe (1), U.S. vs. Colin Dowdes-John McCaroo 117 U.S. Vs. Colin Dowdes-well, Britain. Ivon Lendi (2). Czechoslovakia vs. Brian Teacher, U.S. Jimmy Conners (3), U.S. vs. Matt Milchell, U.S.

Marts Willander (4), Sweden vs. Glann Michbotto, Conodo.
Andres Gomez LS), Ecuador vs. Shloma
Glickstein, Israel.
Jimeny Arios (8), U.S. vs. Terry Moor, U.S.
Johan Krisk (7), U.S. vs. audiffer. Agran
Krickstein (8), U.S. vs. Bruce Martian, U.S.
Henrik Sundstrom (9), Sweden vs. Wolfek FiBok, Peland. Ellot Teffscher (18). U.S. vs.

den Reserver (18), Hungary.

Bander (9), U.S. vs. Bruce Martian, U.S.
Australia vs. Candy Reynolds, U.S. Carling
Bassett (14), Conodo vs. Elizabeth Sayers,
Australia Barbara Potter (15), U.S. vs. audifer. Rossiyn Foirconk, South Africa vs. Arrbok, Peland. Ellot Teffscher (18). U.S. vs.

dree Temesvari (18), Hungary.

Heinz Gonthardt, Switzerland, Vitas Geruloi-tis (72), U.S. vs. Derek Torr, South Africo. Tomas Smid (13), Czechoślovakia vs. Robert Sesuso, U.S. Anders Jorryd (14), Sweden vs. John Frayday, Australia. Pat Cosh (15), Australia vs. Ilie Nastase, Ramenia, Joakim Nys-WOMER

spils, U.S. Chris Evert Lloyd (2), U.S. vs. Shoron

Hona Mandilkova (3), Czechoslovakia vs. Pal Medrado. Snazil.
Pam Shriver (4), U.S. vs. qualifier.
Kathy Jordon (5), U.S. vs. Christiane Jolissaini, Switzerland.
Manuela Malseva (6), Bulgaria vs. qualifier. Zina Garrison (7), U.S. vs. Schrina Goles, Yusaslavia, Cipudia Kahde-Kilech (8), West Germany vs. Antendo Brown, Britain. Lisa Bander (9), U.S. vs. Pitar Vashutz, Peru. Jo. Durte (10). Ritialn se, Jane Milner, Justine.

Don't Mention Ferraro

how reluctant they are to make political hay out of Geraldine Ferraro's financial disclosures It's impossible to get a Reagan

supporter to discuss them. White House political strategist, for lunch, and the first thing he said

to me was, "I hope you're not going to ask me questions about Geraldine Ferraro's tax returns, because if you do I'll walk out of the res-

taurent - "I promise I

"We consider Buchwald Ferraro Mondale's problem, not

I said, "I'm glad you people are son's." taking the high road." "Of course there are a lot of

questions the American people are entitled to have answers to conextraing the loan her husband made to her in 1978." "I thought you didn't want to talk about it," I said.

"I don't, But isn't it peculiar that after John Zaccaro discovered he had made an illegal contribution to his wife's congressional campaign in 1978, she repaid it with \$100,000 she received from the sale of a building she only had a \$25,000 interest in four months previous-

"It does seem rather weird," I said. "What's your theory on it?"
"I told you I didn't want to discuss it," he said angrily.

"I'm sorry. Let's talk about the Reagan campaign."
"We were right on schedule until the Ferraro business interrupted it.

Drop in New Beaujolais Crop

The Associated Press of new Beaufolais wine will be smaller than in 1983 because of a make your job so much easier. Do colder than normal June and excessive rains, according a regoinal wine expert. Gaston Charle, of the astitut National des Appellations d'Origine, estimated that the har-

vest would be one fourth to one

iird smaller than last year's.

WASHINGTON—What I admire about the Republicans is how reluctant they are to make worth of \$4 million?"

"I'd rather not say," "That's the trouble with the media. You make a big deal over a lousy \$50,000 loan to Ed Meese. met Lance Worthington, a but you refuse to discuss the finances of one of your own. "I will. But you said you didn't

want to talk about it? "I don't. But that doesn't mean where there is smoke, there isn't a smoking gun. I have nothing against Geraldine Ferraro because

she's a woman." "Neither do L." "But when a person runs for vice president the public should know

everything there is to know about her husband." "That doesn't seem to be a problem any more," I said. "I know more about John Zaccaro's finances than I know about my own

"I suppose you think the White House is happy about all this investigative reporting into the Zac-caros financial affairs."

"I had a secret feeling you were." "Well, you're wrong. It only de-tracts from our campaign. Frankly we wish the issue would go away so we could campaign on the Republi-can platform. President Reagan and Vice President Bush are sick and tired of being asked questions about Geraldine Ferraro."

What would they rather be asked questions on? Walter Mondale and his inability to pick a vice president who isn't under a cloud."

"That makes good political sense," I said, "But once the media dogs start sniffing there is no way of stopping them."

That is our main problem. No matter how the Republicans try to downplay Ferraro's problems the media persists in bringing them up. Why don't they talk about Reagan's record for the last four years, instead of whether John Zaccaro rents space to a company that dis-LYON — This year's production tributes pornographic magazines?" "I wish they would. It would you think it will all blow over by

Labor Day?" "What will blow over?" "The Ferraro finance factor." "I told you I didn't want to discuss it when we sat down to lunch.

Why do you keep bringing it up?"

Exploring Jamaica's 'Wickedest City'

Divers Piecing Together Portrait of a Town That Sank in 1692

By Joseph B. Treaster New York Times Service

PORT ROYAL, Jamaica — One by one the divers surfaced in the tranquil, emerald sea as a blazing sun glinted off their equipment. They had been down for three hours, working on their hands and knees in 10 feet (3 meters) of water, sifting through the ruins of what some archaeologists regard as one of the best-preserved 17th-century British colonial sites in the world.

These days, Port Royal is a sleepy fishing village at the mouth of Kingston harbor. In 1692 it was known as "the wickedest city in Christendom," a notorious haven for pirates who preved on ships bearing riches home from the New World.

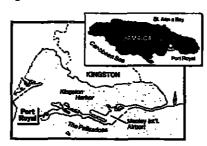
Shortly before noon on June 7 that year, an earthquake struck and two-thirds of Port Royal sank into the Caribbean, to be entombed over the years by layers of coral, silt and sea grasses. The effect, archaeologists say, was much like the eruption that buried ancient Pompeii. A slice of civilization was instantly frozen.

As the divers, all students at Texas A & M University, climbed aboard a pontoon barge the other day, they handed over their discoveries: white clay smoking pipes, wine and whiskey bottles with corks wired in place, fragments of pottery, a piece of bone and what seemed to be a cannon ball.

"We are finding things that are going to help us piece together a picture of the every-day activity and lifestyle of a transplanted British society in the Caribbean," said Donald L. Hamilton, a 42-year-old marine archaeologist who is leading the underwater excavation being sponsored by Texas A & M, its affiliated Institute of Nautical Archeology and Jamaica.

One of the main aspects of the Port Royal excavation, Hamilton said, is that because it is a site of catastrophe like Pompeii, the artifacts that are being recovered are in approximately the locations in which they were being used when the city sank.

In most instances, he said, archaeological digs are at sites that were abandoned or had



Jim Jobling with two jugs recovered from the sunken city.

undergone transformations over the years. Most often, he said, artifacts are not recovered where they were used but in trash heaps, leaving archaeologists to speculate on where and how they were used and by whom. Hamilton said he and the others hoped to construct a profile of 17th-century life here in

much greater detail than was possible, for example, in Williamsburg, Virginia, where many artifacts had disappeared With the findings and records being stud-ied in England, Hamilton said, the team hopes to provide an account of life that will read like "a historic novel with everything set

in a frame of reference." Texas A & M, which has one of the most highly regarded departments on underwater archaeology, was approached by Jamaica in the late 1970s to take on the excavation of Port Royal, Hamilton said. Because of the island's political instability then, the universi-

ty did not undertake the project until 1981. Hamilton began the work, determined to document every finding meticulously. He focused on a two-story brick building 250 feet offshore that had once had plastered walls and a tiled, gabled roof. The first year, his team of students subdivided the building into

grid squares and began diving.

They worked under water in three shifts of three hours each, five days a week, bundled up in canvas flight suits over sweat pants and shirts. Some wore partial wet suits under the canvas overalls.

"It gets really cold down there," said one of the divers, Allen Chatterton, 25, of Providence, Rhode Island. "Without this kind of clothing, by three hours you're uncomfortable and want out"

"At first I thought, boy, three hours is a long time," said Jean Elsasser, 26, of Phoenix, Arizona, "but once you start working you can hardly stop."

Visibility was sometimes only a few inches, and the work often stirred up bits of marine. food that attracted snappers. The divers had been warned about sharks, but the most exciting creatures they saw were a few moray eels and little barracudas.

After 11 weeks on the site this summer Hamilton and 22 students finished collecting materials in the building. They expect to spend several months preparing papers on what they found.

Hamilton said it appeared that the building contained three shops on the ground floor with living quarters above.

Under the collansed brick walls of the building, Hamilton said, "We found crushed tables and chairs, a busted beer keg, door sills still in place, door jambs and all kinds of artifacts scattered across the rooms."

One of the ground-floor rooms, apparently a tavern, contained hundreds of whiskey bottles, pewter tankards, platters and measuring cups. In another room the divers found hun-dreds of clay pipes and wine bottles and they believe that was a tobacco and vintner's shop.

"The back room was some sort of multipurpose wdrkshop," Hamilton said. "We found a lot of tools, exes, chisels, hammers and rat-tailed files and wood that looked like it had been worked on a lathe." Next summer, Hamilton said, he plans to

survey the entire Port Royal harbor, where he believes 13 acres (about 5 hectares) of the old town lies submerged.

EMPLOYMENT

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"There are five, six, seven hundred build-ings out there," he said with a wave of his hand from the shore. "Not over 20 of them have been excavated and only one of them has been excavated in all its archaeological detail. We could be digging here for the next 200 years,"

PEOPLE Irwin Renews Ark Hunt

James Irvin, a former astronaut, his last stage appearance must is climbing Mount Ararat in search of Noah's Ark for the fourth time.

The believe that I will be more than 1 will be will be with 1 will be w I believe that I will be more filled with 1,000 people for the Tilled with 1,000 people for the Til successful this time and will send morial. Flizabeth Taylor did no. you good news from the peak," a appear at the tribute, which and Turkish news agency quoted him as attended by Burton's third wife. Thursday. The agency reported that he was accompanied by his son-in-law, John Christianson, a friend, Dick Bright, and a Turkish guide. Ucman Samour guide, Ucman Sungar.

Vanessa Williams, the former Miss America who resigned her crown because of sexually explicit photos of her with another woman published in Penthouse magazine, has acknowledged posing nude for a second photographer. Pent-house's publisher, Bob Guccione, said the second collection of photographs will appear in the January issue of Penthouse. The pictures were taken by Greg White Williams signed a model's release before posing for the shots, she says. "When I first heard that Penthouse was publishing nude photos of me, I assumed they were by Whirman," she said. "In my naivete, I had signed a release for Whitman." The first set of photos, featuring Williams and Amy Wessell, a model, were taken by Tom Chiapel and published in the September issue of Penthouse. Both sets of photos were taken in the summer of

Kim Phue, now 21, who became an image of the Vietnam war when she was photographed running naked and screaming from a napalm artack when she was 9, was released from a clinic in Ludwigsburg, West stars Sting and Tracy Ullman and Germany, Thursday after surgery Sir John Gielgud will star in the Aug. 2 on the scarred areas of her body. "The pains have stopped," she said. "I'm better than I was two months ago. I can move my arm and head more easily. I think I will character and Sting the man whom be able to continue my medical she asks to father her child. studies now," she said, speaking through a translator. Kim Phuc became known as the "napalm girl" because of the photograph of her taken in her South Vietnamese viilage in 1972.

The film world paid tribute to nins William Sidis and her brother the Richard Burton on Thursday David Wallechinsky is at work on : with Welsh songs and speeches in

Susan Hunt, and his widow. Sally membrances while making "What Afraid of Virginia Woolf, with Burton, Burton, 58, died of a cere bral nemorrhage Aug. 5.

A Czech-born conductor same he will dedicate a performance of Becthoven's Fifth Symphony to the 269 passengers of a Korean airliner shot down by a Soviet jet lighter iast September during a concert of Seoul. Martin Turnovsky, who de-fected to the West in 1968, will conduct the Korea Philharmona Orchestra and the Seoul Philh.umonic during the Ninth Music Fastival of Korea Sept. 1-8.

п Janaike Bjorling, 17, did not win the local beauty contest — but the heart of Bjorn Borg, 28, one of the jury members. Borg's latest re-mance hit the front pages in Sweden Thursday, one day after the group that manages the former lennis star said Borg and his wife Marisma Simionescu plan to file for divorce. Borg met Bjorling during beauty contest in a Stockholm dis co June 12. They have rarely beer. away from each other since. Stockholm tabloid said Thursday

Meryl Streep, the British por film adaptation of David Hare's Broadway hit, "Plenty." The production will begin shooting in Lor.

The writing Wallaces are still it. Irving Wallace's novel. The Macle will hit U.S. bookstan Sept. 6, his wife Sylvia is toil over her third novel, daughter And is polishing her book on child ge sequel to his best seller, "Whateve the theater where the actor made Happened to the Class of '65?"

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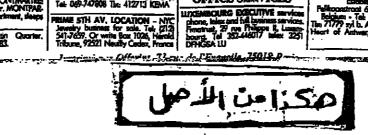
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